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(Original Signature of Member)

107TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

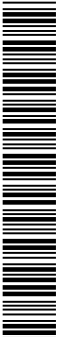
H. R. _____

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. GANSKE (for himself, Mr. DINGELL, Mr. NORWOOD, Mr. BERRY, Mr. LEACH, Mr. BROWN of Ohio, Mrs. ROUKEMA, Mr. JOHN, Mrs. MORELLA, Mr. ANDREWS, Mr. GILMAN, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. LATOURETTE, Mr. STENHOLM, Mr. HORN, Mr. SANDLIN, Mr. BARR of Georgia, Mr. STUPAK, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. TOWNS, Ms. ESHOO, Mrs. CAPPS, Mr. GREEN of Texas, Mr. GORDON, Ms. MCCARTHY of Missouri, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. MOORE, Mr. STRICKLAND, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. SAWYER, Mrs. DAVIS of California, Mr. BARRETT of Wisconsin, Mr. WYNN, Mr. STARK, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. RUSH, Mr. BOUCHER, Mr. HALL of Texas, Mr. BISHOP, Mr. TURNER, Ms. HARMAN, Mr. PASCRELL, Mrs. MCCARTHY of New York, Mr. FRANK, Mr. MATSUI, Mr. COYNE, Mr. McDERMOTT, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. McNULTY, Mr. JEFFERSON, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Mr. KLECZKA, Mrs. THURMAN, Mr. BOSWELL, Mr. CROWLEY, Mr. TIERNEY, Mr. HOEFFEL, Mr. MEEHAN, Mr. DOYLE, Ms. DEGETTE, Mr. MATHESON, Mr. KUCINICH, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. BERMAN, Mr. THOMPSON of California, Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California, and Mr. ROSS of Arkansas) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To amend the Public Health Service Act, the Employee Re-



tirement Income Security Act of 1974, and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to protect consumers in managed care plans and other health coverage.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives*
 2 *of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the “Bipar-
 5 tisan Patient Protection Act”.

6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of this
 7 Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—IMPROVING MANAGED CARE

Subtitle A—Utilization Review; Claims; and Internal and External Appeals

Sec. 101. Utilization review activities.

Sec. 102. Procedures for initial claims for benefits and prior authorization determinations.

Sec. 103. Internal appeals of claims denials.

Sec. 104. Independent external appeals procedures.

Sec. 105. Health care consumer assistance fund.

Subtitle B—Access to Care

Sec. 111. Consumer choice option.

Sec. 112. Choice of health care professional.

Sec. 113. Access to emergency care.

Sec. 114. Timely access to specialists.

Sec. 115. Patient access to obstetrical and gynecological care.

Sec. 116. Access to pediatric care.

Sec. 117. Continuity of care.

Sec. 118. Access to needed prescription drugs.

Sec. 119. Coverage for individuals participating in approved clinical trials.

Sec. 120. Required coverage for minimum hospital stay for mastectomies and lymph node dissections for the treatment of breast cancer and coverage for secondary consultations.

Subtitle C—Access to Information

Sec. 121. Patient access to information.

Subtitle D—Protecting the Doctor-Patient Relationship

Sec. 131. Prohibition of interference with certain medical communications.

Sec. 132. Prohibition of discrimination against providers based on licensure.

Sec. 133. Prohibition against improper incentive arrangements.

Sec. 134. Payment of claims.

Sec. 135. Protection for patient advocacy.

Subtitle E—Definitions

Sec. 151. Definitions.

Sec. 152. Preemption; State flexibility; construction.

Sec. 153. Exclusions.



3

- Sec. 154. Treatment of excepted benefits.
- Sec. 155. Regulations.
- Sec. 156. Incorporation into plan or coverage documents.
- Sec. 157. Preservation of protections.

TITLE II—APPLICATION OF QUALITY CARE STANDARDS TO
GROUP HEALTH PLANS AND HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE
UNDER THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT

- Sec. 201. Application to group health plans and group health insurance coverage.
- Sec. 202. Application to individual health insurance coverage.
- Sec. 203. Cooperation between Federal and State authorities.

TITLE III—APPLICATION OF PATIENT PROTECTION
STANDARDS TO FEDERAL HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAMS

- Sec. 301. Application of patient protection standards to Federal health insurance programs.

TITLE IV—AMENDMENTS TO THE EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT
INCOME SECURITY ACT OF 1974

- Sec. 401. Application of patient protection standards to group health plans and group health insurance coverage under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.
- Sec. 402. Availability of civil remedies.
- Sec. 403. Limitation on certain class action litigation.
- Sec. 404. Limitations on actions.
- Sec. 405. Cooperation between Federal and State authorities.
- Sec. 406. Sense of the Senate concerning the importance of certain unpaid services.

TITLE V—AMENDMENTS TO THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE
OF 1986

Subtitle A—Application of Patient Protection Provisions

- Sec. 501. Application of requirements to group health plans under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- Sec. 502. Conforming enforcement for women's health and cancer rights.

Subtitle B—Health Care Coverage Access Tax Incentives

- Sec. 511. Expanded availability of Archer MSAs.
- Sec. 512. Deduction for 100 percent of health insurance costs of self-employed individuals.
- Sec. 513. Credit for health insurance expenses of small businesses.
- Sec. 514. Certain grants by private foundations to qualified health benefit purchasing coalitions.
- Sec. 515. State grant program for market innovation.

TITLE VI—EFFECTIVE DATES; COORDINATION IN
IMPLEMENTATION

- Sec. 601. Effective dates.
- Sec. 602. Coordination in implementation.
- Sec. 603. Severability.

TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 701. No impact on Social Security Trust Fund.
- Sec. 702. Customs user fees.
- Sec. 703. Fiscal year 2002 medicare payments.
- Sec. 704. Sense of Senate with respect to participation in clinical trials and access to specialty care.



Sec. 705. Sense of the Senate regarding fair review process.

Sec. 706. Annual review.

Sec. 707. Definition of born-alive infant.

1 **TITLE I—IMPROVING MANAGED**
2 **CARE**
3 **Subtitle A—Utilization Review;**
4 **Claims; and Internal and External**
5 **Appeals**

6 **SEC. 101. UTILIZATION REVIEW ACTIVITIES.**

7 (a) COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, and a health
9 insurance issuer that provides health insurance coverage,
10 shall conduct utilization review activities in connection with
11 the provision of benefits under such plan or coverage only
12 in accordance with a utilization review program that meets
13 the requirements of this section and section 102.

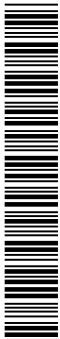
14 (2) USE OF OUTSIDE AGENTS.—Nothing in this sec-
15 tion shall be construed as preventing a group health plan
16 or health insurance issuer from arranging through a con-
17 tract or otherwise for persons or entities to conduct utiliza-
18 tion review activities on behalf of the plan or issuer, so long
19 as such activities are conducted in accordance with a utili-
20 zation review program that meets the requirements of this
21 section.

22 (3) UTILIZATION REVIEW DEFINED.—For purposes of
23 this section, the terms “utilization review” and “utilization
24 review activities” mean procedures used to monitor or
25 evaluate the use or coverage, clinical necessity, appropriate-
26 ness, efficacy, or efficiency of health care services, proce-
27 dures or settings, and includes prospective review, concur-
28 rent review, second opinions, case management, discharge
29 planning, or retrospective review.

30 (b) WRITTEN POLICIES AND CRITERIA.—

31 (1) WRITTEN POLICIES.—A utilization review program
32 shall be conducted consistent with written policies and pro-
33 cedures that govern all aspects of the program.

34 (2) USE OF WRITTEN CRITERIA.—



1 (A) IN GENERAL.—Such a program shall utilize
2 written clinical review criteria developed with input
3 from a range of appropriate actively practicing health
4 care professionals, as determined by the plan, pursuant
5 to the program. Such criteria shall include written clinical
6 review criteria that are based on valid clinical evidence
7 where available and that are directed specifically
8 at meeting the needs of at-risk populations and covered
9 individuals with chronic conditions or severe illnesses,
10 including gender-specific criteria and pediatric-specific
11 criteria where available and appropriate.

12 (B) CONTINUING USE OF STANDARDS IN RETROSPECTIVE
13 REVIEW.—If a health care service has been
14 specifically pre-authorized or approved for a participant,
15 beneficiary, or enrollee under such a program, the
16 program shall not, pursuant to retrospective review, revise
17 or modify the specific standards, criteria, or procedures
18 used for the utilization review for procedures, treatment,
19 and services delivered to the enrollee during
20 the same course of treatment.

21 (C) REVIEW OF SAMPLE OF CLAIMS DENIALS.—
22 Such a program shall provide for a periodic evaluation
23 of the clinical appropriateness of at least a sample of
24 denials of claims for benefits.

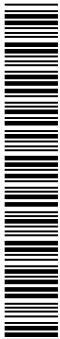
25 (c) CONDUCT OF PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.—

26 (1) ADMINISTRATION BY HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS.—
27 A utilization review program shall be administered
28 by qualified health care professionals who shall oversee
29 review decisions.

30 (2) USE OF QUALIFIED, INDEPENDENT PERSONNEL.—

31 (A) IN GENERAL.—A utilization review program
32 shall provide for the conduct of utilization review activities
33 only through personnel who are qualified and have
34 received appropriate training in the conduct of such activities
35 under the program.

36 (B) PROHIBITION OF CONTINGENT COMPENSATION
37 ARRANGEMENTS.—Such a program shall not, with re-



1 spect to utilization review activities, permit or provide
2 compensation or anything of value to its employees,
3 agents, or contractors in a manner that encourages de-
4 nials of claims for benefits.

5 (C) PROHIBITION OF CONFLICTS.—Such a pro-
6 gram shall not permit a health care professional who
7 is providing health care services to an individual to per-
8 form utilization review activities in connection with the
9 health care services being provided to the individual.

10 (3) ACCESSIBILITY OF REVIEW.—Such a program
11 shall provide that appropriate personnel performing utiliza-
12 tion review activities under the program, including the utili-
13 zation review administrator, are reasonably accessible by
14 toll-free telephone during normal business hours to discuss
15 patient care and allow response to telephone requests, and
16 that appropriate provision is made to receive and respond
17 promptly to calls received during other hours.

18 (4) LIMITS ON FREQUENCY.—Such a program shall
19 not provide for the performance of utilization review activi-
20 ties with respect to a class of services furnished to an indi-
21 vidual more frequently than is reasonably required to as-
22 sess whether the services under review are medically nec-
23 essary and appropriate.

24 **SEC. 102. PROCEDURES FOR INITIAL CLAIMS FOR BENE-**
25 **FITS AND PRIOR AUTHORIZATION DETER-**
26 **MINATIONS.**

27 (a) PROCEDURES OF INITIAL CLAIMS FOR BENEFITS.—

28 (1) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, and a health
29 insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall—

30 (A) make a determination on an initial claim for
31 benefits by a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or
32 authorized representative) regarding payment or cov-
33 erage for items or services under the terms and condi-
34 tions of the plan or coverage involved, including any
35 cost-sharing amount that the participant, beneficiary,
36 or enrollee is required to pay with respect to such claim
37 for benefits; and



(B) notify a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) and the treating health care professional involved regarding a determination on an initial claim for benefits made under the terms and conditions of the plan or coverage, including any cost-sharing amounts that the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee may be required to make with respect to such claim for benefits, and of the right of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to an internal appeal under section 103.

(2) ACCESS TO INFORMATION.—

(A) TIMELY PROVISION OF NECESSARY INFORMATION.—With respect to an initial claim for benefits, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) and the treating health care professional (if any) shall provide the plan or issuer with access to information requested by the plan or issuer that is necessary to make a determination relating to the claim. Such access shall be provided not later than 5 days after the date on which the request for information is received, or, in a case described in subparagraph (B) or (C) of subsection (b)(1), by such earlier time as may be necessary to comply with the applicable timeline under such subparagraph.

(B) LIMITED EFFECT OF FAILURE ON PLAN OR ISSUER'S OBLIGATIONS.—Failure of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to comply with the requirements of subparagraph (A) shall not remove the obligation of the plan or issuer to make a decision in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, based on the available information, and failure to comply with the time limit established by this paragraph shall not remove the obligation of the plan or issuer to comply with the requirements of this section.

(3) ORAL REQUESTS.—In the case of a claim for benefits involving an expedited or concurrent determination, a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized rep-



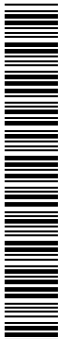
1 representative) may make an initial claim for benefits orally,
2 but a group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering
3 health insurance coverage, may require that the partici-
4 pant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative)
5 provide written confirmation of such request in a timely
6 manner on a form provided by the plan or issuer. In the
7 case of such an oral request for benefits, the making of the
8 request (and the timing of such request) shall be treated
9 as the making at that time of a claim for such benefits
10 without regard to whether and when a written confirmation
11 of such request is made.

12 (b) TIMELINE FOR MAKING DETERMINATIONS.—

13 (1) PRIOR AUTHORIZATION DETERMINATION.—

14 (A) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, and a
15 health insurance issuer offering health insurance cov-
16 erage, shall make a prior authorization determination
17 on a claim for benefits (whether oral or written) in ac-
18 cordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as
19 soon as possible, but in no case later than 14 days
20 from the date on which the plan or issuer receives in-
21 formation that is reasonably necessary to enable the
22 plan or issuer to make a determination on the request
23 for prior authorization and in no case later than 28
24 days after the date of the claim for benefits is received.

25 (B) EXPEDITED DETERMINATION.—Notwith-
26 standing subparagraph (A), a group health plan, and
27 a health insurance issuer offering health insurance cov-
28 erage, shall expedite a prior authorization determina-
29 tion on a claim for benefits described in such subpara-
30 graph when a request for such an expedited determina-
31 tion is made by a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee
32 (or authorized representative) at any time during the
33 process for making a determination and a health care
34 professional certifies, with the request, that a deter-
35 mination under the procedures described in subpara-
36 graph (A) would seriously jeopardize the life or health
37 of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee or the ability



1 of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to maintain
2 or regain maximum function. Such determination shall
3 be made in accordance with the medical exigencies of
4 the case and as soon as possible, but in no case later
5 than 72 hours after the time the request is received by
6 the plan or issuer under this subparagraph.

7 (C) ONGOING CARE.—

8 (i) CONCURRENT REVIEW.—

9 (I) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause (ii), in
10 the case of a concurrent review of ongoing care
11 (including hospitalization), which results in a
12 termination or reduction of such care, the plan
13 or issuer must provide by telephone and in
14 printed form notice of the concurrent review
15 determination to the individual or the individ-
16 ual's designee and the individual's health care
17 provider in accordance with the medical exigen-
18 cies of the case and as soon as possible, with
19 sufficient time prior to the termination or re-
20 duction to allow for an appeal under section
21 103(b)(3) to be completed before the termi-
22 nation or reduction takes effect.

23 (II) CONTENTS OF NOTICE.—Such notice
24 shall include, with respect to ongoing health
25 care items and services, the number of ongoing
26 services approved, the new total of approved
27 services, the date of onset of services, and the
28 next review date, if any, as well as a statement
29 of the individual's rights to further appeal.

30 (ii) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Clause (i)
31 shall not be construed as requiring plans or issuers
32 to provide coverage of care that would exceed the
33 coverage limitations for such care.

34 (2) RETROSPECTIVE DETERMINATION.—A group
35 health plan, and a health insurance issuer offering health
36 insurance coverage, shall make a retrospective determina-
37 tion on a claim for benefits in accordance with the medical



1 exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but not later
2 than 30 days after the date on which the plan or issuer re-
3 ceives information that is reasonably necessary to enable
4 the plan or issuer to make a determination on the claim,
5 or, if earlier, 60 days after the date of receipt of the claim
6 for benefits.

7 (c) NOTICE OF A DENIAL OF A CLAIM FOR BENEFITS.—
8 Written notice of a denial made under an initial claim for bene-
9 fits shall be issued to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee
10 (or authorized representative) and the treating health care pro-
11 fessional in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case
12 and as soon as possible, but in no case later than 2 days after
13 the date of the determination (or, in the case described in sub-
14 paragraph (B) or (C) of subsection (b)(1), within the 72-hour
15 or applicable period referred to in such subparagraph).

16 (d) REQUIREMENTS OF NOTICE OF DETERMINATIONS.—
17 The written notice of a denial of a claim for benefits determina-
18 tion under subsection (c) shall be provided in printed form and
19 written in a manner calculated to be understood by the partici-
20 pant, beneficiary, or enrollee and shall include—

21 (1) the specific reasons for the determination (includ-
22 ing a summary of the clinical or scientific evidence used in
23 making the determination);

24 (2) the procedures for obtaining additional information
25 concerning the determination; and

26 (3) notification of the right to appeal the determina-
27 tion and instructions on how to initiate an appeal in ac-
28 cordance with section 103.

29 (e) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this part:

30 (1) AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE.—The term “au-
31 thorized representative” means, with respect to an indi-
32 vidual who is a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, any
33 health care professional or other person acting on behalf of
34 the individual with the individual’s consent or without such
35 consent if the individual is medically unable to provide such
36 consent.



(2) CLAIM FOR BENEFITS.—The term “claim for benefits” means any request for coverage (including authorization of coverage), for eligibility, or for payment in whole or in part, for an item or service under a group health plan or health insurance coverage.

(3) DENIAL OF CLAIM FOR BENEFITS.—The term “denial” means, with respect to a claim for benefits, a denial (in whole or in part) of, or a failure to act on a timely basis upon, the claim for benefits and includes a failure to provide benefits (including items and services) required to be provided under this title.

(4) TREATING HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL.—The term “treating health care professional” means, with respect to services to be provided to a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, a health care professional who is primarily responsible for delivering those services to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee.

SEC. 103. INTERNAL APPEALS OF CLAIMS DENIALS.

(a) RIGHT TO INTERNAL APPEAL.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) may appeal any denial of a claim for benefits under section 102 under the procedures described in this section.

(2) TIME FOR APPEAL.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall ensure that a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) has a period of not less than 180 days beginning on the date of a denial of a claim for benefits under section 102 in which to appeal such denial under this section.

(B) DATE OF DENIAL.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the date of the denial shall be deemed to be the date as of which the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee knew of the denial of the claim for benefits.

(3) FAILURE TO ACT.—The failure of a plan or issuer to issue a determination on a claim for benefits under sec-



tion 102 within the applicable timeline established for such a determination under such section is a denial of a claim for benefits for purposes this subtitle as of the date of the applicable deadline.

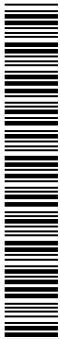
(4) PLAN WAIVER OF INTERNAL REVIEW.—A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, may waive the internal review process under this section. In such case the plan or issuer shall provide notice to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) involved, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) involved shall be relieved of any obligation to complete the internal review involved, and may, at the option of such participant, beneficiary, enrollee, or representative proceed directly to seek further appeal through external review under section 104 or otherwise.

(b) TIMELINES FOR MAKING DETERMINATIONS.—

(1) ORAL REQUESTS.—In the case of an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits under this section that involves an expedited or concurrent determination, a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) may request such appeal orally. A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, may require that the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) provide written confirmation of such request in a timely manner on a form provided by the plan or issuer. In the case of such an oral request for an appeal of a denial, the making of the request (and the timing of such request) shall be treated as the making at that time of a request for an appeal without regard to whether and when a written confirmation of such request is made.

(2) ACCESS TO INFORMATION.—

(A) TIMELY PROVISION OF NECESSARY INFORMATION.—With respect to an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) and the treating health care



1 professional (if any) shall provide the plan or issuer
2 with access to information requested by the plan or
3 issuer that is necessary to make a determination relat-
4 ing to the appeal. Such access shall be provided not
5 later than 5 days after the date on which the request
6 for information is received, or, in a case described in
7 subparagraph (B) or (C) of paragraph (3), by such ear-
8 lier time as may be necessary to comply with the appli-
9 cable timeline under such subparagraph.

10 (B) LIMITED EFFECT OF FAILURE ON PLAN OR
11 ISSUER'S OBLIGATIONS.—Failure of the participant,
12 beneficiary, or enrollee to comply with the requirements
13 of subparagraph (A) shall not remove the obligation of
14 the plan or issuer to make a decision in accordance
15 with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as
16 possible, based on the available information, and failure
17 to comply with the time limit established by this para-
18 graph shall not remove the obligation of the plan or
19 issuer to comply with the requirements of this section.

20 (3) PRIOR AUTHORIZATION DETERMINATIONS.—

21 (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in this
22 paragraph or paragraph (4), a group health plan, and
23 a health insurance issuer offering health insurance cov-
24 erage, shall make a determination on an appeal of a de-
25 nial of a claim for benefits under this subsection in ac-
26 cordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as
27 soon as possible, but in no case later than 14 days
28 from the date on which the plan or issuer receives in-
29 formation that is reasonably necessary to enable the
30 plan or issuer to make a determination on the appeal
31 and in no case later than 28 days after the date the
32 request for the appeal is received.

33 (B) EXPEDITED DETERMINATION.—Notwith-
34 standing subparagraph (A), a group health plan, and
35 a health insurance issuer offering health insurance cov-
36 erage, shall expedite a prior authorization determina-
37 tion on an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits de-



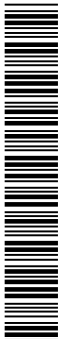
scribed in subparagraph (A), when a request for such an expedited determination is made by a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) at any time during the process for making a determination and a health care professional certifies, with the request, that a determination under the procedures described in subparagraph (A) would seriously jeopardize the life or health of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee or the ability of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to maintain or regain maximum function. Such determination shall be made in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but in no case later than 72 hours after the time the request for such appeal is received by the plan or issuer under this subparagraph.

(C) ONGOING CARE DETERMINATIONS.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause (ii), in the case of a concurrent review determination described in section 102(b)(1)(C)(i)(I), which results in a termination or reduction of such care, the plan or issuer must provide notice of the determination on the appeal under this section by telephone and in printed form to the individual or the individual's designee and the individual's health care provider in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, with sufficient time prior to the termination or reduction to allow for an external appeal under section 104 to be completed before the termination or reduction takes effect.

(ii) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Clause (i) shall not be construed as requiring plans or issuers to provide coverage of care that would exceed the coverage limitations for such care.

(4) RETROSPECTIVE DETERMINATION.—A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall make a retrospective determina-



tion on an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits in no case later than 30 days after the date on which the plan or issuer receives necessary information that is reasonably necessary to enable the plan or issuer to make a determination on the appeal and in no case later than 60 days after the date the request for the appeal is received.

(c) CONDUCT OF REVIEW.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A review of a denial of a claim for benefits under this section shall be conducted by an individual with appropriate expertise who was not involved in the initial determination.

(2) PEER REVIEW OF MEDICAL DECISIONS BY HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS.—A review of an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits that is based on a lack of medical necessity and appropriateness, or based on an experimental or investigational treatment, or requires an evaluation of medical facts—

(A) shall be made by a physician (allopathic or osteopathic); or

(B) in a claim for benefits provided by a non-physician health professional, shall be made by reviewer (or reviewers) including at least one practicing non-physician health professional of the same or similar specialty;

with appropriate expertise (including, in the case of a child, appropriate pediatric expertise) and acting within the appropriate scope of practice within the State in which the service is provided or rendered, who was not involved in the initial determination.

(d) NOTICE OF DETERMINATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Written notice of a determination made under an internal appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits shall be issued to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) and the treating health care professional in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but in no case later than 2 days after the date of completion of the review



(or, in the case described in subparagraph (B) or (C) of subsection (b)(3), within the 72-hour or applicable period referred to in such subparagraph).

(2) FINAL DETERMINATION.—The decision by a plan or issuer under this section shall be treated as the final determination of the plan or issuer on a denial of a claim for benefits. The failure of a plan or issuer to issue a determination on an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits under this section within the applicable timeline established for such a determination shall be treated as a final determination on an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits for purposes of proceeding to external review under section 104.

(3) REQUIREMENTS OF NOTICE.—With respect to a determination made under this section, the notice described in paragraph (1) shall be provided in printed form and written in a manner calculated to be understood by the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee and shall include—

(A) the specific reasons for the determination (including a summary of the clinical or scientific evidence used in making the determination);

(B) the procedures for obtaining additional information concerning the determination; and

(C) notification of the right to an independent external review under section 104 and instructions on how to initiate such a review.

SEC. 104. INDEPENDENT EXTERNAL APPEALS PROCEDURES.

(a) RIGHT TO EXTERNAL APPEAL.—A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall provide in accordance with this section participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees (or authorized representatives) with access to an independent external review for any denial of a claim for benefits.

(b) INITIATION OF THE INDEPENDENT EXTERNAL REVIEW PROCESS.—



(1) TIME TO FILE.—A request for an independent external review under this section shall be filed with the plan or issuer not later than 180 days after the date on which the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee receives notice of the denial under section 103(d) or notice of waiver of internal review under section 103(a)(4) or the date on which the plan or issuer has failed to make a timely decision under section 103(d)(2) and notifies the participant or beneficiary that it has failed to make a timely decision and that the beneficiary must file an appeal with an external review entity within 180 days if the participant or beneficiary desires to file such an appeal.

(2) FILING OF REQUEST.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the succeeding provisions of this subsection, a group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, may—

(i) except as provided in subparagraph (B)(i), require that a request for review be in writing;

(ii) limit the filing of such a request to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee involved (or an authorized representative);

(iii) except if waived by the plan or issuer under section 103(a)(4), condition access to an independent external review under this section upon a final determination of a denial of a claim for benefits under the internal review procedure under section 103;

(iv) except as provided in subparagraph (B)(ii), require payment of a filing fee to the plan or issuer of a sum that does not exceed \$25; and

(v) require that a request for review include the consent of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) for the release of necessary medical information or records of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to the qualified



external review entity only for purposes of conducting external review activities.

(B) REQUIREMENTS AND EXCEPTION RELATING TO GENERAL RULE.—

(i) ORAL REQUESTS PERMITTED IN EXPEDITED OR CONCURRENT CASES.—In the case of an expedited or concurrent external review as provided for under subsection (e), the request for such review may be made orally. A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, may require that the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) provide written confirmation of such request in a timely manner on a form provided by the plan or issuer. Such written confirmation shall be treated as a consent for purposes of subparagraph (A)(v). In the case of such an oral request for such a review, the making of the request (and the timing of such request) shall be treated as the making at that time of a request for such a review without regard to whether and when a written confirmation of such request is made.

(ii) EXCEPTION TO FILING FEE REQUIREMENT.—

(I) INDIGENCY.—Payment of a filing fee shall not be required under subparagraph (A)(iv) where there is a certification (in a form and manner specified in guidelines established by the appropriate Secretary) that the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee is indigent (as defined in such guidelines).

(II) FEE NOT REQUIRED.—Payment of a filing fee shall not be required under subparagraph (A)(iv) if the plan or issuer waives the internal appeals process under section 103(a)(4).



(III) REFUNDING OF FEE.—The filing fee paid under subparagraph (A)(iv) shall be refunded if the determination under the independent external review is to reverse or modify the denial which is the subject of the review.

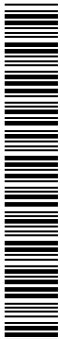
(IV) COLLECTION OF FILING FEE.—The failure to pay such a filing fee shall not prevent the consideration of a request for review but, subject to the preceding provisions of this clause, shall constitute a legal liability to pay.

(c) REFERRAL TO QUALIFIED EXTERNAL REVIEW ENTITY UPON REQUEST.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Upon the filing of a request for independent external review with the group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, the plan or issuer shall immediately refer such request, and forward the plan or issuer's initial decision (including the information described in section 103(d)(3)(A)), to a qualified external review entity selected in accordance with this section.

(2) ACCESS TO PLAN OR ISSUER AND HEALTH PROFESSIONAL INFORMATION.—With respect to an independent external review conducted under this section, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative), the plan or issuer, and the treating health care professional (if any) shall provide the external review entity with information that is necessary to conduct a review under this section, as determined and requested by the entity. Such information shall be provided not later than 5 days after the date on which the request for information is received, or, in a case described in clause (ii) or (iii) of subsection (e)(1)(A), by such earlier time as may be necessary to comply with the applicable timeline under such clause.

(3) SCREENING OF REQUESTS BY QUALIFIED EXTERNAL REVIEW ENTITIES.—



(A) IN GENERAL.—With respect to a request referred to a qualified external review entity under paragraph (1) relating to a denial of a claim for benefits, the entity shall refer such request for the conduct of an independent medical review unless the entity determines that—

(i) any of the conditions described in clauses (ii) or (iii) of subsection (b)(2)(A) have not been met;

(ii) the denial of the claim for benefits does not involve a medically reviewable decision under subsection (d)(2);

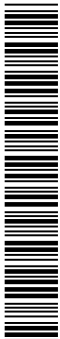
(iii) the denial of the claim for benefits relates to a decision regarding whether an individual is a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee who is enrolled under the terms and conditions of the plan or coverage (including the applicability of any waiting period under the plan or coverage); or

(iv) the denial of the claim for benefits is a decision as to the application of cost-sharing requirements or the application of a specific exclusion or express limitation on the amount, duration, or scope of coverage of items or services under the terms and conditions of the plan or coverage unless the decision is a denial described in subsection (d)(2).

Upon making a determination that any of clauses (i) through (iv) applies with respect to the request, the entity shall determine that the denial of a claim for benefits involved is not eligible for independent medical review under subsection (d), and shall provide notice in accordance with subparagraph (C).

(B) PROCESS FOR MAKING DETERMINATIONS.—

(i) NO DEFERENCE TO PRIOR DETERMINATIONS.—In making determinations under subparagraph (A), there shall be no deference given to determinations made by the plan or issuer or the rec-



ommendation of a treating health care professional (if any).

(ii) USE OF APPROPRIATE PERSONNEL.—A qualified external review entity shall use appropriately qualified personnel to make determinations under this section.

(C) NOTICES AND GENERAL TIMELINES FOR DETERMINATION.—

(i) NOTICE IN CASE OF DENIAL OF REFERRAL.—If the entity under this paragraph does not make a referral to an independent medical reviewer, the entity shall provide notice to the plan or issuer, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) filing the request, and the treating health care professional (if any) that the denial is not subject to independent medical review. Such notice—

(I) shall be written (and, in addition, may be provided orally) in a manner calculated to be understood by a participant or enrollee;

(II) shall include the reasons for the determination;

(III) include any relevant terms and conditions of the plan or coverage; and

(IV) include a description of any further recourse available to the individual.

(ii) GENERAL TIMELINE FOR DETERMINATIONS.—Upon receipt of information under paragraph (2), the qualified external review entity, and if required the independent medical reviewer, shall make a determination within the overall timeline that is applicable to the case under review as described in subsection (e), except that if the entity determines that a referral to an independent medical reviewer is not required, the entity shall provide notice of such determination to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized rep-



1 representative) within such timeline and within 2 days
2 of the date of such determination.

3 (d) INDEPENDENT MEDICAL REVIEW.—

4 (1) IN GENERAL.—If a qualified external review entity
5 determines under subsection (c) that a denial of a claim for
6 benefits is eligible for independent medical review, the enti-
7 ty shall refer the denial involved to an independent medical
8 reviewer for the conduct of an independent medical review
9 under this subsection.

10 (2) MEDICALLY REVIEWABLE DECISIONS.—A denial of
11 a claim for benefits is eligible for independent medical re-
12 view if the benefit for the item or service for which the
13 claim is made would be a covered benefit under the terms
14 and conditions of the plan or coverage but for one (or
15 more) of the following determinations:

16 (A) DENIALS BASED ON MEDICAL NECESSITY AND
17 APPROPRIATENESS.—A determination that the item or
18 service is not covered because it is not medically nec-
19 essary and appropriate or based on the application of
20 substantially equivalent terms.

21 (B) DENIALS BASED ON EXPERIMENTAL OR IN-
22 VESTIGATIONAL TREATMENT.—A determination that
23 the item or service is not covered because it is experi-
24 mental or investigational or based on the application of
25 substantially equivalent terms.

26 (C) DENIALS OTHERWISE BASED ON AN EVALUA-
27 TION OF MEDICAL FACTS.—A determination that the
28 item or service or condition is not covered based on
29 grounds that require an evaluation of the medical facts
30 by a health care professional in the specific case in-
31 volved to determine the coverage and extent of coverage
32 of the item or service or condition.

33 (3) INDEPENDENT MEDICAL REVIEW DETERMINA-
34 TION.—

35 (A) IN GENERAL.—An independent medical re-
36 viewer under this section shall make a new independent
37 determination with respect to whether or not the denial



1 of a claim for a benefit that is the subject of the review
2 should be upheld, reversed, or modified.

3 (B) STANDARD FOR DETERMINATION.—The inde-
4 pendent medical reviewer's determination relating to
5 the medical necessity and appropriateness, or the ex-
6 perimental or investigational nature, or the evaluation
7 of the medical facts, of the item, service, or condition
8 involved shall be based on the medical condition of the
9 participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (including the med-
10 ical records of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee)
11 and valid, relevant scientific evidence and clinical evi-
12 dence, including peer-reviewed medical literature or
13 findings and including expert opinion.

14 (C) NO COVERAGE FOR EXCLUDED BENEFITS.—
15 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to permit
16 an independent medical reviewer to require that a
17 group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering
18 health insurance coverage, provide coverage for items
19 or services for which benefits are specifically excluded
20 or expressly limited under the plan or coverage in the
21 plain language of the plan document (and which are
22 disclosed under section 121(b)(1)(C)). Notwithstanding
23 any other provision of this Act, any exclusion of an
24 exact medical procedure, any exact time limit on the
25 duration or frequency of coverage, and any exact dollar
26 limit on the amount of coverage that is specifically enu-
27 merated and defined (in the plain language of the plan
28 or coverage documents) under the plan or coverage of-
29 fered by a group health plan or health insurance issuer
30 offering health insurance coverage and that is disclosed
31 under section 121(b)(1) shall be considered to govern
32 the scope of the benefits that may be required: *Pro-*
33 *vided*, That the terms and conditions of the plan or
34 coverage relating to such an exclusion or limit are in
35 compliance with the requirements of law.

36 (D) EVIDENCE AND INFORMATION TO BE USED IN
37 MEDICAL REVIEWS.—In making a determination under



1 this subsection, the independent medical reviewer shall
2 also consider appropriate and available evidence and in-
3 formation, including the following:

4 (i) The determination made by the plan or
5 issuer with respect to the claim upon internal re-
6 view and the evidence, guidelines, or rationale used
7 by the plan or issuer in reaching such determina-
8 tion.

9 (ii) The recommendation of the treating health
10 care professional and the evidence, guidelines, and
11 rationale used by the treating health care profes-
12 sional in reaching such recommendation.

13 (iii) Additional relevant evidence or informa-
14 tion obtained by the reviewer or submitted by the
15 plan, issuer, participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or
16 an authorized representative), or treating health
17 care professional.

18 (iv) The plan or coverage document.

19 (E) INDEPENDENT DETERMINATION.—In making
20 determinations under this section, a qualified external
21 review entity and an independent medical reviewer
22 shall—

23 (i) consider the claim under review without
24 deference to the determinations made by the plan
25 or issuer or the recommendation of the treating
26 health care professional (if any); and

27 (ii) consider, but not be bound by, the defini-
28 tion used by the plan or issuer of “medically nec-
29 essary and appropriate”, or “experimental or inves-
30 tigational”, or other substantially equivalent terms
31 that are used by the plan or issuer to describe med-
32 ical necessity and appropriateness or experimental
33 or investigational nature of the treatment.

34 (F) DETERMINATION OF INDEPENDENT MEDICAL
35 REVIEWER.—An independent medical reviewer shall, in
36 accordance with the deadlines described in subsection
37 (e), prepare a written determination to uphold, reverse,



1 or modify the denial under review. Such written deter-
2 mination shall include—

3 (i) the determination of the reviewer;

4 (ii) the specific reasons of the reviewer for
5 such determination, including a summary of the
6 clinical or scientific evidence used in making the
7 determination; and

8 (iii) with respect to a determination to reverse
9 or modify the denial under review, a timeframe
10 within which the plan or issuer must comply with
11 such determination.

12 (G) NONBINDING NATURE OF ADDITIONAL REC-
13 OMMENDATIONS.—In addition to the determination
14 under subparagraph (F), the reviewer may provide the
15 plan or issuer and the treating health care professional
16 with additional recommendations in connection with
17 such a determination, but any such recommendations
18 shall not affect (or be treated as part of) the deter-
19 mination and shall not be binding on the plan or issuer.

20 (e) TIMELINES AND NOTIFICATIONS.—

21 (1) TIMELINES FOR INDEPENDENT MEDICAL RE-
22 VIEW.—

23 (A) PRIOR AUTHORIZATION DETERMINATION.—

24 (i) IN GENERAL.—The independent medical
25 reviewer (or reviewers) shall make a determination
26 on a denial of a claim for benefits that is referred
27 to the reviewer under subsection (c)(3) in accord-
28 ance with the medical exigencies of the case and as
29 soon as possible, but in no case later than 14 days
30 after the date of receipt of information under sub-
31 section (c)(2) if the review involves a prior author-
32 ization of items or services and in no case later
33 than 21 days after the date the request for external
34 review is received.

35 (ii) EXPEDITED DETERMINATION.—Notwith-
36 standing clause (i) and subject to clause (iii), the
37 independent medical reviewer (or reviewers) shall



1 make an expedited determination on a denial of a
2 claim for benefits described in clause (i), when a
3 request for such an expedited determination is
4 made by a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or
5 authorized representative) at any time during the
6 process for making a determination, and a health
7 care professional certifies, with the request, that a
8 determination under the timeline described in
9 clause (i) would seriously jeopardize the life or
10 health of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee or
11 the ability of the participant, beneficiary, or en-
12 rollee to maintain or regain maximum function.
13 Such determination shall be made in accordance
14 with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon
15 as possible, but in no case later than 72 hours after
16 the time the request for external review is received
17 by the qualified external review entity.

18 (iii) ONGOING CARE DETERMINATION.—Not-
19 withstanding clause (i), in the case of a review de-
20 scribed in such clause that involves a termination
21 or reduction of care, the notice of the determina-
22 tion shall be completed not later than 24 hours
23 after the time the request for external review is re-
24 ceived by the qualified external review entity and
25 before the end of the approved period of care.

26 (B) RETROSPECTIVE DETERMINATION.—The inde-
27 pendent medical reviewer (or reviewers) shall complete
28 a review in the case of a retrospective determination on
29 an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits that is re-
30 ferred to the reviewer under subsection (c)(3) in no
31 case later than 30 days after the date of receipt of in-
32 formation under subsection (c)(2) and in no case later
33 than 60 days after the date the request for external re-
34 view is received by the qualified external review entity.

35 (2) NOTIFICATION OF DETERMINATION.—The external
36 review entity shall ensure that the plan or issuer, the par-
37 ticipant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representa-



1 tive) and the treating health care professional (if any) re-
2 ceives a copy of the written determination of the inde-
3 pendent medical reviewer prepared under subsection
4 (d)(3)(F). Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as
5 preventing an entity or reviewer from providing an initial
6 oral notice of the reviewer's determination.

7 (3) FORM OF NOTICES.—Determinations and notices
8 under this subsection shall be written in a manner cal-
9 culated to be understood by a participant.

10 (f) COMPLIANCE.—

11 (1) APPLICATION OF DETERMINATIONS.—

12 (A) EXTERNAL REVIEW DETERMINATIONS BIND-
13 ING ON PLAN.—The determinations of an external re-
14 view entity and an independent medical reviewer under
15 this section shall be binding upon the plan or issuer in-
16 volved.

17 (B) COMPLIANCE WITH DETERMINATION.—If the
18 determination of an independent medical reviewer is to
19 reverse or modify the denial, the plan or issuer, upon
20 the receipt of such determination, shall authorize cov-
21 erage to comply with the medical reviewer's determina-
22 tion in accordance with the timeframe established by
23 the medical reviewer.

24 (2) FAILURE TO COMPLY.—

25 (A) IN GENERAL.—If a plan or issuer fails to com-
26 ply with the timeframe established under paragraph
27 (1)(B) with respect to a participant, beneficiary, or en-
28 rollee, where such failure to comply is caused by the
29 plan or issuer, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee
30 may obtain the items or services involved (in a manner
31 consistent with the determination of the independent
32 external reviewer) from any provider regardless of
33 whether such provider is a participating provider under
34 the plan or coverage.

35 (B) REIMBURSEMENT.—

36 (i) IN GENERAL.—Where a participant, bene-
37 ficiary, or enrollee obtains items or services in ac-



1 cordance with subparagraph (A), the plan or issuer
2 involved shall provide for reimbursement of the
3 costs of such items or services. Such reimburse-
4 ment shall be made to the treating health care pro-
5 fessional or to the participant, beneficiary, or en-
6 rollee (in the case of a participant, beneficiary, or
7 enrollee who pays for the costs of such items or
8 services).

9 (ii) AMOUNT.—The plan or issuer shall fully
10 reimburse a professional, participant, beneficiary,
11 or enrollee under clause (i) for the total costs of
12 the items or services provided (regardless of any
13 plan limitations that may apply to the coverage of
14 such items or services) so long as the items or serv-
15 ices were provided in a manner consistent with the
16 determination of the independent medical reviewer.

17 (C) FAILURE TO REIMBURSE.—Where a plan or
18 issuer fails to provide reimbursement to a professional,
19 participant, beneficiary, or enrollee in accordance with
20 this paragraph, the professional, participant, bene-
21 ficiary, or enrollee may commence a civil action (or uti-
22 lize other remedies available under law) to recover only
23 the amount of any such reimbursement that is owed by
24 the plan or issuer and any necessary legal costs or ex-
25 penses (including attorney's fees) incurred in recov-
26 ering such reimbursement.

27 (D) AVAILABLE REMEDIES.—The remedies pro-
28 vided under this paragraph are in addition to any other
29 available remedies.

30 (3) PENALTIES AGAINST AUTHORIZED OFFICIALS FOR
31 REFUSING TO AUTHORIZE THE DETERMINATION OF AN EX-
32 TERNAL REVIEW ENTITY.—

33 (A) MONETARY PENALTIES.—

34 (i) IN GENERAL.—In any case in which the de-
35 termination of an external review entity is not fol-
36 lowed by a group health plan, or by a health insur-
37 ance issuer offering health insurance coverage, any



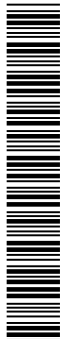
1 person who, acting in the capacity of authorizing
2 the benefit, causes such refusal may, in the discre-
3 tion of a court of competent jurisdiction, be liable
4 to an aggrieved participant, beneficiary, or enrollee
5 for a civil penalty in an amount of up to \$1,000
6 a day from the date on which the determination
7 was transmitted to the plan or issuer by the exter-
8 nal review entity until the date the refusal to pro-
9 vide the benefit is corrected.

10 (ii) ADDITIONAL PENALTY FOR FAILING TO
11 FOLLOW TIMELINE.—In any case in which treat-
12 ment was not commenced by the plan in accordance
13 with the determination of an independent external
14 reviewer, the Secretary shall assess a civil penalty
15 of \$10,000 against the plan and the plan shall pay
16 such penalty to the participant, beneficiary, or en-
17 rollee involved.

18 (B) CEASE AND DESIST ORDER AND ORDER OF
19 ATTORNEY'S FEES.—In any action described in sub-
20 paragraph (A) brought by a participant, beneficiary, or
21 enrollee with respect to a group health plan, or a health
22 insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, in
23 which a plaintiff alleges that a person referred to in
24 such subparagraph has taken an action resulting in a
25 refusal of a benefit determined by an external appeal
26 entity to be covered, or has failed to take an action for
27 which such person is responsible under the terms and
28 conditions of the plan or coverage and which is nec-
29 essary under the plan or coverage for authorizing a
30 benefit, the court shall cause to be served on the de-
31 fendant an order requiring the defendant—

32 (i) to cease and desist from the alleged action
33 or failure to act; and

34 (ii) to pay to the plaintiff a reasonable attor-
35 ney's fee and other reasonable costs relating to the
36 prosecution of the action on the charges on which
37 the plaintiff prevails.



(C) ADDITIONAL CIVIL PENALTIES.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—In addition to any penalty imposed under subparagraph (A) or (B), the appropriate Secretary may assess a civil penalty against a person acting in the capacity of authorizing a benefit determined by an external review entity for one or more group health plans, or health insurance issuers offering health insurance coverage, for—

(I) any pattern or practice of repeated refusal to authorize a benefit determined by an external appeal entity to be covered; or

(II) any pattern or practice of repeated violations of the requirements of this section with respect to such plan or coverage.

(ii) STANDARD OF PROOF AND AMOUNT OF PENALTY.—Such penalty shall be payable only upon proof by clear and convincing evidence of such pattern or practice and shall be in an amount not to exceed the lesser of—

(I) 25 percent of the aggregate value of benefits shown by the appropriate Secretary to have not been provided, or unlawfully delayed, in violation of this section under such pattern or practice; or

(II) \$500,000.

(D) REMOVAL AND DISQUALIFICATION.—Any person acting in the capacity of authorizing benefits who has engaged in any such pattern or practice described in subparagraph (C)(i) with respect to a plan or coverage, upon the petition of the appropriate Secretary, may be removed by the court from such position, and from any other involvement, with respect to such a plan or coverage, and may be precluded from returning to any such position or involvement for a period determined by the court.



(4) PROTECTION OF LEGAL RIGHTS.—Nothing in this subsection or subtitle shall be construed as altering or eliminating any cause of action or legal rights or remedies of participants, beneficiaries, enrollees, and others under State or Federal law (including sections 502 and 503 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974), including the right to file judicial actions to enforce rights.

(g) QUALIFICATIONS OF INDEPENDENT MEDICAL REVIEWERS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In referring a denial to 1 or more individuals to conduct independent medical review under subsection (c), the qualified external review entity shall ensure that—

(A) each independent medical reviewer meets the qualifications described in paragraphs (2) and (3);

(B) with respect to each review at least 1 such reviewer meets the requirements described in paragraphs (4) and (5); and

(C) compensation provided by the entity to the reviewer is consistent with paragraph (6).

(2) LICENSURE AND EXPERTISE.—Each independent medical reviewer shall be a physician (allopathic or osteopathic) or health care professional who—

(A) is appropriately credentialed or licensed in 1 or more States to deliver health care services; and

(B) typically treats the condition, makes the diagnosis, or provides the type of treatment under review.

(3) INDEPENDENCE.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (B), each independent medical reviewer in a case shall—

(i) not be a related party (as defined in paragraph (7));

(ii) not have a material familial, financial, or professional relationship with such a party; and

(iii) not otherwise have a conflict of interest with such a party (as determined under regulations).



1 (B) EXCEPTION.—Nothing in subparagraph (A)
2 shall be construed to—

3 (i) prohibit an individual, solely on the basis of
4 affiliation with the plan or issuer, from serving as
5 an independent medical reviewer if—

6 (I) a non-affiliated individual is not rea-
7 sonably available;

8 (II) the affiliated individual is not involved
9 in the provision of items or services in the case
10 under review;

11 (III) the fact of such an affiliation is dis-
12 closed to the plan or issuer and the participant,
13 beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized rep-
14 resentative) and neither party objects; and

15 (IV) the affiliated individual is not an em-
16 ployee of the plan or issuer and does not pro-
17 vide services exclusively or primarily to or on
18 behalf of the plan or issuer;

19 (ii) prohibit an individual who has staff privi-
20 leges at the institution where the treatment in-
21 volved takes place from serving as an independent
22 medical reviewer merely on the basis of such affili-
23 ation if the affiliation is disclosed to the plan or
24 issuer and the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee
25 (or authorized representative), and neither party
26 objects; or

27 (iii) prohibit receipt of compensation by an
28 independent medical reviewer from an entity if the
29 compensation is provided consistent with paragraph
30 (6).

31 (4) PRACTICING HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL IN
32 SAME FIELD.—

33 (A) IN GENERAL.—In a case involving treatment,
34 or the provision of items or services—

35 (i) by a physician, a reviewer shall be a prac-
36 ticing physician (allopathic or osteopathic) of the
37 same or similar specialty, as a physician who, act-



1 ing within the appropriate scope of practice within
2 the State in which the service is provided or ren-
3 dered, typically treats the condition, makes the di-
4 agnosis, or provides the type of treatment under re-
5 view; or

6 (ii) by a non-physician health care profes-
7 sional, a reviewer (or reviewers) shall include at
8 least one practicing non-physician health care pro-
9 fessional of the same or similar specialty as the
10 non-physician health care professional who, acting
11 within the appropriate scope of practice within the
12 State in which the service is provided or rendered,
13 typically treats the condition, makes the diagnosis,
14 or provides the type of treatment under review.

15 (B) PRACTICING DEFINED.—For purposes of this
16 paragraph, the term “practicing” means, with respect
17 to an individual who is a physician or other health care
18 professional that the individual provides health care
19 services to individual patients on average at least 2
20 days per week.

21 (5) PEDIATRIC EXPERTISE.—In the case of an exter-
22 nal review relating to a child, a reviewer shall have exper-
23 tise under paragraph (2) in pediatrics.

24 (6) LIMITATIONS ON REVIEWER COMPENSATION.—
25 Compensation provided by a qualified external review entity
26 to an independent medical reviewer in connection with a re-
27 view under this section shall—

28 (A) not exceed a reasonable level; and

29 (B) not be contingent on the decision rendered by
30 the reviewer.

31 (7) RELATED PARTY DEFINED.—For purposes of this
32 section, the term “related party” means, with respect to a
33 denial of a claim under a plan or coverage relating to a
34 participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, any of the following:

35 (A) The plan, plan sponsor, or issuer involved, or
36 any fiduciary, officer, director, or employee of such
37 plan, plan sponsor, or issuer.



(B) The participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative).

(C) The health care professional that provides the items or services involved in the denial.

(D) The institution at which the items or services (or treatment) involved in the denial are provided.

(E) The manufacturer of any drug or other item that is included in the items or services involved in the denial.

(F) Any other party determined under any regulations to have a substantial interest in the denial involved.

(h) QUALIFIED EXTERNAL REVIEW ENTITIES.—

(1) SELECTION OF QUALIFIED EXTERNAL REVIEW ENTITIES.—

(A) LIMITATION ON PLAN OR ISSUER SELECTION.—The appropriate Secretary shall implement procedures—

(i) to assure that the selection process among qualified external review entities will not create any incentives for external review entities to make a decision in a biased manner; and

(ii) for auditing a sample of decisions by such entities to assure that no such decisions are made in a biased manner.

No such selection process under the procedures implemented by the appropriate Secretary may give either the patient or the plan or issuer any ability to determine or influence the selection of a qualified external review entity to review the case of any participant, beneficiary, or enrollee.

(B) STATE AUTHORITY WITH RESPECT TO QUALIFIED EXTERNAL REVIEW ENTITIES FOR HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS.—With respect to health insurance issuers offering health insurance coverage in a State, the State may provide for external review activities to be conducted by a qualified external appeal entity that



1 is designated by the State or that is selected by the
2 State in a manner determined by the State to assure
3 an unbiased determination.

4 (2) CONTRACT WITH QUALIFIED EXTERNAL REVIEW
5 ENTITY.—Except as provided in paragraph (1)(B), the ex-
6 ternal review process of a plan or issuer under this section
7 shall be conducted under a contract between the plan or
8 issuer and 1 or more qualified external review entities (as
9 defined in paragraph (4)(A)).

10 (3) TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT.—The
11 terms and conditions of a contract under paragraph (2)
12 shall—

13 (A) be consistent with the standards the appro-
14 priate Secretary shall establish to assure there is no
15 real or apparent conflict of interest in the conduct of
16 external review activities; and

17 (B) provide that the costs of the external review
18 process shall be borne by the plan or issuer.

19 Subparagraph (B) shall not be construed as applying to the
20 imposition of a filing fee under subsection (b)(2)(A)(iv) or
21 costs incurred by the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee
22 (or authorized representative) or treating health care pro-
23 fessional (if any) in support of the review, including the
24 provision of additional evidence or information.

25 (4) QUALIFICATIONS.—

26 (A) IN GENERAL.—In this section, the term
27 “qualified external review entity” means, in relation to
28 a plan or issuer, an entity that is initially certified (and
29 periodically recertified) under subparagraph (C) as
30 meeting the following requirements:

31 (i) The entity has (directly or through con-
32 tracts or other arrangements) sufficient medical,
33 legal, and other expertise and sufficient staffing to
34 carry out duties of a qualified external review enti-
35 ty under this section on a timely basis, including
36 making determinations under subsection (b)(2)(A)



1 and providing for independent medical reviews
2 under subsection (d).

3 (ii) The entity is not a plan or issuer or an af-
4 filiate or a subsidiary of a plan or issuer, and is not
5 an affiliate or subsidiary of a professional or trade
6 association of plans or issuers or of health care
7 providers.

8 (iii) The entity has provided assurances that it
9 will conduct external review activities consistent
10 with the applicable requirements of this section and
11 standards specified in subparagraph (C), including
12 that it will not conduct any external review activi-
13 ties in a case unless the independence requirements
14 of subparagraph (B) are met with respect to the
15 case.

16 (iv) The entity has provided assurances that it
17 will provide information in a timely manner under
18 subparagraph (D).

19 (v) The entity meets such other requirements
20 as the appropriate Secretary provides by regulation.

21 (B) INDEPENDENCE REQUIREMENTS.—

22 (i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause (ii), an
23 entity meets the independence requirements of this
24 subparagraph with respect to any case if the
25 entity—

26 (I) is not a related party (as defined in
27 subsection (g)(7));

28 (II) does not have a material familial, fi-
29 nancial, or professional relationship with such a
30 party; and

31 (III) does not otherwise have a conflict of
32 interest with such a party (as determined
33 under regulations).

34 (ii) EXCEPTION FOR REASONABLE COMPENSA-
35 TION.—Nothing in clause (i) shall be construed to
36 prohibit receipt by a qualified external review entity
37 of compensation from a plan or issuer for the con-



duct of external review activities under this section if the compensation is provided consistent with clause (iii).

(iii) LIMITATIONS ON ENTITY COMPENSATION.—Compensation provided by a plan or issuer to a qualified external review entity in connection with reviews under this section shall—

(I) not exceed a reasonable level; and

(II) not be contingent on any decision rendered by the entity or by any independent medical reviewer.

(C) CERTIFICATION AND RECERTIFICATION PROCESS.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—The initial certification and recertification of a qualified external review entity shall be made—

(I) under a process that is recognized or approved by the appropriate Secretary; or

(II) by a qualified private standard-setting organization that is approved by the appropriate Secretary under clause (iii).

In taking action under subclause (I), the appropriate Secretary shall give deference to entities that are under contract with the Federal Government or with an applicable State authority to perform functions of the type performed by qualified external review entities.

(ii) PROCESS.—The appropriate Secretary shall not recognize or approve a process under clause (i)(I) unless the process applies standards (as promulgated in regulations) that ensure that a qualified external review entity—

(I) will carry out (and has carried out, in the case of recertification) the responsibilities of such an entity in accordance with this section, including meeting applicable deadlines;



(II) will meet (and has met, in the case of recertification) appropriate indicators of fiscal integrity;

(III) will maintain (and has maintained, in the case of recertification) appropriate confidentiality with respect to individually identifiable health information obtained in the course of conducting external review activities; and

(IV) in the case recertification, shall review the matters described in clause (iv).

(iii) APPROVAL OF QUALIFIED PRIVATE STANDARD-SETTING ORGANIZATIONS.—For purposes of clause (i)(II), the appropriate Secretary may approve a qualified private standard-setting organization if such Secretary finds that the organization only certifies (or recertifies) external review entities that meet at least the standards required for the certification (or recertification) of external review entities under clause (ii).

(iv) CONSIDERATIONS IN RECERTIFICATIONS.—In conducting recertifications of a qualified external review entity under this paragraph, the appropriate Secretary or organization conducting the recertification shall review compliance of the entity with the requirements for conducting external review activities under this section, including the following:

(I) Provision of information under subparagraph (D).

(II) Adherence to applicable deadlines (both by the entity and by independent medical reviewers it refers cases to).

(III) Compliance with limitations on compensation (with respect to both the entity and independent medical reviewers it refers cases to).



1 (IV) Compliance with applicable independ-
2 ence requirements.

3 (V) Compliance with the requirement of
4 subsection (d)(1) that only medically reviewable
5 decisions shall be the subject of independent
6 medical review and with the requirement of
7 subsection (d)(3) that independent medical re-
8 viewers may not require coverage for specifi-
9 cally excluded benefits.

10 (v) PERIOD OF CERTIFICATION OR RECERTIFI-
11 CATION.—A certification or recertification provided
12 under this paragraph shall extend for a period not
13 to exceed 2 years.

14 (vi) REVOCATION.—A certification or recertifi-
15 cation under this paragraph may be revoked by the
16 appropriate Secretary or by the organization pro-
17 viding such certification upon a showing of cause.
18 The Secretary, or organization, shall revoke a cer-
19 tification or deny a recertification with respect to
20 an entity if there is a showing that the entity has
21 a pattern or practice of ordering coverage for bene-
22 fits that are specifically excluded under the plan or
23 coverage.

24 (vii) PETITION FOR DENIAL OR WITH-
25 DRAWAL.—An individual may petition the Sec-
26 retary, or an organization providing the certifi-
27 cation involves, for a denial of recertification or a
28 withdrawal of a certification with respect to an en-
29 tity under this subparagraph if there is a pattern
30 or practice of such entity failing to meet a require-
31 ment of this section.

32 (viii) SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF ENTITIES.—
33 The appropriate Secretary shall certify and recer-
34 tify a number of external review entities which is
35 sufficient to ensure the timely and efficient provi-
36 sion of review services.

37 (D) PROVISION OF INFORMATION.—



1 (i) IN GENERAL.—A qualified external review
2 entity shall provide to the appropriate Secretary, in
3 such manner and at such times as such Secretary
4 may require, such information (relating to the deni-
5 als which have been referred to the entity for the
6 conduct of external review under this section) as
7 such Secretary determines appropriate to assure
8 compliance with the independence and other re-
9 quirements of this section to monitor and assess
10 the quality of its external review activities and lack
11 of bias in making determinations. Such information
12 shall include information described in clause (ii)
13 but shall not include individually identifiable med-
14 ical information.

15 (ii) INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED.—The in-
16 formation described in this subclause with respect
17 to an entity is as follows:

18 (I) The number and types of denials for
19 which a request for review has been received by
20 the entity.

21 (II) The disposition by the entity of such
22 denials, including the number referred to a
23 independent medical reviewer and the reasons
24 for such dispositions (including the application
25 of exclusions), on a plan or issuer-specific basis
26 and on a health care specialty-specific basis.

27 (III) The length of time in making deter-
28 minations with respect to such denials.

29 (IV) Updated information on the informa-
30 tion required to be submitted as a condition of
31 certification with respect to the entity's per-
32 formance of external review activities.

33 (iii) INFORMATION TO BE PROVIDED TO CER-
34 TIFYING ORGANIZATION.—

35 (I) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a quali-
36 fied external review entity which is certified (or
37 recertified) under this subsection by a qualified



1 private standard-setting organization, at the re-
2 quest of the organization, the entity shall pro-
3 vide the organization with the information pro-
4 vided to the appropriate Secretary under clause
5 (i).

6 (II) ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.—Nothing
7 in this subparagraph shall be construed as pre-
8 venting such an organization from requiring
9 additional information as a condition of certifi-
10 cation or recertification of an entity.

11 (iv) USE OF INFORMATION.—Information pro-
12 vided under this subparagraph may be used by the
13 appropriate Secretary and qualified private stand-
14 ard-setting organizations to conduct oversight of
15 qualified external review entities, including recer-
16 tification of such entities, and shall be made avail-
17 able to the public in an appropriate manner.

18 (E) LIMITATION ON LIABILITY.—No qualified ex-
19 ternal review entity having a contract with a plan or
20 issuer, and no person who is employed by any such en-
21 tity or who furnishes professional services to such enti-
22 ty (including as an independent medical reviewer), shall
23 be held by reason of the performance of any duty, func-
24 tion, or activity required or authorized pursuant to this
25 section, to be civilly liable under any law of the United
26 States or of any State (or political subdivision thereof)
27 if there was no actual malice or gross misconduct in
28 the performance of such duty, function, or activity.

29 (5) REPORT.—Not later than 12 months after the
30 general effective date referred to in section 601, the Gen-
31 eral Accounting Office shall prepare and submit to the ap-
32 propriate committees of Congress a report concerning—

33 (A) the information that is provided under para-
34 graph (3)(D);

35 (B) the number of denials that have been upheld
36 by independent medical reviewers and the number of
37 denials that have been reversed by such reviewers; and



1 (C) the extent to which independent medical re-
2 viewers are requiring coverage for benefits that are spe-
3 cifically excluded under the plan or coverage.

4 **SEC. 105. HEALTH CARE CONSUMER ASSISTANCE FUND.**

5 (a) GRANTS.—

6 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and
7 Human Services (referred to in this section as the “Sec-
8 retary”) shall establish a fund, to be known as the “Health
9 Care Consumer Assistance Fund”, to be used to award
10 grants to eligible States to carry out consumer assistance
11 activities (including programs established by States prior to
12 the enactment of this Act) designed to provide information,
13 assistance, and referrals to consumers of health insurance
14 products.

15 (2) STATE ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive a
16 grant under this subsection a State shall prepare and sub-
17 mit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such
18 manner, and containing such information as the Secretary
19 may require, including a State plan that describes—

20 (A) the manner in which the State will ensure that
21 the health care consumer assistance office (established
22 under paragraph (4)) will educate and assist health
23 care consumers in accessing needed care;

24 (B) the manner in which the State will coordinate
25 and distinguish the services provided by the health care
26 consumer assistance office with the services provided by
27 Federal, State and local health-related ombudsman, in-
28 formation, protection and advocacy, insurance, and
29 fraud and abuse programs;

30 (C) the manner in which the State will provide in-
31 formation, outreach, and services to underserved, mi-
32 nority populations with limited English proficiency and
33 populations residing in rural areas;

34 (D) the manner in which the State will oversee the
35 health care consumer assistance office, its activities,
36 product materials and evaluate program effectiveness;



1 (E) the manner in which the State will ensure that
2 funds made available under this section will be used to
3 supplement, and not supplant, any other Federal,
4 State, or local funds expended to provide services for
5 programs described under this section and those de-
6 scribed in subparagraphs (C) and (D);

7 (F) the manner in which the State will ensure that
8 health care consumer office personnel have the profes-
9 sional background and training to carry out the activi-
10 ties of the office; and

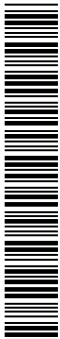
11 (G) the manner in which the State will ensure that
12 consumers have direct access to consumer assistance
13 personnel during regular business hours.

14 (3) AMOUNT OF GRANT.—

15 (A) IN GENERAL.—From amounts appropriated
16 under subsection (b) for a fiscal year, the Secretary
17 shall award a grant to a State in an amount that bears
18 the same ratio to such amounts as the number of indi-
19 viduals within the State covered under a group health
20 plan or under health insurance coverage offered by a
21 health insurance issuer bears to the total number of in-
22 dividuals so covered in all States (as determined by the
23 Secretary). Any amounts provided to a State under this
24 subsection that are not used by the State shall be re-
25 mitted to the Secretary and reallocated in accordance
26 with this subparagraph.

27 (B) MINIMUM AMOUNT.—In no case shall the
28 amount provided to a State under a grant under this
29 subsection for a fiscal year be less than an amount
30 equal to 0.5 percent of the amount appropriated for
31 such fiscal year to carry out this section.

32 (C) NON-FEDERAL CONTRIBUTIONS.—A State will
33 provide for the collection of non-Federal contributions
34 for the operation of the office in an amount that is not
35 less than 25 percent of the amount of Federal funds
36 provided to the State under this section.



1 (4) PROVISION OF FUNDS FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF
2 OFFICE.—

3 (A) IN GENERAL.—From amounts provided under
4 a grant under this subsection, a State shall, directly or
5 through a contract with an independent, nonprofit enti-
6 ty with demonstrated experience in serving the needs of
7 health care consumers, provide for the establishment
8 and operation of a State health care consumer assist-
9 ance office.

10 (B) ELIGIBILITY OF ENTITY.—To be eligible to
11 enter into a contract under subparagraph (A), an enti-
12 ty shall demonstrate that it has the technical, organiza-
13 tional, and professional capacity to deliver the services
14 described in subsection (b) to all public and private
15 health insurance participants, beneficiaries, enrollees,
16 or prospective enrollees.

17 (C) EXISTING STATE ENTITY.—Nothing in this
18 section shall prevent the funding of an existing health
19 care consumer assistance program that otherwise meets
20 the requirements of this section.

21 (b) USE OF FUNDS.—

22 (1) BY STATE.—A State shall use amounts provided
23 under a grant awarded under this section to carry out con-
24 sumer assistance activities directly or by contract with an
25 independent, non-profit organization. An eligible entity may
26 use some reasonable amount of such grant to ensure the
27 adequate training of personnel carrying out such activities.
28 To receive amounts under this subsection, an eligible entity
29 shall provide consumer assistance services, including—

30 (A) the operation of a toll-free telephone hotline to
31 respond to consumer requests;

32 (B) the dissemination of appropriate educational
33 materials on available health insurance products and on
34 how best to access health care and the rights and re-
35 sponsibilities of health care consumers;



1 (C) the provision of education on effective methods
2 to promptly and efficiently resolve questions, problems,
3 and grievances;

4 (D) the coordination of educational and outreach
5 efforts with health plans, health care providers, payers,
6 and governmental agencies;

7 (E) referrals to appropriate private and public en-
8 tities to resolve questions, problems and grievances;
9 and

10 (F) the provision of information and assistance,
11 including acting as an authorized representative, re-
12 garding internal, external, or administrative grievances
13 or appeals procedures in nonlitigative settings to appeal
14 the denial, termination, or reduction of health care
15 services, or the refusal to pay for such services, under
16 a group health plan or health insurance coverage of-
17 fered by a health insurance issuer.

18 (2) CONFIDENTIALITY AND ACCESS TO INFORMA-
19 TION.—

20 (A) STATE ENTITY.—With respect to a State that
21 directly establishes a health care consumer assistance
22 office, such office shall establish and implement proce-
23 dures and protocols in accordance with applicable Fed-
24 eral and State laws.

25 (B) CONTRACT ENTITY.—With respect to a State
26 that, through contract, establishes a health care con-
27 sumer assistance office, such office shall establish and
28 implement procedures and protocols, consistent with
29 applicable Federal and State laws, to ensure the con-
30 fidentiality of all information shared by a participant,
31 beneficiary, enrollee, or their personal representative
32 and their health care providers, group health plans, or
33 health insurance insurers with the office and to ensure
34 that no such information is used by the office, or re-
35 leased or disclosed to State agencies or outside persons
36 or entities without the prior written authorization (in
37 accordance with section 164.508 of title 45, Code of



1 Federal Regulations) of the individual or personal rep-
2 resentative. The office may, consistent with applicable
3 Federal and State confidentiality laws, collect, use or
4 disclose aggregate information that is not individually
5 identifiable (as defined in section 164.501 of title 45,
6 Code of Federal Regulations). The office shall provide
7 a written description of the policies and procedures of
8 the office with respect to the manner in which health
9 information may be used or disclosed to carry out con-
10 sumer assistance activities. The office shall provide
11 health care providers, group health plans, or health in-
12 surance issuers with a written authorization (in accord-
13 ance with section 164.508 of title 45, Code of Federal
14 Regulations) to allow the office to obtain medical infor-
15 mation relevant to the matter before the office.

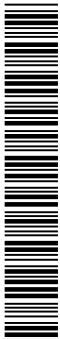
16 (3) AVAILABILITY OF SERVICES.—The health care
17 consumer assistance office of a State shall not discriminate
18 in the provision of information, referrals, and services re-
19 gardless of the source of the individual's health insurance
20 coverage or prospective coverage, including individuals cov-
21 ered under a group health plan or health insurance cov-
22 erage offered by a health insurance issuer, the medicare or
23 medicaid programs under title XVIII or XIX of the Social
24 Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 and 1396 et seq.), or under
25 any other Federal or State health care program.

26 (4) DESIGNATION OF RESPONSIBILITIES.—

27 (A) WITHIN EXISTING STATE ENTITY.—If the
28 health care consumer assistance office of a State is lo-
29 cated within an existing State regulatory agency or of-
30 fice of an elected State official, the State shall ensure
31 that—

32 (i) there is a separate delineation of the fund-
33 ing, activities, and responsibilities of the office as
34 compared to the other funding, activities, and re-
35 sponsibilities of the agency; and

36 (ii) the office establishes and implements pro-
37 cedures and protocols to ensure the confidentiality



1 of all information shared by a participant, bene-
2 ficiary, or enrollee or their personal representative
3 and their health care providers, group health plans,
4 or health insurance issuers with the office and to
5 ensure that no information is disclosed to the State
6 agency or office without the written authorization
7 of the individual or their personal representative in
8 accordance with paragraph (2).

9 (B) CONTRACT ENTITY.—In the case of an entity
10 that enters into a contract with a State under sub-
11 section (a)(3), the entity shall provide assurances that
12 the entity has no conflict of interest in carrying out the
13 activities of the office and that the entity is inde-
14 pendent of group health plans, health insurance issuers,
15 providers, payers, and regulators of health care.

16 (5) SUBCONTRACTS.—The health care consumer as-
17 sistance office of a State may carry out activities and pro-
18 vide services through contracts entered into with 1 or more
19 nonprofit entities so long as the office can demonstrate that
20 all of the requirements of this section are complied with by
21 the office.

22 (6) TERM.—A contract entered into under this sub-
23 section shall be for a term of 3 years.

24 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the Secretary
25 first awards grants under this section, and annually thereafter,
26 the Secretary shall prepare and submit to the appropriate com-
27 mittees of Congress a report concerning the activities funded
28 under this section and the effectiveness of such activities in re-
29 solving health care-related problems and grievances.

30 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are au-
31 thorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to
32 carry out this section.

33 **Subtitle B—Access to Care**

34 **SEC. 111. CONSUMER CHOICE OPTION.**

35 (a) IN GENERAL.—If—



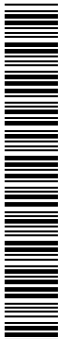
1 (1) a health insurance issuer providing health insur-
2 ance coverage in connection with a group health plan offers
3 to enrollees health insurance coverage which provides for
4 coverage of services (including physician pathology services)
5 only if such services are furnished through health care pro-
6 fessionals and providers who are members of a network of
7 health care professionals and providers who have entered
8 into a contract with the issuer to provide such services, or

9 (2) a group health plan offers to participants or bene-
10 ficiaries health benefits which provide for coverage of serv-
11 ices only if such services are furnished through health care
12 professionals and providers who are members of a network
13 of health care professionals and providers who have entered
14 into a contract with the plan to provide such services,

15 then the issuer or plan shall also offer or arrange to be offered
16 to such enrollees, participants, or beneficiaries (at the time of
17 enrollment and during an annual open season as provided
18 under subsection (c)) the option of health insurance coverage
19 or health benefits which provide for coverage of such services
20 which are not furnished through health care professionals and
21 providers who are members of such a network unless such en-
22 rollees, participants, or beneficiaries are offered such non-net-
23 work coverage through another group health plan or through
24 another health insurance issuer in the group market.

25 (b) ADDITIONAL COSTS.—The amount of any additional
26 premium charged by the health insurance issuer or group
27 health plan for the additional cost of the creation and mainte-
28 nance of the option described in subsection (a) and the amount
29 of any additional cost sharing imposed under such option shall
30 be borne by the enrollee, participant, or beneficiary unless it is
31 paid by the health plan sponsor or group health plan through
32 agreement with the health insurance issuer.

33 (c) OPEN SEASON.—An enrollee, participant, or bene-
34 ficiary, may change to the offering provided under this section
35 only during a time period determined by the health insurance
36 issuer or group health plan. Such time period shall occur at
37 least annually.



1 **SEC. 112. CHOICE OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL.**

2 (a) PRIMARY CARE.—If a group health plan, or a health
3 insurance issuer that offers health insurance coverage, requires
4 or provides for designation by a participant, beneficiary, or en-
5 rollee of a participating primary care provider, then the plan
6 or issuer shall permit each participant, beneficiary, and enrollee
7 to designate any participating primary care provider who is
8 available to accept such individual.

9 (b) SPECIALISTS.—

10 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), a group
11 health plan and a health insurance issuer that offers health
12 insurance coverage shall permit each participant, bene-
13 ficiary, or enrollee to receive medically necessary and ap-
14 propriate specialty care, pursuant to appropriate referral
15 procedures, from any qualified participating health care
16 professional who is available to accept such individual for
17 such care.

18 (2) LIMITATION.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to
19 specialty care if the plan or issuer clearly informs partici-
20 pants, beneficiaries, and enrollees of the limitations on
21 choice of participating health care professionals with re-
22 spect to such care.

23 (3) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection shall
24 be construed as affecting the application of section 114 (re-
25 lating to access to specialty care).

26 **SEC. 113. ACCESS TO EMERGENCY CARE.**

27 (a) COVERAGE OF EMERGENCY SERVICES.—

28 (1) IN GENERAL.—If a group health plan, or health
29 insurance coverage offered by a health insurance issuer,
30 provides or covers any benefits with respect to services in
31 an emergency department of a hospital, the plan or issuer
32 shall cover emergency services (as defined in paragraph
33 (2)(B))—

34 (A) without the need for any prior authorization
35 determination;



1 (B) whether the health care provider furnishing
2 such services is a participating provider with respect to
3 such services;

4 (C) in a manner so that, if such services are pro-
5 vided to a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee—

6 (i) by a nonparticipating health care provider
7 with or without prior authorization, or

8 (ii) by a participating health care provider
9 without prior authorization,

10 the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee is not liable for
11 amounts that exceed the amounts of liability that would
12 be incurred if the services were provided by a partici-
13 pating health care provider with prior authorization;
14 and

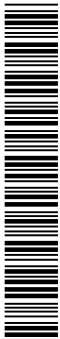
15 (D) without regard to any other term or condition
16 of such coverage (other than exclusion or coordination
17 of benefits, or an affiliation or waiting period, per-
18 mitted under section 2701 of the Public Health Service
19 Act, section 701 of the Employee Retirement Income
20 Security Act of 1974, or section 9801 of the Internal
21 Revenue Code of 1986, and other than applicable cost-
22 sharing).

23 (2) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

24 (A) EMERGENCY MEDICAL CONDITION.—The term
25 “emergency medical condition” means a medical condi-
26 tion manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient
27 severity (including severe pain) such that a prudent
28 layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of
29 health and medicine, could reasonably expect the ab-
30 sence of immediate medical attention to result in a con-
31 dition described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of section
32 1867(e)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act.

33 (B) EMERGENCY SERVICES.—The term “emer-
34 gency services” means, with respect to an emergency
35 medical condition—

36 (i) a medical screening examination (as re-
37 quired under section 1867 of the Social Security



1 Act) that is within the capability of the emergency
2 department of a hospital, including ancillary serv-
3 ices routinely available to the emergency depart-
4 ment to evaluate such emergency medical condition,
5 and

6 (ii) within the capabilities of the staff and fa-
7 cilities available at the hospital, such further med-
8 ical examination and treatment as are required
9 under section 1867 of such Act to stabilize the pa-
10 tient.

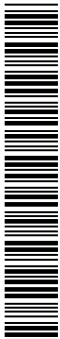
11 (C) STABILIZE.—The term “to stabilize”, with re-
12 spect to an emergency medical condition (as defined in
13 subparagraph (A)), has the meaning give in section
14 1867(e)(3) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
15 1395dd(e)(3)).

16 (b) REIMBURSEMENT FOR MAINTENANCE CARE AND
17 POST-STABILIZATION CARE.—A group health plan, and health
18 insurance coverage offered by a health insurance issuer, must
19 provide reimbursement for maintenance care and post-stabiliza-
20 tion care in accordance with the requirements of section
21 1852(d)(2) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w-
22 22(d)(2)). Such reimbursement shall be provided in a manner
23 consistent with subsection (a)(1)(C).

24 (c) COVERAGE OF EMERGENCY AMBULANCE SERVICES.—

25 (1) IN GENERAL.—If a group health plan, or health
26 insurance coverage provided by a health insurance issuer,
27 provides any benefits with respect to ambulance services
28 and emergency services, the plan or issuer shall cover emer-
29 gency ambulance services (as defined in paragraph (2)) fur-
30 nished under the plan or coverage under the same terms
31 and conditions under subparagraphs (A) through (D) of
32 subsection (a)(1) under which coverage is provided for
33 emergency services.

34 (2) EMERGENCY AMBULANCE SERVICES.—For pur-
35 poses of this subsection, the term “emergency ambulance
36 services” means ambulance services (as defined for pur-
37 poses of section 1861(s)(7) of the Social Security Act) fur-



nished to transport an individual who has an emergency medical condition (as defined in subsection (a)(2)(A)) to a hospital for the receipt of emergency services (as defined in subsection (a)(2)(B)) in a case in which the emergency services are covered under the plan or coverage pursuant to subsection (a)(1) and a prudent layperson, with an average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably expect that the absence of such transport would result in placing the health of the individual in serious jeopardy, serious impairment of bodily function, or serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.

SEC. 114. TIMELY ACCESS TO SPECIALISTS.

(a) TIMELY ACCESS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan and a health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage shall ensure that participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees receive timely access to specialists who are appropriate to the condition of, and accessible to, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, when such specialty care is a covered benefit under the plan or coverage.

(2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in paragraph (1) shall be construed—

(A) to require the coverage under a group health plan or health insurance coverage of benefits or services;

(B) to prohibit a plan or issuer from including providers in the network only to the extent necessary to meet the needs of the plan's or issuer's participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees; or

(C) to override any State licensure or scope-of-practice law.

(3) ACCESS TO CERTAIN PROVIDERS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—With respect to specialty care under this section, if a participating specialist is not available and qualified to provide such care to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, the plan or issuer shall



1 provide for coverage of such care by a nonparticipating
2 specialist.

3 (B) TREATMENT OF NONPARTICIPATING PRO-
4 VIDERS.—If a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee re-
5 ceives care from a nonparticipating specialist pursuant
6 to subparagraph (A), such specialty care shall be pro-
7 vided at no additional cost to the participant, bene-
8 ficiary, or enrollee beyond what the participant, bene-
9 ficiary, or enrollee would otherwise pay for such spe-
10 cialty care if provided by a participating specialist.

11 (b) REFERRALS.—

12 (1) AUTHORIZATION.—Subject to subsection (a)(1), a
13 group health plan or health insurance issuer may require
14 an authorization in order to obtain coverage for specialty
15 services under this section. Any such authorization—

16 (A) shall be for an appropriate duration of time or
17 number of referrals, including an authorization for a
18 standing referral where appropriate; and

19 (B) may not be refused solely because the author-
20 ization involves services of a nonparticipating specialist
21 (described in subsection (a)(3)).

22 (2) REFERRALS FOR ONGOING SPECIAL CONDI-
23 TIONS.—

24 (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (a)(1), a
25 group health plan and a health insurance issuer shall
26 permit a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee who has
27 an ongoing special condition (as defined in subpara-
28 graph (B)) to receive a referral to a specialist for the
29 treatment of such condition and such specialist may
30 authorize such referrals, procedures, tests, and other
31 medical services with respect to such condition, or co-
32 ordinate the care for such condition, subject to the
33 terms of a treatment plan (if any) referred to in sub-
34 section (c) with respect to the condition.

35 (B) ONGOING SPECIAL CONDITION DEFINED.—In
36 this subsection, the term “ongoing special condition”
37 means a condition or disease that—



1 (i) is life-threatening, degenerative, potentially
2 disabling, or congenital; and

3 (ii) requires specialized medical care over a
4 prolonged period of time.

5 (c) TREATMENT PLANS.—

6 (1) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan or health in-
7 surance issuer may require that the specialty care be
8 provided—

9 (A) pursuant to a treatment plan, but only if the
10 treatment plan—

11 (i) is developed by the specialist, in consulta-
12 tion with the case manager or primary care pro-
13 vider, and the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee,
14 and

15 (ii) is approved by the plan or issuer in a
16 timely manner, if the plan or issuer requires such
17 approval; and

18 (B) in accordance with applicable quality assur-
19 ance and utilization review standards of the plan or
20 issuer.

21 (2) NOTIFICATION.—Nothing in paragraph (1) shall
22 be construed as prohibiting a plan or issuer from requiring
23 the specialist to provide the plan or issuer with regular up-
24 dates on the specialty care provided, as well as all other
25 reasonably necessary medical information.

26 (d) SPECIALIST DEFINED.—For purposes of this section,
27 the term “specialist” means, with respect to the condition of
28 the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, a health care profes-
29 sional, facility, or center that has adequate expertise through
30 appropriate training and experience (including, in the case of
31 a child, appropriate pediatric expertise) to provide high quality
32 care in treating the condition.

33 **SEC. 115. PATIENT ACCESS TO OBSTETRICAL AND GYNE-**
34 **COLOGICAL CARE.**

35 (a) GENERAL RIGHTS.—

36 (1) DIRECT ACCESS.—A group health plan, and a
37 health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage,



described in subsection (b) may not require authorization or referral by the plan, issuer, or any person (including a primary care provider described in subsection (b)(2)) in the case of a female participant, beneficiary, or enrollee who seeks coverage for obstetrical or gynecological care provided by a participating health care professional who specializes in obstetrics or gynecology.

(2) OBSTETRICAL AND GYNECOLOGICAL CARE.—A group health plan and a health insurance issuer described in subsection (b) shall treat the provision of obstetrical and gynecological care, and the ordering of related obstetrical and gynecological items and services, pursuant to the direct access described under paragraph (1), by a participating health care professional who specializes in obstetrics or gynecology as the authorization of the primary care provider.

(b) APPLICATION OF SECTION.—A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, described in this subsection is a group health plan or coverage that—

(1) provides coverage for obstetric or gynecologic care; and

(2) requires the designation by a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee of a participating primary care provider.

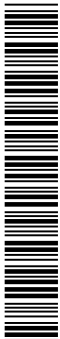
(c) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in subsection (a) shall be construed to—

(1) waive any exclusions of coverage under the terms and conditions of the plan or health insurance coverage with respect to coverage of obstetrical or gynecological care; or

(2) preclude the group health plan or health insurance issuer involved from requiring that the obstetrical or gynecological provider notify the primary care health care professional or the plan or issuer of treatment decisions.

SEC. 116. ACCESS TO PEDIATRIC CARE.

(a) PEDIATRIC CARE.—In the case of a person who has a child who is a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee under a



1 group health plan, or health insurance coverage offered by a
2 health insurance issuer, if the plan or issuer requires or pro-
3 vides for the designation of a participating primary care pro-
4 vider for the child, the plan or issuer shall permit such person
5 to designate a physician (allopathic or osteopathic) who special-
6 izes in pediatrics as the child's primary care provider if such
7 provider participates in the network of the plan or issuer.

8 (b) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in subsection (a) shall be
9 construed to waive any exclusions of coverage under the terms
10 and conditions of the plan or health insurance coverage with
11 respect to coverage of pediatric care.

12 **SEC. 117. CONTINUITY OF CARE.**

13 (a) TERMINATION OF PROVIDER.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—If—

15 (A) a contract between a group health plan, or a
16 health insurance issuer offering health insurance cov-
17 erage, and a treating health care provider is terminated
18 (as defined in paragraph (e)(4)), or

19 (B) benefits or coverage provided by a health care
20 provider are terminated because of a change in the
21 terms of provider participation in such plan or cov-
22 erage,

23 the plan or issuer shall meet the requirements of paragraph
24 (3) with respect to each continuing care patient.

25 (2) TREATMENT OF TERMINATION OF CONTRACT WITH
26 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER.—If a contract for the provi-
27 sion of health insurance coverage between a group health
28 plan and a health insurance issuer is terminated and, as
29 a result of such termination, coverage of services of a
30 health care provider is terminated with respect to an indi-
31 vidual, the provisions of paragraph (1) (and the succeeding
32 provisions of this section) shall apply under the plan in the
33 same manner as if there had been a contract between the
34 plan and the provider that had been terminated, but only
35 with respect to benefits that are covered under the plan
36 after the contract termination.



1 (3) REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements of this para-
2 graph are that the plan or issuer—

3 (A) notify the continuing care patient involved, or
4 arrange to have the patient notified pursuant to sub-
5 section (d)(2), on a timely basis of the termination de-
6 scribed in paragraph (1) (or paragraph (2), if applica-
7 ble) and the right to elect continued transitional care
8 from the provider under this section;

9 (B) provide the patient with an opportunity to no-
10 tify the plan or issuer of the patient's need for transi-
11 tional care; and

12 (C) subject to subsection (c), permit the patient to
13 elect to continue to be covered with respect to the
14 course of treatment by such provider with the pro-
15 vider's consent during a transitional period (as pro-
16 vided for under subsection (b)).

17 (4) CONTINUING CARE PATIENT.—For purposes of
18 this section, the term “continuing care patient” means a
19 participant, beneficiary, or enrollee who—

20 (A) is undergoing a course of treatment for a seri-
21 ous and complex condition from the provider at the
22 time the plan or issuer receives or provides notice of
23 provider, benefit, or coverage termination described in
24 paragraph (1) (or paragraph (2), if applicable);

25 (B) is undergoing a course of institutional or inpa-
26 tient care from the provider at the time of such notice;

27 (C) is scheduled to undergo non-elective surgery
28 from the provider at the time of such notice;

29 (D) is pregnant and undergoing a course of treat-
30 ment for the pregnancy from the provider at the time
31 of such notice; or

32 (E) is or was determined to be terminally ill (as
33 determined under section 1861(dd)(3)(A) of the Social
34 Security Act) at the time of such notice, but only with
35 respect to a provider that was treating the terminal ill-
36 ness before the date of such notice.

37 (b) TRANSITIONAL PERIODS.—



1 (1) SERIOUS AND COMPLEX CONDITIONS.—The transi-
2 tional period under this subsection with respect to a con-
3 tinuing care patient described in subsection (a)(4)(A) shall
4 extend for up to 90 days (as determined by the treating
5 health care professional) from the date of the notice de-
6 scribed in subsection (a)(3)(A).

7 (2) INSTITUTIONAL OR INPATIENT CARE.—The transi-
8 tional period under this subsection for a continuing care
9 patient described in subsection (a)(4)(B) shall extend until
10 the earlier of—

11 (A) the expiration of the 90-day period beginning
12 on the date on which the notice under subsection
13 (a)(3)(A) is provided; or

14 (B) the date of discharge of the patient from such
15 care or the termination of the period of institutionaliza-
16 tion, or, if later, the date of completion of reasonable
17 follow-up care.

18 (3) SCHEDULED NON-ELECTIVE SURGERY.—The tran-
19 sitional period under this subsection for a continuing care
20 patient described in subsection (a)(4)(C) shall extend until
21 the completion of the surgery involved and post-surgical fol-
22 low-up care relating to the surgery and occurring within 90
23 days after the date of the surgery.

24 (4) PREGNANCY.—The transitional period under this
25 subsection for a continuing care patient described in sub-
26 section (a)(4)(D) shall extend through the provision of
27 post-partum care directly related to the delivery.

28 (5) TERMINAL ILLNESS.—The transitional period
29 under this subsection for a continuing care patient de-
30 scribed in subsection (a)(4)(E) shall extend for the remain-
31 der of the patient's life for care that is directly related to
32 the treatment of the terminal illness or its medical mani-
33 festations.

34 (c) PERMISSIBLE TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—A group
35 health plan or health insurance issuer may condition coverage
36 of continued treatment by a provider under this section upon
37 the provider agreeing to the following terms and conditions:



1 (1) The treating health care provider agrees to accept
2 reimbursement from the plan or issuer and continuing care
3 patient involved (with respect to cost-sharing) at the rates
4 applicable prior to the start of the transitional period as
5 payment in full (or, in the case described in subsection
6 (a)(2), at the rates applicable under the replacement plan
7 or coverage after the date of the termination of the con-
8 tract with the group health plan or health insurance issuer)
9 and not to impose cost-sharing with respect to the patient
10 in an amount that would exceed the cost-sharing that could
11 have been imposed if the contract referred to in subsection
12 (a)(1) had not been terminated.

13 (2) The treating health care provider agrees to adhere
14 to the quality assurance standards of the plan or issuer re-
15 sponsible for payment under paragraph (1) and to provide
16 to such plan or issuer necessary medical information re-
17 lated to the care provided.

18 (3) The treating health care provider agrees otherwise
19 to adhere to such plan's or issuer's policies and procedures,
20 including procedures regarding referrals and obtaining
21 prior authorization and providing services pursuant to a
22 treatment plan (if any) approved by the plan or issuer.

23 (d) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section
24 shall be construed—

25 (1) to require the coverage of benefits which would not
26 have been covered if the provider involved remained a par-
27 ticipating provider; or

28 (2) with respect to the termination of a contract under
29 subsection (a) to prevent a group health plan or health in-
30 surance issuer from requiring that the health care
31 provider—

32 (A) notify participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees
33 of their rights under this section; or

34 (B) provide the plan or issuer with the name of
35 each participant, beneficiary, or enrollee who the pro-
36 vider believes is a continuing care patient.

37 (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:



1 (1) CONTRACT.—The term “contract” includes, with
2 respect to a plan or issuer and a treating health care pro-
3 vider, a contract between such plan or issuer and an orga-
4 nized network of providers that includes the treating health
5 care provider, and (in the case of such a contract) the con-
6 tract between the treating health care provider and the or-
7 ganized network.

8 (2) HEALTH CARE PROVIDER.—The term “health care
9 provider” or “provider” means—

10 (A) any individual who is engaged in the delivery
11 of health care services in a State and who is required
12 by State law or regulation to be licensed or certified by
13 the State to engage in the delivery of such services in
14 the State; and

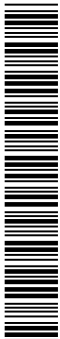
15 (B) any entity that is engaged in the delivery of
16 health care services in a State and that, if it is required
17 by State law or regulation to be licensed or certified by
18 the State to engage in the delivery of such services in
19 the State, is so licensed.

20 (3) SERIOUS AND COMPLEX CONDITION.—The term
21 “serious and complex condition” means, with respect to a
22 participant, beneficiary, or enrollee under the plan or
23 coverage—

24 (A) in the case of an acute illness, a condition that
25 is serious enough to require specialized medical treat-
26 ment to avoid the reasonable possibility of death or
27 permanent harm; or

28 (B) in the case of a chronic illness or condition,
29 is an ongoing special condition (as defined in section
30 114(b)(2)(B)).

31 (4) TERMINATED.—The term “terminated” includes,
32 with respect to a contract, the expiration or nonrenewal of
33 the contract, but does not include a termination of the con-
34 tract for failure to meet applicable quality standards or for
35 fraud.



1 **SEC. 118. ACCESS TO NEEDED PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.**

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—To the extent that a group health plan,
3 or health insurance coverage offered by a health insurance
4 issuer, provides coverage for benefits with respect to prescrip-
5 tion drugs, and limits such coverage to drugs included in a for-
6 mulary, the plan or issuer shall—

7 (1) ensure the participation of physicians and phar-
8 macists in developing and reviewing such formulary;

9 (2) provide for disclosure of the formulary to pro-
10 viders; and

11 (3) in accordance with the applicable quality assurance
12 and utilization review standards of the plan or issuer, pro-
13 vide for exceptions from the formulary limitation when a
14 non-formulary alternative is medically necessary and appro-
15 priate and, in the case of such an exception, apply the same
16 cost-sharing requirements that would have applied in the
17 case of a drug covered under the formulary.

18 (b) COVERAGE OF APPROVED DRUGS AND MEDICAL DE-
19 VICES.—

20 (1) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan (and health in-
21 surance coverage offered in connection with such a plan)
22 that provides any coverage of prescription drugs or medical
23 devices shall not deny coverage of such a drug or device on
24 the basis that the use is investigational, if the use—

25 (A) in the case of a prescription drug—

26 (i) is included in the labeling authorized by the
27 application in effect for the drug pursuant to sub-
28 section (b) or (j) of section 505 of the Federal
29 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, without regard to
30 any postmarketing requirements that may apply
31 under such Act; or

32 (ii) is included in the labeling authorized by
33 the application in effect for the drug under section
34 351 of the Public Health Service Act, without re-
35 gard to any postmarketing requirements that may
36 apply pursuant to such section; or



(B) in the case of a medical device, is included in the labeling authorized by a regulation under subsection (d) or (3) of section 513 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, an order under subsection (f) of such section, or an application approved under section 515 of such Act, without regard to any post-marketing requirements that may apply under such Act.

(2) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as requiring a group health plan (or health insurance coverage offered in connection with such a plan) to provide any coverage of prescription drugs or medical devices.

SEC. 119. COVERAGE FOR INDIVIDUALS PARTICIPATING IN APPROVED CLINICAL TRIALS.

(a) COVERAGE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If a group health plan, or health insurance issuer that is providing health insurance coverage, provides coverage to a qualified individual (as defined in subsection (b)), the plan or issuer—

(A) may not deny the individual participation in the clinical trial referred to in subsection (b)(2);

(B) subject to subsection (c), may not deny (or limit or impose additional conditions on) the coverage of routine patient costs for items and services furnished in connection with participation in the trial; and

(C) may not discriminate against the individual on the basis of the enrollee's participation in such trial.

(2) EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN COSTS.—For purposes of paragraph (1)(B), routine patient costs do not include the cost of the tests or measurements conducted primarily for the purpose of the clinical trial involved.

(3) USE OF IN-NETWORK PROVIDERS.—If one or more participating providers is participating in a clinical trial, nothing in paragraph (1) shall be construed as preventing a plan or issuer from requiring that a qualified individual participate in the trial through such a participating pro-



1 vider if the provider will accept the individual as a partici-
2 pant in the trial.

3 (b) QUALIFIED INDIVIDUAL DEFINED.—For purposes of
4 subsection (a), the term “qualified individual” means an indi-
5 vidual who is a participant or beneficiary in a group health
6 plan, or who is an enrollee under health insurance coverage,
7 and who meets the following conditions:

8 (1)(A) The individual has a life-threatening or serious
9 illness for which no standard treatment is effective.

10 (B) The individual is eligible to participate in an ap-
11 proved clinical trial according to the trial protocol with re-
12 spect to treatment of such illness.

13 (C) The individual’s participation in the trial offers
14 meaningful potential for significant clinical benefit for the
15 individual.

16 (2) Either—

17 (A) the referring physician is a participating
18 health care professional and has concluded that the in-
19 dividual’s participation in such trial would be appro-
20 priate based upon the individual meeting the conditions
21 described in paragraph (1); or

22 (B) the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee pro-
23 vides medical and scientific information establishing
24 that the individual’s participation in such trial would be
25 appropriate based upon the individual meeting the con-
26 ditions described in paragraph (1).

27 (c) PAYMENT.—

28 (1) IN GENERAL.—Under this section a group health
29 plan and a health insurance issuer shall provide for pay-
30 ment for routine patient costs described in subsection
31 (a)(2) but is not required to pay for costs of items and
32 services that are reasonably expected (as determined by the
33 appropriate Secretary) to be paid for by the sponsors of an
34 approved clinical trial.

35 (2) PAYMENT RATE.—In the case of covered items and
36 services provided by—



1 (A) a participating provider, the payment rate
2 shall be at the agreed upon rate; or

3 (B) a nonparticipating provider, the payment rate
4 shall be at the rate the plan or issuer would normally
5 pay for comparable services under subparagraph (A).

6 (d) APPROVED CLINICAL TRIAL DEFINED.—

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—In this section, the term “approved
8 clinical trial” means a clinical research study or clinical
9 investigation—

10 (A) approved and funded (which may include
11 funding through in-kind contributions) by one or more
12 of the following:

13 (i) the National Institutes of Health;

14 (ii) a cooperative group or center of the Na-
15 tional Institutes of Health, including a qualified
16 nongovernmental research entity to which the Na-
17 tional Cancer Institute has awarded a center sup-
18 port grant;

19 (iii) either of the following if the conditions de-
20 scribed in paragraph (2) are met—

21 (I) the Department of Veterans Affairs;

22 (II) the Department of Defense; or

23 (B) approved by the Food and Drug Administra-
24 tion.

25 (2) CONDITIONS FOR DEPARTMENTS.—The conditions
26 described in this paragraph, for a study or investigation
27 conducted by a Department, are that the study or inves-
28 tigation has been reviewed and approved through a system
29 of peer review that the appropriate Secretary determines—

30 (A) to be comparable to the system of peer review
31 of studies and investigations used by the National In-
32 stitutes of Health; and

33 (B) assures unbiased review of the highest ethical
34 standards by qualified individuals who have no interest
35 in the outcome of the review.



(e) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit a plan's or issuer's coverage with respect to clinical trials.

SEC. 120. REQUIRED COVERAGE FOR MINIMUM HOSPITAL STAY FOR MASTECTOMIES AND LYMPH NODE DISSECTIONS FOR THE TREATMENT OF BREAST CANCER AND COVERAGE FOR SECONDARY CONSULTATIONS.

(a) INPATIENT CARE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer providing health insurance coverage, that provides medical and surgical benefits shall ensure that inpatient coverage with respect to the treatment of breast cancer is provided for a period of time as is determined by the attending physician, in consultation with the patient, to be medically necessary and appropriate following—

(A) a mastectomy;

(B) a lumpectomy; or

(C) a lymph node dissection for the treatment of breast cancer.

(2) EXCEPTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring the provision of inpatient coverage if the attending physician and patient determine that a shorter period of hospital stay is medically appropriate.

(b) PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN MODIFICATIONS.—In implementing the requirements of this section, a group health plan, and a health insurance issuer providing health insurance coverage, may not modify the terms and conditions of coverage based on the determination by a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to request less than the minimum coverage required under subsection (a).

(c) SECONDARY CONSULTATIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer providing health insurance coverage, that provides coverage with respect to medical and surgical services provided in relation to the diagnosis and treatment of cancer shall ensure that full coverage is provided for secondary consultations by specialists in the appropriate med-



1 ical fields (including pathology, radiology, and oncology) to
2 confirm or refute such diagnosis. Such plan or issuer shall
3 ensure that full coverage is provided for such secondary
4 consultation whether such consultation is based on a posi-
5 tive or negative initial diagnosis. In any case in which the
6 attending physician certifies in writing that services nec-
7 essary for such a secondary consultation are not sufficiently
8 available from specialists operating under the plan or cov-
9 erage with respect to whose services coverage is otherwise
10 provided under such plan or by such issuer, such plan or
11 issuer shall ensure that coverage is provided with respect
12 to the services necessary for the secondary consultation
13 with any other specialist selected by the attending physi-
14 cian for such purpose at no additional cost to the individual
15 beyond that which the individual would have paid if the
16 specialist was participating in the network of the plan or
17 issuer.

18 (2) EXCEPTION.—Nothing in paragraph (1) shall be
19 construed as requiring the provision of secondary consulta-
20 tions where the patient determines not to seek such a con-
21 sultation.

22 (d) PROHIBITION ON PENALTIES OR INCENTIVES.—A
23 group health plan, and a health insurance issuer providing
24 health insurance coverage, may not—

25 (1) penalize or otherwise reduce or limit the reim-
26 bursement of a provider or specialist because the provider
27 or specialist provided care to a participant, beneficiary, or
28 enrollee in accordance with this section;

29 (2) provide financial or other incentives to a physician
30 or specialist to induce the physician or specialist to keep
31 the length of inpatient stays of patients following a mastec-
32 tomy, lumpectomy, or a lymph node dissection for the
33 treatment of breast cancer below certain limits or to limit
34 referrals for secondary consultations; or

35 (3) provide financial or other incentives to a physician
36 or specialist to induce the physician or specialist to refrain
37 from referring a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee for a



1 secondary consultation that would otherwise be covered by
2 the plan or coverage involved under subsection (c).

3 **Subtitle C—Access to Information**

4 **SEC. 121. PATIENT ACCESS TO INFORMATION.**

5 (a) REQUIREMENT.—

6 (1) DISCLOSURE.—

7 (A) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, and a
8 health insurance issuer that provides coverage in con-
9 nection with health insurance coverage, shall provide
10 for the disclosure to participants, beneficiaries, and
11 enrollees—

12 (i) of the information described in subsection
13 (b) at the time of the initial enrollment of the par-
14 ticipant, beneficiary, or enrollee under the plan or
15 coverage;

16 (ii) of such information on an annual basis—

17 (I) in conjunction with the election period
18 of the plan or coverage if the plan or coverage
19 has such an election period; or

20 (II) in the case of a plan or coverage that
21 does not have an election period, in conjunction
22 with the beginning of the plan or coverage
23 year; and

24 (iii) of information relating to any material re-
25 duction to the benefits or information described in
26 such subsection or subsection (c), in the form of a
27 notice provided not later than 30 days before the
28 date on which the reduction takes effect.

29 (B) PARTICIPANTS, BENEFICIARIES, AND ENROLL-
30 EES.—The disclosure required under subparagraph (A)
31 shall be provided—

32 (i) jointly to each participant, beneficiary, and
33 enrollee who reside at the same address; or

34 (ii) in the case of a beneficiary or enrollee who
35 does not reside at the same address as the partici-
36 pant or another enrollee, separately to the partici-



1 pant or other enrollees and such beneficiary or en-
2 rollee.

3 (2) PROVISION OF INFORMATION.—Information shall
4 be provided to participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees
5 under this section at the last known address maintained by
6 the plan or issuer with respect to such participants, bene-
7 ficiaries, or enrollees, to the extent that such information
8 is provided to participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees via
9 the United States Postal Service or other private delivery
10 service.

11 (b) REQUIRED INFORMATION.—The informational mate-
12 rials to be distributed under this section shall include for each
13 option available under the group health plan or health insur-
14 ance coverage the following:

15 (1) BENEFITS.—A description of the covered benefits,
16 including—

17 (A) any in- and out-of-network benefits;

18 (B) specific preventive services covered under the
19 plan or coverage if such services are covered;

20 (C) any specific exclusions or express limitations
21 of benefits described in section 104(d)(3)(C);

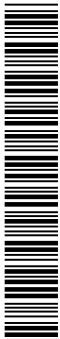
22 (D) any other benefit limitations, including any
23 annual or lifetime benefit limits and any monetary lim-
24 its or limits on the number of visits, days, or services,
25 and any specific coverage exclusions; and

26 (E) any definition of medical necessity used in
27 making coverage determinations by the plan, issuer, or
28 claims administrator.

29 (2) COST SHARING.—A description of any cost-sharing
30 requirements, including—

31 (A) any premiums, deductibles, coinsurance, co-
32 payment amounts, and liability for balance billing, for
33 which the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee will be re-
34 sponsible under each option available under the plan;

35 (B) any maximum out-of-pocket expense for which
36 the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee may be liable;



1 (C) any cost-sharing requirements for out-of-net-
2 work benefits or services received from nonparticipating
3 providers; and

4 (D) any additional cost-sharing or charges for ben-
5 efits and services that are furnished without meeting
6 applicable plan or coverage requirements, such as prior
7 authorization or precertification.

8 (3) DISENROLLMENT.—Information relating to the
9 disenrollment of a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee.

10 (4) SERVICE AREA.—A description of the plan or
11 issuer's service area, including the provision of any out-of-
12 area coverage.

13 (5) PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS.—A directory of par-
14 ticipating providers (to the extent a plan or issuer provides
15 coverage through a network of providers) that includes, at
16 a minimum, the name, address, and telephone number of
17 each participating provider, and information about how to
18 inquire whether a participating provider is currently accept-
19 ing new patients.

20 (6) CHOICE OF PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER.—A descrip-
21 tion of any requirements and procedures to be used by par-
22 ticipants, beneficiaries, and enrollees in selecting, accessing,
23 or changing their primary care provider, including pro-
24 viders both within and outside of the network (if the plan
25 or issuer permits out-of-network services), and the right to
26 select a pediatrician as a primary care provider under sec-
27 tion 116 for a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee who is
28 a child if such section applies.

29 (7) PREAUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENTS.—A descrip-
30 tion of the requirements and procedures to be used to ob-
31 tain preauthorization for health services, if such
32 preauthorization is required.

33 (8) EXPERIMENTAL AND INVESTIGATIONAL TREAT-
34 MENTS.—A description of the process for determining
35 whether a particular item, service, or treatment is consid-
36 ered experimental or investigational, and the circumstances



1 under which such treatments are covered by the plan or
2 issuer.

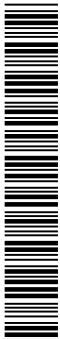
3 (9) SPECIALTY CARE.—A description of the require-
4 ments and procedures to be used by participants, bene-
5 ficiaries, and enrollees in accessing specialty care and ob-
6 taining referrals to participating and nonparticipating spe-
7 cialists, including any limitations on choice of health care
8 professionals referred to in section 112(b)(2) and the right
9 to timely access to specialists care under section 114 if
10 such section applies.

11 (10) CLINICAL TRIALS.—A description of the cir-
12 cumstances and conditions under which participation in
13 clinical trials is covered under the terms and conditions of
14 the plan or coverage, and the right to obtain coverage for
15 approved clinical trials under section 119 if such section
16 applies.

17 (11) PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.—To the extent the plan
18 or issuer provides coverage for prescription drugs, a state-
19 ment of whether such coverage is limited to drugs included
20 in a formulary, a description of any provisions and cost-
21 sharing required for obtaining on- and off-formulary medi-
22 cations, and a description of the rights of participants,
23 beneficiaries, and enrollees in obtaining access to access to
24 prescription drugs under section 118 if such section ap-
25 plies.

26 (12) EMERGENCY SERVICES.—A summary of the rules
27 and procedures for accessing emergency services, including
28 the right of a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to obtain
29 emergency services under the prudent layperson standard
30 under section 113, if such section applies, and any edu-
31 cational information that the plan or issuer may provide re-
32 garding the appropriate use of emergency services.

33 (13) CLAIMS AND APPEALS.—A description of the plan
34 or issuer's rules and procedures pertaining to claims and
35 appeals, a description of the rights (including deadlines for
36 exercising rights) of participants, beneficiaries, and enroll-
37 ees under subtitle A in obtaining covered benefits, filing a



1 claim for benefits, and appealing coverage decisions inter-
2 nally and externally (including telephone numbers and
3 mailing addresses of the appropriate authority), and a de-
4 scription of any additional legal rights and remedies avail-
5 able under section 502 of the Employee Retirement Income
6 Security Act of 1974 and applicable State law.

7 (14) ADVANCE DIRECTIVES AND ORGAN DONATION.—
8 A description of procedures for advance directives and
9 organ donation decisions if the plan or issuer maintains
10 such procedures.

11 (15) INFORMATION ON PLANS AND ISSUERS.—The
12 name, mailing address, and telephone number or numbers
13 of the plan administrator and the issuer to be used by par-
14 ticipants, beneficiaries, and enrollees seeking information
15 about plan or coverage benefits and services, payment of a
16 claim, or authorization for services and treatment. Notice
17 of whether the benefits under the plan or coverage are pro-
18 vided under a contract or policy of insurance issued by an
19 issuer, or whether benefits are provided directly by the plan
20 sponsor who bears the insurance risk.

21 (16) TRANSLATION SERVICES.—A summary descrip-
22 tion of any translation or interpretation services (including
23 the availability of printed information in languages other
24 than English, audio tapes, or information in Braille) that
25 are available for non-English speakers and participants,
26 beneficiaries, and enrollees with communication disabilities
27 and a description of how to access these items or services.

28 (17) ACCREDITATION INFORMATION.—Any informa-
29 tion that is made public by accrediting organizations in the
30 process of accreditation if the plan or issuer is accredited,
31 or any additional quality indicators (such as the results of
32 enrollee satisfaction surveys) that the plan or issuer makes
33 public or makes available to participants, beneficiaries, and
34 enrollees.

35 (18) NOTICE OF REQUIREMENTS.—A description of
36 any rights of participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees that
37 are established by the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act



(excluding those described in paragraphs (1) through (17)) if such sections apply. The description required under this paragraph may be combined with the notices of the type described in sections 711(d), 713(b), or 606(a)(1) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and with any other notice provision that the appropriate Secretary determines may be combined, so long as such combination does not result in any reduction in the information that would otherwise be provided to the recipient.

(19) AVAILABILITY OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.—A statement that the information described in subsection (c), and instructions on obtaining such information (including telephone numbers and, if available, Internet websites), shall be made available upon request.

(20) DESIGNATED DECISIONMAKERS.—A description of the participants and beneficiaries with respect to whom each designated decisionmaker under the plan has assumed liability under section 502(o) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and the name and address of each such decisionmaker.

(c) ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.—The informational materials to be provided upon the request of a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee shall include for each option available under a group health plan or health insurance coverage the following:

(1) STATUS OF PROVIDERS.—The State licensure status of the plan or issuer's participating health care professionals and participating health care facilities, and, if available, the education, training, specialty qualifications or certifications of such professionals.

(2) COMPENSATION METHODS.—A summary description by category of the applicable methods (such as capitation, fee-for-service, salary, bundled payments, per diem, or a combination thereof) used for compensating prospective or treating health care professionals (including primary care providers and specialists) and facilities in connection with the provision of health care under the plan or coverage.



1 (3) PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.—Information about wheth-
2 er a specific prescription medication is included in the for-
3 mulary of the plan or issuer, if the plan or issuer uses a
4 defined formulary.

5 (4) UTILIZATION REVIEW ACTIVITIES.—A description
6 of procedures used and requirements (including cir-
7 cumstances, timeframes, and appeals rights) under any uti-
8 lization review program under sections 101 and 102, in-
9 cluding any drug formulary program under section 118.

10 (5) EXTERNAL APPEALS INFORMATION.—Aggregate
11 information on the number and outcomes of external med-
12 ical reviews, relative to the sample size (such as the number
13 of covered lives) under the plan or under the coverage of
14 the issuer.

15 (d) MANNER OF DISCLOSURE.—The information described
16 in this section shall be disclosed in an accessible medium and
17 format that is calculated to be understood by a participant or
18 enrollee.

19 (e) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section
20 shall be construed to prohibit a group health plan, or a health
21 insurance issuer in connection with health insurance coverage,
22 from—

23 (1) distributing any other additional information de-
24 termined by the plan or issuer to be important or necessary
25 in assisting participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees in the
26 selection of a health plan or health insurance coverage; and

27 (2) complying with the provisions of this section by
28 providing information in brochures, through the Internet or
29 other electronic media, or through other similar means, so
30 long as—

31 (A) the disclosure of such information in such
32 form is in accordance with requirements as the appro-
33 priate Secretary may impose, and

34 (B) in connection with any such disclosure of in-
35 formation through the Internet or other electronic
36 media—



1 (i) the recipient has affirmatively consented to
2 the disclosure of such information in such form,

3 (ii) the recipient is capable of accessing the in-
4 formation so disclosed on the recipient's individual
5 workstation or at the recipient's home,

6 (iii) the recipient retains an ongoing right to
7 receive paper disclosure of such information and re-
8 ceives, in advance of any attempt at disclosure of
9 such information to him or her through the Inter-
10 net or other electronic media, notice in printed
11 form of such ongoing right and of the proper soft-
12 ware required to view information so disclosed, and

13 (iv) the plan administrator appropriately en-
14 sures that the intended recipient is receiving the in-
15 formation so disclosed and provides the information
16 in printed form if the information is not received.

17 **Subtitle D—Protecting the Doctor-** 18 **Patient Relationship**

19 **SEC. 131. PROHIBITION OF INTERFERENCE WITH CER-** 20 **TAIN MEDICAL COMMUNICATIONS.**

21 (a) GENERAL RULE.—The provisions of any contract or
22 agreement, or the operation of any contract or agreement, be-
23 tween a group health plan or health insurance issuer in relation
24 to health insurance coverage (including any partnership, asso-
25 ciation, or other organization that enters into or administers
26 such a contract or agreement) and a health care provider (or
27 group of health care providers) shall not prohibit or otherwise
28 restrict a health care professional from advising such a partici-
29 pant, beneficiary, or enrollee who is a patient of the profes-
30 sional about the health status of the individual or medical care
31 or treatment for the individual's condition or disease, regard-
32 less of whether benefits for such care or treatment are provided
33 under the plan or coverage, if the professional is acting within
34 the lawful scope of practice.

35 (b) NULLIFICATION.—Any contract provision or agreement
36 that restricts or prohibits medical communications in violation
37 of subsection (a) shall be null and void.



1 **SEC. 132. PROHIBITION OF DISCRIMINATION AGAINST**
2 **PROVIDERS BASED ON LICENSURE.**

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, and a health in-
4 surance issuer with respect to health insurance coverage, shall
5 not discriminate with respect to participation or indemnifica-
6 tion as to any provider who is acting within the scope of the
7 provider's license or certification under applicable State law,
8 solely on the basis of such license or certification.

9 (b) CONSTRUCTION.—Subsection (a) shall not be
10 construed—

11 (1) as requiring the coverage under a group health
12 plan or health insurance coverage of a particular benefit or
13 service or to prohibit a plan or issuer from including pro-
14 viders only to the extent necessary to meet the needs of the
15 plan's or issuer's participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees or
16 from establishing any measure designed to maintain quality
17 and control costs consistent with the responsibilities of the
18 plan or issuer;

19 (2) to override any State licensure or scope-of-practice
20 law; or

21 (3) as requiring a plan or issuer that offers network
22 coverage to include for participation every willing provider
23 who meets the terms and conditions of the plan or issuer.

24 **SEC. 133. PROHIBITION AGAINST IMPROPER INCENTIVE**
25 **ARRANGEMENTS.**

26 (a) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan and a health in-
27 surance issuer offering health insurance coverage may not oper-
28 ate any physician incentive plan (as defined in subparagraph
29 (B) of section 1852(j)(4) of the Social Security Act) unless the
30 requirements described in clauses (i), (ii)(I), and (iii) of sub-
31 paragraph (A) of such section are met with respect to such a
32 plan.

33 (b) APPLICATION.—For purposes of carrying out para-
34 graph (1), any reference in section 1852(j)(4) of the Social Se-
35 curity Act to the Secretary, a Medicare+Choice organization,
36 or an individual enrolled with the organization shall be treated
37 as a reference to the applicable authority, a group health plan



1 or health insurance issuer, respectively, and a participant, ben-
2 eficiary, or enrollee with the plan or organization, respectively.

3 (c) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be con-
4 strued as prohibiting all capitation and similar arrangements or
5 all provider discount arrangements.

6 **SEC. 134. PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.**

7 A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer offer-
8 ing health insurance coverage, shall provide for prompt pay-
9 ment of claims submitted for health care services or supplies
10 furnished to a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee with respect
11 to benefits covered by the plan or issuer, in a manner that is
12 no less protective than the provisions of section 1842(c)(2) of
13 the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395u(c)(2)).

14 **SEC. 135. PROTECTION FOR PATIENT ADVOCACY.**

15 (a) PROTECTION FOR USE OF UTILIZATION REVIEW AND
16 GRIEVANCE PROCESS.—A group health plan, and a health in-
17 surance issuer with respect to the provision of health insurance
18 coverage, may not retaliate against a participant, beneficiary,
19 enrollee, or health care provider based on the participant's,
20 beneficiary's, enrollee's or provider's use of, or participation in,
21 a utilization review process or a grievance process of the plan
22 or issuer (including an internal or external review or appeal
23 process) under this title.

24 (b) PROTECTION FOR QUALITY ADVOCACY BY HEALTH
25 CARE PROFESSIONALS.—

26 (1) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan and a health
27 insurance issuer may not retaliate or discriminate against
28 a protected health care professional because the profes-
29 sional in good faith—

30 (A) discloses information relating to the care, serv-
31 ices, or conditions affecting one or more participants,
32 beneficiaries, or enrollees of the plan or issuer to an
33 appropriate public regulatory agency, an appropriate
34 private accreditation body, or appropriate management
35 personnel of the plan or issuer; or



1 (B) initiates, cooperates, or otherwise participates
2 in an investigation or proceeding by such an agency
3 with respect to such care, services, or conditions.

4 If an institutional health care provider is a participating
5 provider with such a plan or issuer or otherwise receives
6 payments for benefits provided by such a plan or issuer,
7 the provisions of the previous sentence shall apply to the
8 provider in relation to care, services, or conditions affecting
9 one or more patients within an institutional health care
10 provider in the same manner as they apply to the plan or
11 issuer in relation to care, services, or conditions provided
12 to one or more participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees; and
13 for purposes of applying this sentence, any reference to a
14 plan or issuer is deemed a reference to the institutional
15 health care provider.

16 (2) GOOD FAITH ACTION.—For purposes of paragraph
17 (1), a protected health care professional is considered to be
18 acting in good faith with respect to disclosure of informa-
19 tion or participation if, with respect to the information dis-
20 closed as part of the action—

21 (A) the disclosure is made on the basis of personal
22 knowledge and is consistent with that degree of learn-
23 ing and skill ordinarily possessed by health care profes-
24 sionals with the same licensure or certification and the
25 same experience;

26 (B) the professional reasonably believes the infor-
27 mation to be true;

28 (C) the information evidences either a violation of
29 a law, rule, or regulation, of an applicable accreditation
30 standard, or of a generally recognized professional or
31 clinical standard or that a patient is in imminent haz-
32 ard of loss of life or serious injury; and

33 (D) subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C) of para-
34 graph (3), the professional has followed reasonable in-
35 ternal procedures of the plan, issuer, or institutional
36 health care provider established for the purpose of ad-
37 dressing quality concerns before making the disclosure.



1 (3) EXCEPTION AND SPECIAL RULE.—

2 (A) GENERAL EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) does
3 not protect disclosures that would violate Federal or
4 State law or diminish or impair the rights of any per-
5 son to the continued protection of confidentiality of
6 communications provided by such law.

7 (B) NOTICE OF INTERNAL PROCEDURES.—Sub-
8 paragraph (D) of paragraph (2) shall not apply unless
9 the internal procedures involved are reasonably ex-
10 pected to be known to the health care professional in-
11 volved. For purposes of this subparagraph, a health
12 care professional is reasonably expected to know of in-
13 ternal procedures if those procedures have been made
14 available to the professional through distribution or
15 posting.

16 (C) INTERNAL PROCEDURE EXCEPTION.—Sub-
17 paragraph (D) of paragraph (2) also shall not apply
18 if—

19 (i) the disclosure relates to an imminent haz-
20 ard of loss of life or serious injury to a patient;

21 (ii) the disclosure is made to an appropriate
22 private accreditation body pursuant to disclosure
23 procedures established by the body; or

24 (iii) the disclosure is in response to an inquiry
25 made in an investigation or proceeding of an appro-
26 priate public regulatory agency and the information
27 disclosed is limited to the scope of the investigation
28 or proceeding.

29 (4) ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS.—It shall not be a
30 violation of paragraph (1) to take an adverse action against
31 a protected health care professional if the plan, issuer, or
32 provider taking the adverse action involved demonstrates
33 that it would have taken the same adverse action even in
34 the absence of the activities protected under such para-
35 graph.

36 (5) NOTICE.—A group health plan, health insurance
37 issuer, and institutional health care provider shall post a



1 notice, to be provided or approved by the Secretary of
2 Labor, setting forth excerpts from, or summaries of, the
3 pertinent provisions of this subsection and information per-
4 taining to enforcement of such provisions.

5 (6) CONSTRUCTIONS.—

6 (A) DETERMINATIONS OF COVERAGE.—Nothing in
7 this subsection shall be construed to prohibit a plan or
8 issuer from making a determination not to pay for a
9 particular medical treatment or service or the services
10 of a type of health care professional.

11 (B) ENFORCEMENT OF PEER REVIEW PROTOCOLS
12 AND INTERNAL PROCEDURES.—Nothing in this sub-
13 section shall be construed to prohibit a plan, issuer, or
14 provider from establishing and enforcing reasonable
15 peer review or utilization review protocols or deter-
16 mining whether a protected health care professional has
17 complied with those protocols or from establishing and
18 enforcing internal procedures for the purpose of ad-
19 dressing quality concerns.

20 (C) RELATION TO OTHER RIGHTS.—Nothing in
21 this subsection shall be construed to abridge rights of
22 participants, beneficiaries, enrollees, and protected
23 health care professionals under other applicable Fed-
24 eral or State laws.

25 (7) PROTECTED HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL DE-
26 FINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the term “pro-
27 tected health care professional” means an individual who is
28 a licensed or certified health care professional and who—

29 (A) with respect to a group health plan or health
30 insurance issuer, is an employee of the plan or issuer
31 or has a contract with the plan or issuer for provision
32 of services for which benefits are available under the
33 plan or issuer; or

34 (B) with respect to an institutional health care
35 provider, is an employee of the provider or has a con-
36 tract or other arrangement with the provider respecting
37 the provision of health care services.



Subtitle E—Definitions

SEC. 151. DEFINITIONS.

(a) INCORPORATION OF GENERAL DEFINITIONS.—Except as otherwise provided, the provisions of section 2791 of the Public Health Service Act shall apply for purposes of this title in the same manner as they apply for purposes of title XXVII of such Act.

(b) SECRETARY.—Except as otherwise provided, the term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Health and Human Services, in consultation with the Secretary of Labor and the term “appropriate Secretary” means the Secretary of Health and Human Services in relation to carrying out this title under sections 2706 and 2751 of the Public Health Service Act and the Secretary of Labor in relation to carrying out this title under section 714 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

(c) ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this title:

(1) APPLICABLE AUTHORITY.—The term “applicable authority” means—

(A) in the case of a group health plan, the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Secretary of Labor; and

(B) in the case of a health insurance issuer with respect to a specific provision of this title, the applicable State authority (as defined in section 2791(d) of the Public Health Service Act), or the Secretary of Health and Human Services, if such Secretary is enforcing such provision under section 2722(a)(2) or 2761(a)(2) of the Public Health Service Act.

(2) ENROLLEE.—The term “enrollee” means, with respect to health insurance coverage offered by a health insurance issuer, an individual enrolled with the issuer to receive such coverage.

(3) GROUP HEALTH PLAN.—The term “group health plan” has the meaning given such term in section 733(a) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974,



1 except that such term includes a employee welfare benefit
2 plan treated as a group health plan under section 732(d)
3 of such Act or defined as such a plan under section 607(1)
4 of such Act.

5 (4) HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL.—The term “health
6 care professional” means an individual who is licensed, ac-
7 credited, or certified under State law to provide specified
8 health care services and who is operating within the scope
9 of such licensure, accreditation, or certification.

10 (5) HEALTH CARE PROVIDER.—The term “health care
11 provider” includes a physician or other health care profes-
12 sional, as well as an institutional or other facility or agency
13 that provides health care services and that is licensed, ac-
14 credited, or certified to provide health care items and serv-
15 ices under applicable State law.

16 (6) NETWORK.—The term “network” means, with re-
17 spect to a group health plan or health insurance issuer of-
18 fering health insurance coverage, the participating health
19 care professionals and providers through whom the plan or
20 issuer provides health care items and services to partici-
21 pants, beneficiaries, or enrollees.

22 (7) NONPARTICIPATING.—The term “nonpartici-
23 pating” means, with respect to a health care provider that
24 provides health care items and services to a participant,
25 beneficiary, or enrollee under group health plan or health
26 insurance coverage, a health care provider that is not a
27 participating health care provider with respect to such
28 items and services.

29 (8) PARTICIPATING.—The term “participating”
30 means, with respect to a health care provider that provides
31 health care items and services to a participant, beneficiary,
32 or enrollee under group health plan or health insurance
33 coverage offered by a health insurance issuer, a health care
34 provider that furnishes such items and services under a
35 contract or other arrangement with the plan or issuer.

36 (9) PRIOR AUTHORIZATION.—The term “prior author-
37 ization” means the process of obtaining prior approval from



1 a health insurance issuer or group health plan for the pro-
2 vision or coverage of medical services.

3 (10) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The term “terms and
4 conditions” includes, with respect to a group health plan or
5 health insurance coverage, requirements imposed under this
6 title with respect to the plan or coverage.

7 **SEC. 152. PREEMPTION; STATE FLEXIBILITY; CONSTRUC-**
8 **TION.**

9 (a) CONTINUED APPLICABILITY OF STATE LAW WITH RE-
10 SPECT TO HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS.—

11 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), this title
12 shall not be construed to supersede any provision of State
13 law which establishes, implements, or continues in effect
14 any standard or requirement solely relating to health insur-
15 ance issuers (in connection with group health insurance
16 coverage or otherwise) except to the extent that such stand-
17 ard or requirement prevents the application of a require-
18 ment of this title.

19 (2) CONTINUED PREEMPTION WITH RESPECT TO
20 GROUP HEALTH PLANS.—Nothing in this title shall be con-
21 strued to affect or modify the provisions of section 514 of
22 the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974
23 with respect to group health plans.

24 (3) CONSTRUCTION.—In applying this section, a State
25 law that provides for equal access to, and availability of, all
26 categories of licensed health care providers and services
27 shall not be treated as preventing the application of any re-
28 quirement of this title.

29 (b) APPLICATION OF SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLIANT STATE
30 LAWS.—

31 (1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a State law that im-
32 poses, with respect to health insurance coverage offered by
33 a health insurance issuer and with respect to a group
34 health plan that is a non-Federal governmental plan, a re-
35 quirement that substantially complies (within the meaning
36 of subsection (c)) with a patient protection requirement (as
37 defined in paragraph (3)) and does not prevent the applica-



tion of other requirements under this Act (except in the case of other substantially compliant requirements), in applying the requirements of this title under section 2707 and 2753 (as applicable) of the Public Health Service Act (as added by title II), subject to subsection (a)(2)—

(A) the State law shall not be treated as being superseded under subsection (a); and

(B) the State law shall apply instead of the patient protection requirement otherwise applicable with respect to health insurance coverage and non-Federal governmental plans.

(2) LIMITATION.—In the case of a group health plan covered under title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, paragraph (1) shall be construed to apply only with respect to the health insurance coverage (if any) offered in connection with the plan.

(3) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(A) PATIENT PROTECTION REQUIREMENT.—The term “patient protection requirement” means a requirement under this title, and includes (as a single requirement) a group or related set of requirements under a section or similar unit under this title.

(B) SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLIANT.—The terms “substantially compliant”, “substantially complies”, or “substantial compliance” with respect to a State law, mean that the State law has the same or similar features as the patient protection requirements and has a similar effect.

(c) DETERMINATIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE.—

(1) CERTIFICATION BY STATES.—A State may submit to the Secretary a certification that a State law provides for patient protections that are at least substantially compliant with one or more patient protection requirements. Such certification shall be accompanied by such information as may be required to permit the Secretary to make the determination described in paragraph (2)(A).

(2) REVIEW.—



1 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall promptly
2 review a certification submitted under paragraph (1)
3 with respect to a State law to determine if the State
4 law substantially complies with the patient protection
5 requirement (or requirements) to which the law relates.

6 (B) APPROVAL DEADLINES.—

7 (i) INITIAL REVIEW.—Such a certification is
8 considered approved unless the Secretary notifies
9 the State in writing, within 90 days after the date
10 of receipt of the certification, that the certification
11 is disapproved (and the reasons for disapproval) or
12 that specified additional information is needed to
13 make the determination described in subparagraph
14 (A).

15 (ii) ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.—With respect
16 to a State that has been notified by the Secretary
17 under clause (i) that specified additional informa-
18 tion is needed to make the determination described
19 in subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall make the
20 determination within 60 days after the date on
21 which such specified additional information is re-
22 ceived by the Secretary.

23 (3) APPROVAL.—

24 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall approve a
25 certification under paragraph (1) unless—

26 (i) the State fails to provide sufficient infor-
27 mation to enable the Secretary to make a deter-
28 mination under paragraph (2)(A); or

29 (ii) the Secretary determines that the State
30 law involved does not provide for patient protec-
31 tions that substantially comply with the patient
32 protection requirement (or requirements) to which
33 the law relates.

34 (B) STATE CHALLENGE.—A State that has a cer-
35 tification disapproved by the Secretary under subpara-
36 graph (A) may challenge such disapproval in the appro-
37 priate United States district court.



1 (C) DEFERENCE TO STATES.—With respect to a
2 certification submitted under paragraph (1), the Sec-
3 retary shall give deference to the State's interpretation
4 of the State law involved with respect to the patient
5 protection involved.

6 (D) PUBLIC NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary
7 shall—

8 (i) provide a State with a notice of the deter-
9 mination to approve or disapprove a certification
10 under this paragraph;

11 (ii) promptly publish in the Federal Register a
12 notice that a State has submitted a certification
13 under paragraph (1);

14 (iii) promptly publish in the Federal Register
15 the notice described in clause (i) with respect to the
16 State; and

17 (iv) annually publish the status of all States
18 with respect to certifications.

19 (4) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection shall
20 be construed as preventing the certification (and approval
21 of certification) of a State law under this subsection solely
22 because it provides for greater protections for patients than
23 those protections otherwise required to establish substantial
24 compliance.

25 (5) PETITIONS.—

26 (A) PETITION PROCESS.—Effective on the date on
27 which the provisions of this Act become effective, as
28 provided for in section 601, a group health plan, health
29 insurance issuer, participant, beneficiary, or enrollee
30 may submit a petition to the Secretary for an advisory
31 opinion as to whether or not a standard or requirement
32 under a State law applicable to the plan, issuer, partici-
33 pant, beneficiary, or enrollee that is not the subject of
34 a certification under this subsection, is superseded
35 under subsection (a)(1) because such standard or re-
36 quirement prevents the application of a requirement of
37 this title.



1 (B) OPINION.—The Secretary shall issue an advisory
2 opinion with respect to a petition submitted under
3 subparagraph (A) within the 60-day period beginning
4 on the date on which such petition is submitted.

5 (d) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:

6 (1) STATE LAW.—The term “State law” includes all
7 laws, decisions, rules, regulations, or other State action
8 having the effect of law, of any State. A law of the United
9 States applicable only to the District of Columbia shall be
10 treated as a State law rather than a law of the United
11 States.

12 (2) STATE.—The term “State” includes a State, the
13 District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands,
14 Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands,
15 any political subdivisions of such, or any agency or instru-
16 mentality of such.

17 **SEC. 153. EXCLUSIONS.**

18 (a) NO BENEFIT REQUIREMENTS.—Nothing in this title
19 shall be construed to require a group health plan or a health
20 insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage to include
21 specific items and services under the terms of such a plan or
22 coverage, other than those provided under the terms and condi-
23 tions of such plan or coverage.

24 (b) EXCLUSION FROM ACCESS TO CARE MANAGED CARE
25 PROVISIONS FOR FEE-FOR-SERVICE COVERAGE.—

26 (1) IN GENERAL.—The provisions of sections 111
27 through 117 shall not apply to a group health plan or
28 health insurance coverage if the only coverage offered
29 under the plan or coverage is fee-for-service coverage (as
30 defined in paragraph (2)).

31 (2) FEE-FOR-SERVICE COVERAGE DEFINED.—For pur-
32 poses of this subsection, the term “fee-for-service coverage”
33 means coverage under a group health plan or health insur-
34 ance coverage that—

35 (A) reimburses hospitals, health professionals, and
36 other providers on a fee-for-service basis without plac-
37 ing the provider at financial risk;



(B) does not vary reimbursement for such a provider based on an agreement to contract terms and conditions or the utilization of health care items or services relating to such provider;

(C) allows access to any provider that is lawfully authorized to provide the covered services and that agrees to accept the terms and conditions of payment established under the plan or by the issuer; and

(D) for which the plan or issuer does not require prior authorization before providing for any health care services.

SEC. 154. TREATMENT OF EXCEPTED BENEFITS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The requirements of this title and the provisions of sections 502(a)(1)(C), 502(n), and 514(d) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (added by section 402) shall not apply to excepted benefits (as defined in section 733(c) of such Act), other than benefits described in section 733(c)(2)(A) of such Act, in the same manner as the provisions of part 7 of subtitle B of title I of such Act do not apply to such benefits under subsections (b) and (c) of section 732 of such Act.

(b) COVERAGE OF CERTAIN LIMITED SCOPE PLANS.—Only for purposes of applying the requirements of this title under sections 2707 and 2753 of the Public Health Service Act, section 714 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, and section 9813 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the following sections shall be deemed not to apply:

(1) Section 2791(c)(2)(A) of the Public Health Service Act.

(2) Section 733(c)(2)(A) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

(3) Section 9832(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

SEC. 155. REGULATIONS.

The Secretaries of Health and Human Services, Labor, and the Treasury shall issue such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out this title. Such regulations



1 shall be issued consistent with section 104 of Health Insurance
2 Portability and Accountability Act of 1996. Such Secretaries
3 may promulgate any interim final rules as the Secretaries de-
4 termine are appropriate to carry out this title.

5 **SEC. 156. INCORPORATION INTO PLAN OR COVERAGE**
6 **DOCUMENTS.**

7 The requirements of this title with respect to a group
8 health plan or health insurance coverage are, subject to section
9 154, deemed to be incorporated into, and made a part of, such
10 plan or the policy, certificate, or contract providing such cov-
11 erage and are enforceable under law as if directly included in
12 the documentation of such plan or such policy, certificate, or
13 contract.

14 **SEC. 157. PRESERVATION OF PROTECTIONS.**

15 (a) IN GENERAL.—The rights under this Act (including
16 the right to maintain a civil action and any other rights under
17 the amendments made by this Act) may not be waived, de-
18 ferred, or lost pursuant to any agreement not authorized under
19 this Act.

20 (b) EXCEPTION.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to an
21 agreement providing for arbitration or participation in any
22 other nonjudicial procedure to resolve a dispute if the agree-
23 ment is entered into knowingly and voluntarily by the parties
24 involved after the dispute has arisen or is pursuant to the
25 terms of a collective bargaining agreement. Nothing in this sub-
26 section shall be construed to permit the waiver of the require-
27 ments of sections 103 and 104 (relating to internal and exter-
28 nal review).



1 **TITLE II—APPLICATION OF QUAL-**
2 **ITY CARE STANDARDS TO GROUP**
3 **HEALTH PLANS AND HEALTH IN-**
4 **SURANCE COVERAGE UNDER**
5 **THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE**
6 **ACT**

7 **SEC. 201. APPLICATION TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS AND**
8 **GROUP HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE.**

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart 2 of part A of title XXVII of
10 the Public Health Service Act is amended by adding at the end
11 the following new section:

12 **“SEC. 2707. PATIENT PROTECTION STANDARDS.**

13 “Each group health plan shall comply with patient protec-
14 tion requirements under title I of the Bipartisan Patient Pro-
15 tection Act, and each health insurance issuer shall comply with
16 patient protection requirements under such title with respect to
17 group health insurance coverage it offers, and such require-
18 ments shall be deemed to be incorporated into this sub-
19 section.”.

20 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 2721(b)(2)(A) of
21 such Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg–21(b)(2)(A)) is amended by insert-
22 ing “(other than section 2707)” after “requirements of such
23 subparts”.

24 **SEC. 202. APPLICATION TO INDIVIDUAL HEALTH INSUR-**
25 **ANCE COVERAGE.**

26 Part B of title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act
27 is amended by inserting after section 2752 the following new
28 section:

29 **“SEC. 2753. PATIENT PROTECTION STANDARDS.**

30 “Each health insurance issuer shall comply with patient
31 protection requirements under title I of the Bipartisan Patient
32 Protection Act with respect to individual health insurance cov-
33 erage it offers, and such requirements shall be deemed to be
34 incorporated into this subsection.”.



1 **SEC. 203. COOPERATION BETWEEN FEDERAL AND**
2 **STATE AUTHORITIES.**

3 Part C of title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act
4 (42 U.S.C. 300gg–91 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
5 the following:

6 **“SEC. 2793. COOPERATION BETWEEN FEDERAL AND**
7 **STATE AUTHORITIES.**

8 “(a) AGREEMENT WITH STATES.—A State may enter into
9 an agreement with the Secretary for the delegation to the State
10 of some or all of the Secretary’s authority under this title to
11 enforce the requirements applicable under title I of the Bipar-
12 tisan Patient Protection Act with respect to health insurance
13 coverage offered by a health insurance issuer and with respect
14 to a group health plan that is a non-Federal governmental
15 plan.

16 “(b) DELEGATIONS.—Any department, agency, or instru-
17 mentality of a State to which authority is delegated pursuant
18 to an agreement entered into under this section may, if author-
19 ized under State law and to the extent consistent with such
20 agreement, exercise the powers of the Secretary under this title
21 which relate to such authority.”.

22 **TITLE III—APPLICATION OF PA-**
23 **TIENT PROTECTION STANDARDS**
24 **TO FEDERAL HEALTH INSUR-**
25 **ANCE PROGRAMS**

26 **SEC. 301. APPLICATION OF PATIENT PROTECTION**
27 **STANDARDS TO FEDERAL HEALTH INSUR-**
28 **ANCE PROGRAMS.**

29 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress
30 that enrollees in Federal health insurance programs should
31 have the same rights and privileges as those afforded under
32 title I and under the amendments made by title IV to partici-
33 pants and beneficiaries under group health plans.

34 (b) CONFORMING FEDERAL HEALTH INSURANCE PRO-
35 GRAMS.—It is the sense of Congress that the President should
36 require, by executive order, the Federal official with authority
37 over each Federal health insurance program, to the extent fea-



1 sible, to take such steps as are necessary to implement the
2 rights and privileges described in subsection (a) with respect to
3 such program.

4 (c) GAO REPORT ON ADDITIONAL STEPS REQUIRED.—
5 Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this
6 Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit
7 to Congress a report on statutory changes that are required to
8 implement such rights and privileges in a manner that is con-
9 sistent with the missions of the Federal health insurance pro-
10 grams and that avoids unnecessary duplication or disruption of
11 such programs.

12 (d) FEDERAL HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM.—In this
13 section, the term “Federal health insurance program” means a
14 Federal program that provides creditable coverage (as defined
15 in section 2701(c)(1) of the Public Health Service Act) and in-
16 cludes a health program of the Department of Veterans Affairs.

17 **TITLE IV—AMENDMENTS TO THE**
18 **EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT IN-**
19 **COME SECURITY ACT OF 1974**

20 **SEC. 401. APPLICATION OF PATIENT PROTECTION**
21 **STANDARDS TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS AND**
22 **GROUP HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE**
23 **UNDER THE EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT IN-**
24 **COME SECURITY ACT OF 1974.**

25 Subpart B of part 7 of subtitle B of title I of the Em-
26 ployee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 is amended by
27 adding at the end the following new section:

28 **“SEC. 714. PATIENT PROTECTION STANDARDS.**

29 “(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), a group
30 health plan (and a health insurance issuer offering group
31 health insurance coverage in connection with such a plan) shall
32 comply with the requirements of title I of the Bipartisan Pa-
33 tient Protection Act (as in effect as of the date of the enact-
34 ment of such Act), and such requirements shall be deemed to
35 be incorporated into this subsection.

36 “(b) PLAN SATISFACTION OF CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS.—



1 “(1) SATISFACTION OF CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS
2 THROUGH INSURANCE.—For purposes of subsection (a), in-
3 sofar as a group health plan provides benefits in the form
4 of health insurance coverage through a health insurance
5 issuer, the plan shall be treated as meeting the following
6 requirements of title I of the Bipartisan Patient Protection
7 Act with respect to such benefits and not be considered as
8 failing to meet such requirements because of a failure of
9 the issuer to meet such requirements so long as the plan
10 sponsor or its representatives did not cause such failure by
11 the issuer:

12 “(A) Section 111 (relating to consumer choice op-
13 tion).

14 “(B) Section 112 (relating to choice of health care
15 professional).

16 “(C) Section 113 (relating to access to emergency
17 care).

18 “(D) Section 114 (relating to timely access to spe-
19 cialists).

20 “(E) Section 115 (relating to patient access to ob-
21 stetrical and gynecological care).

22 “(F) Section 116 (relating to access to pediatric
23 care).

24 “(G) Section 117 (relating to continuity of care),
25 but only insofar as a replacement issuer assumes the
26 obligation for continuity of care.

27 “(H) Section 118 (relating to access to needed
28 prescription drugs).

29 “(I) Section 119 (relating to coverage for individ-
30 uals participating in approved clinical trials).

31 “(J) Section 120 (relating to required coverage for
32 minimum hospital stay for mastectomies and lymph
33 node dissections for the treatment of breast cancer and
34 coverage for secondary consultations).

35 “(K) Section 134 (relating to payment of claims).

36 “(2) INFORMATION.—With respect to information re-
37 quired to be provided or made available under section 121



1 of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act, in the case of a
2 group health plan that provides benefits in the form of
3 health insurance coverage through a health insurance
4 issuer, the Secretary shall determine the circumstances
5 under which the plan is not required to provide or make
6 available the information (and is not liable for the issuer's
7 failure to provide or make available the information), if the
8 issuer is obligated to provide and make available (or pro-
9 vides and makes available) such information.

10 “(3) INTERNAL APPEALS.—With respect to the inter-
11 nal appeals process required to be established under section
12 103 of such Act, in the case of a group health plan that
13 provides benefits in the form of health insurance coverage
14 through a health insurance issuer, the Secretary shall de-
15 termine the circumstances under which the plan is not re-
16 quired to provide for such process and system (and is not
17 liable for the issuer's failure to provide for such process
18 and system), if the issuer is obligated to provide for (and
19 provides for) such process and system.

20 “(4) EXTERNAL APPEALS.—Pursuant to rules of the
21 Secretary, insofar as a group health plan enters into a con-
22 tract with a qualified external appeal entity for the conduct
23 of external appeal activities in accordance with section 104
24 of such Act, the plan shall be treated as meeting the re-
25 quirement of such section and is not liable for the entity's
26 failure to meet any requirements under such section.

27 “(5) APPLICATION TO PROHIBITIONS.—Pursuant to
28 rules of the Secretary, if a health insurance issuer offers
29 health insurance coverage in connection with a group
30 health plan and takes an action in violation of any of the
31 following sections of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act,
32 the group health plan shall not be liable for such violation
33 unless the plan caused such violation:

34 “(A) Section 131 (relating to prohibition of inter-
35 ference with certain medical communications).

36 “(B) Section 132 (relating to prohibition of dis-
37 crimination against providers based on licensure).



1 “(C) Section 133 (relating to prohibition against
2 improper incentive arrangements).

3 “(D) Section 135 (relating to protection for pa-
4 tient advocacy).

5 “(6) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection
6 shall be construed to affect or modify the responsibilities of
7 the fiduciaries of a group health plan under part 4 of sub-
8 title B.

9 “(7) TREATMENT OF SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLIANT
10 STATE LAWS.—For purposes of applying this subsection in
11 connection with health insurance coverage, any reference in
12 this subsection to a requirement in a section or other provi-
13 sion in the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act with respect
14 to a health insurance issuer is deemed to include a ref-
15 erence to a requirement under a State law that substan-
16 tially complies (as determined under section 152(c) of such
17 Act) with the requirement in such section or other provi-
18 sions.

19 “(8) APPLICATION TO CERTAIN PROHIBITIONS
20 AGAINST RETALIATION.—With respect to compliance with
21 the requirements of section 135(b)(1) of the Bipartisan Pa-
22 tient Protection Act, for purposes of this subtitle the term
23 ‘group health plan’ is deemed to include a reference to an
24 institutional health care provider.

25 “(c) ENFORCEMENT OF CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS.—

26 “(1) COMPLAINTS.—Any protected health care profes-
27 sional who believes that the professional has been retaliated
28 or discriminated against in violation of section 135(b)(1) of
29 the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act may file with the
30 Secretary a complaint within 180 days of the date of the
31 alleged retaliation or discrimination.

32 “(2) INVESTIGATION.—The Secretary shall investigate
33 such complaints and shall determine if a violation of such
34 section has occurred and, if so, shall issue an order to en-
35 sure that the protected health care professional does not
36 suffer any loss of position, pay, or benefits in relation to



1 the plan, issuer, or provider involved, as a result of the vio-
2 lation found by the Secretary.

3 “(d) CONFORMING REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall
4 issue regulations to coordinate the requirements on group
5 health plans and health insurance issuers under this section
6 with the requirements imposed under the other provisions of
7 this title. In order to reduce duplication and clarify the rights
8 of participants and beneficiaries with respect to information
9 that is required to be provided, such regulations shall coordi-
10 nate the information disclosure requirements under section 121
11 of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act with the reporting and
12 disclosure requirements imposed under part 1, so long as such
13 coordination does not result in any reduction in the information
14 that would otherwise be provided to participants and bene-
15 ficiaries.”.

16 (b) SATISFACTION OF ERISA CLAIMS PROCEDURE RE-
17 QUIREMENT.—Section 503 of such Act (29 U.S.C. 1133) is
18 amended by inserting “(a)” after “SEC. 503.” and by adding
19 at the end the following new subsection:

20 “(b) In the case of a group health plan (as defined in sec-
21 tion 733), compliance with the requirements of subtitle A of
22 title I of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act, and compliance
23 with regulations promulgated by the Secretary, in the case of
24 a claims denial, shall be deemed compliance with subsection (a)
25 with respect to such claims denial.”.

26 (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) Section 732(a) of
27 such Act (29 U.S.C. 1185(a)) is amended by striking “section
28 711” and inserting “sections 711 and 714”.

29 (2) The table of contents in section 1 of such Act is
30 amended by inserting after the item relating to section 713 the
31 following new item:

“Sec. 714. Patient protection standards.”.

32 (3) Section 502(b)(3) of such Act (29 U.S.C. 1132(b)(3))
33 is amended by inserting “(other than section 135(b))” after
34 “part 7”.



1 **SEC. 402. AVAILABILITY OF CIVIL REMEDIES.**

2 (a) AVAILABILITY OF FEDERAL CIVIL REMEDIES IN
3 CASES NOT INVOLVING MEDICALLY REVIEWABLE DECISIONS.—
4

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 502 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1132) is
6 amended by adding at the end the following new subsections:
7
8

9 “(n) CAUSE OF ACTION RELATING TO PROVISION OF
10 HEALTH BENEFITS.—

11 “(1) IN GENERAL.—In any case in which—

12 “(A) a person who is a fiduciary of a group health
13 plan, a health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage in connection with the plan, or an agent
14 of the plan, issuer, or plan sponsor, upon consideration of a claim for benefits of a participant or beneficiary
15 under section 102 of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act (relating to procedures for initial claims for benefits and prior authorization determinations) or upon review of a denial of such a claim under section 103 of
16 such Act (relating to internal appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits), fails to exercise ordinary care in making a decision—
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24 “(i) regarding whether an item or service is covered under the terms and conditions of the plan or coverage,
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27 “(ii) regarding whether an individual is a participant or beneficiary who is enrolled under the terms and conditions of the plan or coverage (including the applicability of any waiting period under the plan or coverage), or
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32 “(iii) as to the application of cost-sharing requirements or the application of a specific exclusion or express limitation on the amount, duration, or scope of coverage of items or services under the terms and conditions of the plan or coverage, and
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1 “(B) such failure is a proximate cause of personal
2 injury to, or the death of, the participant or bene-
3 ficiary,

4 such plan, plan sponsor, or issuer shall be liable to the par-
5 ticipant or beneficiary (or the estate of such participant or
6 beneficiary) for economic and noneconomic damages (but
7 not exemplary or punitive damages) in connection with
8 such personal injury or death.

9 “(2) CAUSE OF ACTION MUST NOT INVOLVE MEDI-
10 CALLY REVIEWABLE DECISION.—

11 “(A) IN GENERAL.—A cause of action is estab-
12 lished under paragraph (1)(A) only if the decision re-
13 ferred to in paragraph (1)(A) does not include a medi-
14 cally reviewable decision.

15 “(B) MEDICALLY REVIEWABLE DECISION.—For
16 purposes of this subsection, the term ‘medically review-
17 able decision’ means a denial of a claim for benefits
18 under the plan which is described in section 104(d)(2)
19 of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act (relating to
20 medically reviewable decisions).

21 “(3) LIMITATION REGARDING CERTAIN TYPES OF AC-
22 TIONS SAVED FROM PREEMPTION OF STATE LAW.—A cause
23 of action is not established under paragraph (1)(A) in con-
24 nection with a failure described in paragraph (1)(A) to the
25 extent that a cause of action under State law (as defined
26 in section 514(c)) for such failure would not be preempted
27 under section 514.

28 “(4) DEFINITIONS AND RELATED RULES.—For pur-
29 poses of this subsection.—

30 “(A) ORDINARY CARE.—The term ‘ordinary care’
31 means, with respect to a determination on a claim for
32 benefits, that degree of care, skill, and diligence that a
33 reasonable and prudent individual would exercise in
34 making a fair determination on a claim for benefits of
35 like kind to the claims involved.

36 “(B) PERSONAL INJURY.—The term ‘personal in-
37 jury’ means a physical injury and includes an injury



1 arising out of the treatment (or failure to treat) a men-
2 tal illness or disease.

3 “(C) CLAIM FOR BENEFITS; DENIAL.—The terms
4 ‘claim for benefits’ and ‘denial of a claim for benefits’
5 have the meanings provided such terms in section
6 102(e) of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act.

7 “(D) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The term ‘terms
8 and conditions’ includes, with respect to a group health
9 plan or health insurance coverage, requirements im-
10 posed under title I of the Bipartisan Patient Protection
11 Act.

12 “(E) TREATMENT OF EXCEPTED BENEFITS.—
13 Under section 154(a) of the Bipartisan Patient Protec-
14 tion Act, the provisions of this subsection and sub-
15 section (a)(1)(C) do not apply to certain excepted bene-
16 fits.

17 “(5) EXCLUSION OF EMPLOYERS AND OTHER PLAN
18 SPONSORS.—

19 “(A) CAUSES OF ACTION AGAINST EMPLOYERS
20 AND PLAN SPONSORS PRECLUDED.—Subject to sub-
21 paragraph (B), paragraph (1)(A) does not authorize a
22 cause of action against an employer or other plan spon-
23 sor maintaining the plan (or against an employee of
24 such an employer or sponsor acting within the scope of
25 employment).

26 “(B) CERTAIN CAUSES OF ACTION PERMITTED.—
27 Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), a cause of action
28 may arise against an employer or other plan sponsor
29 (or against an employee of such an employer or sponsor
30 acting within the scope of employment) under para-
31 graph (1)(A), to the extent there was direct participa-
32 tion by the employer or other plan sponsor (or em-
33 ployee) in the decision of the plan under section 102
34 of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act upon consider-
35 ation of a claim for benefits or under section 103 of
36 such Act upon review of a denial of a claim for bene-
37 fits.



1 “(C) DIRECT PARTICIPATION.—

2 “(i) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subpara-
3 graph (B), the term ‘direct participation’ means, in
4 connection with a decision described in paragraph
5 (1)(A), the actual making of such decision or the
6 actual exercise of control in making such decision.

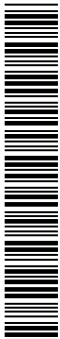
7 “(ii) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—For pur-
8 poses of clause (i), the employer or plan sponsor
9 (or employee) shall not be construed to be engaged
10 in direct participation because of any form of deci-
11 sionmaking or other conduct that is merely collat-
12 eral or precedent to the decision described in para-
13 graph (1)(A) on a particular claim for benefits of
14 a participant or beneficiary, including (but not lim-
15 ited to)—

16 “(I) any participation by the employer or
17 other plan sponsor (or employee) in the selec-
18 tion of the group health plan or health insur-
19 ance coverage involved or the third party ad-
20 ministrator or other agent;

21 “(II) any engagement by the employer or
22 other plan sponsor (or employee) in any cost-
23 benefit analysis undertaken in connection with
24 the selection of, or continued maintenance of,
25 the plan or coverage involved;

26 “(III) any participation by the employer or
27 other plan sponsor (or employee) in the process
28 of creating, continuing, modifying, or termi-
29 nating the plan or any benefit under the plan,
30 if such process was not substantially focused
31 solely on the particular situation of the partici-
32 pant or beneficiary referred to in paragraph
33 (1)(A); and

34 “(IV) any participation by the employer or
35 other plan sponsor (or employee) in the design
36 of any benefit under the plan, including the



1 amount of copayment and limits connected with
2 such benefit.

3 “(iii) IRRELEVANCE OF CERTAIN COLLATERAL
4 EFFORTS MADE BY EMPLOYER OR PLAN SPON-
5 SOR.—For purposes of this subparagraph, an em-
6 ployer or plan sponsor shall not be treated as en-
7 gaged in direct participation in a decision with re-
8 spect to any claim for benefits or denial thereof in
9 the case of any particular participant or beneficiary
10 solely by reason of—

11 “(I) any efforts that may have been made
12 by the employer or plan sponsor to advocate for
13 authorization of coverage for that or any other
14 participant or beneficiary (or any group of par-
15 ticipants or beneficiaries), or

16 “(II) any provision that may have been
17 made by the employer or plan sponsor for bene-
18 fits which are not covered under the terms and
19 conditions of the plan for that or any other
20 participant or beneficiary (or any group of par-
21 ticipants or beneficiaries).

22 “(D) APPLICATION TO CERTAIN PLANS.—

23 “(i) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
24 provision of this subsection, no group health plan
25 described in clause (ii) (or plan sponsor of such a
26 plan) shall be liable under paragraph (1) for the
27 performance of, or the failure to perform, any non-
28 medically reviewable duty under the plan.

29 “(ii) DEFINITION.—A group health plan de-
30 scribed in this clause is—

31 “(I) a group health plan that is self-in-
32 sured and self administered by an employer (in-
33 cluding an employee of such an employer acting
34 within the scope of employment); or

35 “(II) a multiemployer plan as defined in
36 section 3(37)(A) (including an employee of a
37 contributing employer or of the plan, or a fidu-



1 ciary of the plan, acting within the scope of
2 employment or fiduciary responsibility) that is
3 self-insured and self-administered.

4 “(6) EXCLUSION OF PHYSICIANS AND OTHER HEALTH
5 CARE PROFESSIONALS.—

6 “(A) IN GENERAL.—No treating physician or
7 other treating health care professional of the partici-
8 pant or beneficiary, and no person acting under the di-
9 rection of such a physician or health care professional,
10 shall be liable under paragraph (1) for the performance
11 of, or the failure to perform, any non-medically review-
12 able duty of the plan, the plan sponsor, or any health
13 insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage in
14 connection with the plan.

15 “(B) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of subpara-
16 graph (A)—

17 “(i) HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL.—The term
18 ‘health care professional’ means an individual who
19 is licensed, accredited, or certified under State law
20 to provide specified health care services and who is
21 operating within the scope of such licensure, ac-
22 creditation, or certification.

23 “(ii) NON-MEDICALLY REVIEWABLE DUTY.—
24 The term ‘non-medically reviewable duty’ means a
25 duty the discharge of which does not include the
26 making of a medically reviewable decision.

27 “(7) EXCLUSION OF HOSPITALS.—No treating hospital
28 of the participant or beneficiary shall be liable under para-
29 graph (1) for the performance of, or the failure to perform,
30 any non-medically reviewable duty (as defined in paragraph
31 (6)(B)(ii)) of the plan, the plan sponsor, or any health in-
32 surance issuer offering health insurance coverage in con-
33 nection with the plan.

34 “(8) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION RELATING TO EXCLU-
35 SION FROM LIABILITY OF PHYSICIANS, HEALTH CARE PRO-
36 FESSIONALS, AND HOSPITALS.—Nothing in paragraph (6)
37 or (7) shall be construed to limit the liability (whether di-



1 rect or vicarious) of the plan, the plan sponsor, or any
2 health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage
3 in connection with the plan.

4 “(9) REQUIREMENT OF EXHAUSTION.—

5 “(A) IN GENERAL.—A cause of action may not be
6 brought under paragraph (1) in connection with any
7 denial of a claim for benefits of any individual until all
8 administrative processes under sections 102 and 103 of
9 the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act (if applicable)
10 have been exhausted.

11 “(B) EXCEPTION FOR NEEDED CARE.—A partici-
12 pant or beneficiary may seek relief exclusively in Fed-
13 eral court under subsection 502(a)(1)(B) prior to the
14 exhaustion of administrative remedies under sections
15 102, 103, or 104 of the Bipartisan Patient Protection
16 Act (as required under subparagraph (A)) if it is dem-
17 onstrated to the court that the exhaustion of such rem-
18 edies would cause irreparable harm to the health of the
19 participant or beneficiary. Notwithstanding the award-
20 ing of relief under subsection 502(a)(1)(B) pursuant to
21 this subparagraph, no relief shall be available as a re-
22 sult of, or arising under, paragraph (1)(A) or para-
23 graph (10)(B), with respect to a participant or bene-
24 ficiary, unless the requirements of subparagraph (A)
25 are met.

26 “(C) RECEIPT OF BENEFITS DURING APPEALS
27 PROCESS.—Receipt by the participant or beneficiary of
28 the benefits involved in the claim for benefits during
29 the pendency of any administrative processes referred
30 to in subparagraph (A) or of any action commenced
31 under this subsection—

32 “(i) shall not preclude continuation of all such
33 administrative processes to their conclusion if so
34 moved by any party, and

35 “(ii) shall not preclude any liability under sub-
36 section (a)(1)(C) and this subsection in connection
37 with such claim.



1 The court in any action commenced under this sub-
2 section shall take into account any receipt of benefits
3 during such administrative processes or such action in
4 determining the amount of the damages awarded.

5 “(D) ADMISSIBLE.—Any determination made by a
6 reviewer in an administrative proceeding under section
7 103 of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act shall be
8 admissible in any Federal court proceeding and shall be
9 presented to the trier of fact.

10 “(10) STATUTORY DAMAGES.—

11 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The remedies set forth in this
12 subsection (n) shall be the exclusive remedies for
13 causes of action brought under this subsection.

14 “(B) ASSESSMENT OF CIVIL PENALTIES.—In addi-
15 tion to the remedies provided for in paragraph (1) (re-
16 lating to the failure to provide contract benefits in ac-
17 cordance with the plan), a civil assessment, in an
18 amount not to exceed \$5,000,000, payable to the claim-
19 ant may be awarded in any action under such para-
20 graph if the claimant establishes by clear and con-
21 vincing evidence that the alleged conduct carried out by
22 the defendant demonstrated bad faith and flagrant dis-
23 regard for the rights of the participant or beneficiary
24 under the plan and was a proximate cause of the per-
25 sonal injury or death that is the subject of the claim.

26 “(11) LIMITATION ON ATTORNEYS’ FEES.—

27 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
28 provision of law, or any arrangement, agreement, or
29 contract regarding an attorney’s fee, the amount of an
30 attorney’s contingency fee allowable for a cause of ac-
31 tion brought pursuant to this subsection shall not ex-
32 ceed $\frac{1}{3}$ of the total amount of the plaintiff’s recovery
33 (not including the reimbursement of actual out-of-pock-
34 et expenses of the attorney).

35 “(B) DETERMINATION BY DISTRICT COURT.—The
36 last Federal district court in which the action was
37 pending upon the final disposition, including all ap-



1 peals, of the action shall have jurisdiction to review the
2 attorney's fee to ensure that the fee is a reasonable
3 one.

4 “(12) LIMITATION OF ACTION.—Paragraph (1) shall
5 not apply in connection with any action commenced after
6 3 years after the later of—

7 “(A) the date on which the plaintiff first knew, or
8 reasonably should have known, of the personal injury
9 or death resulting from the failure described in para-
10 graph (1), or

11 “(B) the date as of which the requirements of
12 paragraph (9) are first met.

13 “(13) TOLLING PROVISION.—The statute of limita-
14 tions for any cause of action arising under State law relat-
15 ing to a denial of a claim for benefits that is the subject
16 of an action brought in Federal court under this subsection
17 shall be tolled until such time as the Federal court makes
18 a final disposition, including all appeals, of whether such
19 claim should properly be within the jurisdiction of the Fed-
20 eral court. The tolling period shall be determined by the
21 applicable Federal or State law, whichever period is great-
22 er.

23 “(14) PURCHASE OF INSURANCE TO COVER LIABIL-
24 ITY.—Nothing in section 410 shall be construed to preclude
25 the purchase by a group health plan of insurance to cover
26 any liability or losses arising under a cause of action under
27 subsection (a)(1)(C) and this subsection.

28 “(15) EXCLUSION OF DIRECTED RECORDKEEPERS.—

29 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (C),
30 paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to a directed
31 recordkeeper in connection with a group health plan.

32 “(B) DIRECTED RECORDKEEPER.—For purposes
33 of this paragraph, the term ‘directed recordkeeper’
34 means, in connection with a group health plan, a per-
35 son engaged in directed recordkeeping activities pursu-
36 ant to the specific instructions of the plan or the em-
37 ployer or other plan sponsor, including the distribution



1 of enrollment information and distribution of disclosure
2 materials under this Act or title I of the Bipartisan Pa-
3 tient Protection Act and whose duties do not include
4 making decisions on claims for benefits.

5 “(C) LIMITATION.—Subparagraph (A) does not
6 apply in connection with any directed recordkeeper to
7 the extent that the directed recordkeeper fails to follow
8 the specific instruction of the plan or the employer or
9 other plan sponsor.

10 “(16) EXCLUSION OF HEALTH INSURANCE AGENTS.—
11 Paragraph (1) does not apply with respect to a person
12 whose sole involvement with the group health plan is pro-
13 viding advice or administrative services to the employer or
14 other plan sponsor relating to the selection of health insur-
15 ance coverage offered in connection with the plan.

16 “(17) NO EFFECT ON STATE LAW.—No provision of
17 State law (as defined in section 514(c)(1)) shall be treated
18 as superseded or otherwise altered, amended, modified, in-
19 validated, or impaired by reason of the provisions of sub-
20 section (a)(1)(C) and this subsection.

21 “(18) RELIEF FROM LIABILITY FOR EMPLOYER OR
22 OTHER PLAN SPONSOR BY MEANS OF DESIGNATED DECISIONMAKER.—
23

24 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the direct
25 participation (as defined in paragraph (5)(C)(i)) of an
26 employer or plan sponsor, in any case in which there
27 is (or is deemed under subparagraph (B) to be) a des-
28 ignated decisionmaker under subparagraph (B) that
29 meets the requirements of subsection (o)(1) for an em-
30 ployer or other plan sponsor—

31 “(i) all liability of such employer or plan spon-
32 sor involved (and any employee of such employer or
33 sponsor acting within the scope of employment)
34 under this subsection in connection with any partic-
35 ipant or beneficiary shall be transferred to, and as-
36 sumed by, the designated decisionmaker, and



1 “(ii) with respect to such liability, the des-
2 ignated decisionmaker shall be substituted for the
3 employer or sponsor (or employee) in the action
4 and may not raise any defense that the employer
5 or sponsor (or employee) could not raise if such a
6 decisionmaker were not so deemed.

7 “(B) AUTOMATIC DESIGNATION.—A health insur-
8 ance issuer shall be deemed to be a designated decision-
9 maker for purposes of subparagraph (A) with respect
10 to the participants and beneficiaries of an employer or
11 plan sponsor, whether or not the employer or plan
12 sponsor makes such a designation, and shall be deemed
13 to have assumed unconditionally all liability of the em-
14 ployer or plan sponsor under such designation in ac-
15 cordance with subsection (o), unless the employer or
16 plan sponsor affirmatively enters into a contract to pre-
17 vent the service of the designated decisionmaker.

18 “(C) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN TRUST FUNDS.—
19 For purposes of this paragraph, the terms ‘employer’
20 and ‘plan sponsor’, in connection with the assumption
21 by a designated decisionmaker of the liability of em-
22 ployer or other plan sponsor pursuant to this para-
23 graph, shall be construed to include a trust fund main-
24 tained pursuant to section 302 of the Labor Manage-
25 ment Relations Act, 1947 (29 U.S.C. 186) or the Rail-
26 way Labor Act (45 U.S.C. 151 et seq.).

27 “(19) PREVIOUSLY PROVIDED SERVICES.—

28 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in this
29 paragraph, a cause of action shall not arise under para-
30 graph (1) where the denial involved relates to an item
31 or service that has already been fully provided to the
32 participant or beneficiary under the plan or coverage
33 and the claim relates solely to the subsequent denial of
34 payment for the provision of such item or service.

35 “(B) EXCEPTION.—Nothing in subparagraph (A)
36 shall be construed to—



1 “(i) prohibit a cause of action under para-
2 graph (1) where the nonpayment involved results in
3 the participant or beneficiary being unable to re-
4 ceive further items or services that are directly re-
5 lated to the item or service involved in the denial
6 referred to in subparagraph (A) or that are part of
7 a continuing treatment or series of procedures; or

8 “(ii) limit liability that otherwise would arise
9 from the provision of the item or services or the
10 performance of a medical procedure.

11 “(20) EXEMPTION FROM PERSONAL LIABILITY FOR IN-
12 DIVIDUAL MEMBERS OF BOARDS OF DIRECTORS, JOINT
13 BOARDS OF TRUSTEES, ETC.—Any individual who is—

14 “(A) a member of a board of directors of an em-
15 ployer or plan sponsor; or

16 “(B) a member of an association, committee, em-
17 ployee organization, joint board of trustees, or other
18 similar group of representatives of the entities that are
19 the plan sponsor of plan maintained by two or more
20 employers and one or more employee organizations;
21 shall not be personally liable under this subsection for con-
22 duct that is within the scope of employment or of plan-re-
23 lated duties of the individuals unless the individual acts in
24 a fraudulent manner for personal enrichment.

25 “(o) REQUIREMENTS FOR DESIGNATED DECISIONMAKERS
26 OF GROUP HEALTH PLANS.—

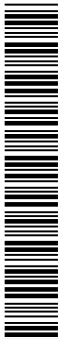
27 “(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection
28 (n)(18) and section 514(d)(9), a designated decisionmaker
29 meets the requirements of this paragraph with respect to
30 any participant or beneficiary if—

31 “(A) such designation is in such form as may be
32 prescribed in regulations of the Secretary,

33 “(B) the designated decisionmaker—

34 “(i) meets the requirements of paragraph (2),

35 “(ii) assumes unconditionally all liability of the
36 employer or plan sponsor involved (and any em-
37 ployee of such employer or sponsor acting within



1 the scope of employment) either arising under sub-
2 section (n) or arising in a cause of action permitted
3 under section 514(d) in connection with actions
4 (and failures to act) of the employer or plan spon-
5 sor (or employee) occurring during the period in
6 which the designation under subsection (n)(18) or
7 section 514(d)(9) is in effect relating to such par-
8 ticipant and beneficiary,

9 “(iii) agrees to be substituted for the employer
10 or plan sponsor (or employee) in the action and not
11 to raise any defense with respect to such liability
12 that the employer or plan sponsor (or employee)
13 may not raise, and

14 “(iv) where paragraph (2)(B) applies, assumes
15 unconditionally the exclusive authority under the
16 group health plan to make medically reviewable de-
17 cisions under the plan with respect to such partici-
18 pant or beneficiary, and

19 “(C) the designated decisionmaker and the partici-
20 pants and beneficiaries for whom the decisionmaker
21 has assumed liability are identified in the written in-
22 strument required under section 402(a) and as required
23 under section 121(b)(19) of the Bipartisan Patient
24 Protection Act.

25 Any liability assumed by a designated decisionmaker pursu-
26 ant to this subsection shall be in addition to any liability
27 that it may otherwise have under applicable law.

28 “(2) QUALIFICATIONS FOR DESIGNATED DECISION-
29 MAKERS.—

30 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (B),
31 an entity is qualified under this paragraph to serve as
32 a designated decisionmaker with respect to a group
33 health plan if the entity has the ability to assume the
34 liability described in paragraph (1) with respect to par-
35 ticipants and beneficiaries under such plan, including
36 requirements relating to the financial obligation for
37 timely satisfying the assumed liability, and maintains



1 with the plan sponsor and the Secretary certification of
2 such ability. Such certification shall be provided to the
3 plan sponsor or named fiduciary and to the Secretary
4 upon designation under subsection (n)(18)(B) or sec-
5 tion 517(d)(9)(B) and not less frequently than annually
6 thereafter, or if such designation constitutes a
7 multiyear arrangement, in conjunction with the renewal
8 of the arrangement.

9 “(B) SPECIAL QUALIFICATION IN THE CASE OF
10 CERTAIN REVIEWABLE DECISIONS.—In the case of a
11 group health plan that provides benefits consisting of
12 medical care to a participant or beneficiary only
13 through health insurance coverage offered by a single
14 health insurance issuer, such issuer is the only entity
15 that may be qualified under this paragraph to serve as
16 a designated decisionmaker with respect to such partic-
17 ipant or beneficiary, and shall serve as the designated
18 decisionmaker unless the employer or other plan spon-
19 sor acts affirmatively to prevent such service.

20 “(3) REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO FINANCIAL OBLI-
21 GATIONS.—For purposes of paragraph (2)(A), the require-
22 ments relating to the financial obligation of an entity for
23 liability shall include—

24 “(A) coverage of such entity under an insurance
25 policy or other arrangement, secured and maintained
26 by such entity, to effectively insure such entity against
27 losses arising from professional liability claims, includ-
28 ing those arising from its service as a designated deci-
29 sionmaker under this part; or

30 “(B) evidence of minimum capital and surplus lev-
31 els that are maintained by such entity to cover any
32 losses as a result of liability arising from its service as
33 a designated decisionmaker under this part.

34 The appropriate amounts of liability insurance and min-
35 imum capital and surplus levels for purposes of subpara-
36 graphs (A) and (B) shall be determined by an actuary
37 using sound actuarial principles and accounting practices



1 pursuant to established guidelines of the American Acad-
2 emy of Actuaries and in accordance with such regulations
3 as the Secretary may prescribe and shall be maintained
4 throughout the term for which the designation is in effect.
5 The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply in the case
6 of a designated decisionmaker that is a group health plan,
7 plan sponsor, or health insurance issuer and that is regu-
8 lated under Federal law or a State financial solvency law.

9 “(4) LIMITATION ON APPOINTMENT OF TREATING
10 PHYSICIANS.—A treating physician who directly delivered
11 the care, treatment, or provided the patient service that is
12 the subject of a cause of action by a participant or bene-
13 ficiary under subsection (n) or section 514(d) may not be
14 designated as a designated decisionmaker under this sub-
15 section with respect to such participant or beneficiary.”.

16 (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 502(a)(1) of
17 such Act (29 U.S.C. 1132(a)(1)) is amended—

18 (A) by striking “or” at the end of subparagraph
19 (A);

20 (B) in subparagraph (B), by striking “plan;” and
21 inserting “plan, or”; and

22 (C) by adding at the end the following new sub-
23 paragraph:

24 “(C) for the relief provided for in subsection (n)
25 of this section.”.

26 (b) RULES RELATING TO ERISA PREEMPTION.—Section
27 514 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974
28 (29 U.S.C. 1144) is amended—

29 (1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (f);
30 and

31 (2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new
32 subsections:

33 “(d) PREEMPTION NOT TO APPLY TO CAUSES OF ACTION
34 UNDER STATE LAW INVOLVING MEDICALLY REVIEWABLE DE-
35 CISION.—

36 “(1) NON-PREEMPTION OF CERTAIN CAUSES OF AC-
37 TION.—



1 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in this
2 subsection, nothing in this title (including section 502)
3 shall be construed to supersede or otherwise alter,
4 amend, modify, invalidate, or impair any cause of ac-
5 tion under State law of a participant or beneficiary
6 under a group health plan (or the estate of such a par-
7 ticipant or beneficiary) against the plan, the plan spon-
8 sor, any health insurance issuer offering health insur-
9 ance coverage in connection with the plan, or any man-
10 aged care entity in connection with the plan to recover
11 damages resulting from personal injury or for wrongful
12 death if such cause of action arises by reason of a
13 medically reviewable decision.

14 “(B) MEDICALLY REVIEWABLE DECISION.—For
15 purposes of subparagraph (A), the term ‘medically re-
16 viewable decision’ means a denial of a claim for bene-
17 fits under the plan which is described in section
18 104(d)(2) of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act (re-
19 lating to medically reviewable decisions).

20 “(C) LIMITATION ON PUNITIVE DAMAGES.—

21 “(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
22 clauses (ii) and (iii), with respect to a cause of ac-
23 tion described in subparagraph (A) brought with
24 respect to a participant or beneficiary, State law is
25 superseded insofar as it provides any punitive, ex-
26 emplary, or similar damages if, as of the time of
27 the personal injury or death, all the requirements
28 of the following sections of the Bipartisan Patient
29 Protection Act were satisfied with respect to the
30 participant or beneficiary:

31 “(I) Section 102 (relating to procedures
32 for initial claims for benefits and prior author-
33 ization determinations).

34 “(II) Section 103 of such Act (relating to
35 internal appeals of claims denials).

36 “(III) Section 104 of such Act (relating to
37 independent external appeals procedures).



1 “(ii) EXCEPTION FOR CERTAIN ACTIONS FOR
2 WRONGFUL DEATH.—Clause (i) shall not apply
3 with respect to an action for wrongful death if the
4 applicable State law provides (or has been con-
5 strued to provide) for damages in such an action
6 which are only punitive or exemplary in nature.

7 “(iii) EXCEPTION FOR WILLFUL OR WANTON
8 DISREGARD FOR THE RIGHTS OR SAFETY OF OTH-
9 ERS.—Clause (i) shall not apply with respect to
10 any cause of action described in subparagraph (A)
11 if, in such action, the plaintiff establishes by clear
12 and convincing evidence that conduct carried out
13 by the defendant with willful or wanton disregard
14 for the rights or safety of others was a proximate
15 cause of the personal injury or wrongful death that
16 is the subject of the action.

17 “(2) DEFINITIONS AND RELATED RULES.—For pur-
18 poses of this subsection and subsection (e)—

19 “(A) TREATMENT OF EXCEPTED BENEFITS.—
20 Under section 154(a) of the Bipartisan Patient Protec-
21 tion Act, the provisions of this subsection do not apply
22 to certain excepted benefits.

23 “(B) PERSONAL INJURY.—The term ‘personal in-
24 jury’ means a physical injury and includes an injury
25 arising out of the treatment (or failure to treat) a men-
26 tal illness or disease.

27 “(C) CLAIM FOR BENEFIT; DENIAL.—The terms
28 ‘claim for benefits’ and ‘denial of a claim for benefits’
29 shall have the meaning provided such terms under sec-
30 tion 102(e) of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act.

31 “(D) MANAGED CARE ENTITY.—

32 “(i) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘managed care
33 entity’ means, in connection with a group health
34 plan and subject to clause (ii), any entity that is
35 involved in determining the manner in which or the
36 extent to which items or services (or reimbursement



therefor) are to be provided as benefits under the plan.

“(ii) TREATMENT OF TREATING PHYSICIANS, OTHER TREATING HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS, AND TREATING HOSPITALS.—Such term does not include a treating physician or other treating health care professional (as defined in section 502(n)(6)(B)(i)) of the participant or beneficiary and also does not include a treating hospital insofar as it is acting solely in the capacity of providing treatment or care to the participant or beneficiary. Nothing in the preceding sentence shall be construed to preempt vicarious liability of any plan, plan sponsor, health insurance issuer, or managed care entity.

“(3) EXCLUSION OF EMPLOYERS AND OTHER PLAN SPONSORS.—

“(A) CAUSES OF ACTION AGAINST EMPLOYERS AND PLAN SPONSORS PRECLUDED.—Subject to subparagraph (B), paragraph (1) does not apply with respect to—

“(i) any cause of action against an employer or other plan sponsor maintaining the plan (or against an employee of such an employer or sponsor acting within the scope of employment), or

“(ii) a right of recovery, indemnity, or contribution by a person against an employer or other plan sponsor (or such an employee) for damages assessed against the person pursuant to a cause of action to which paragraph (1) applies.

“(B) CERTAIN CAUSES OF ACTION PERMITTED.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), paragraph (1) applies with respect to any cause of action that is brought by a participant or beneficiary under a group health plan (or the estate of such a participant or beneficiary) to recover damages resulting from personal injury or for wrongful death against any employer or other plan



1 sponsor maintaining the plan (or against an employee
2 of such an employer or sponsor acting within the scope
3 of employment) if such cause of action arises by reason
4 of a medically reviewable decision, to the extent that
5 there was direct participation by the employer or other
6 plan sponsor (or employee) in the decision.

7 “(C) DIRECT PARTICIPATION.—

8 “(i) DIRECT PARTICIPATION IN DECISIONS.—

9 For purposes of subparagraph (B), the term ‘direct
10 participation’ means, in connection with a decision
11 described in subparagraph (B), the actual making
12 of such decision or the actual exercise of control in
13 making such decision or in the conduct constituting
14 the failure.

15 “(ii) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—For pur-
16 poses of clause (i), the employer or plan sponsor
17 (or employee) shall not be construed to be engaged
18 in direct participation because of any form of deci-
19 sionmaking or other conduct that is merely collat-
20 eral or precedent to the decision described in sub-
21 paragraph (B) on a particular claim for benefits of
22 a particular participant or beneficiary, including
23 (but not limited to)—

24 “(I) any participation by the employer or
25 other plan sponsor (or employee) in the selec-
26 tion of the group health plan or health insur-
27 ance coverage involved or the third party ad-
28 ministrator or other agent;

29 “(II) any engagement by the employer or
30 other plan sponsor (or employee) in any cost-
31 benefit analysis undertaken in connection with
32 the selection of, or continued maintenance of,
33 the plan or coverage involved;

34 “(III) any participation by the employer or
35 other plan sponsor (or employee) in the process
36 of creating, continuing, modifying, or termi-
37 nating the plan or any benefit under the plan,



1 if such process was not substantially focused
2 solely on the particular situation of the partici-
3 pant or beneficiary referred to in paragraph
4 (1)(A); and

5 “(IV) any participation by the employer or
6 other plan sponsor (or employee) in the design
7 of any benefit under the plan, including the
8 amount of copayment and limits connected with
9 such benefit.

10 “(iv) IRRELEVANCE OF CERTAIN COLLATERAL
11 EFFORTS MADE BY EMPLOYER OR PLAN SPON-
12 SOR.—For purposes of this subparagraph, an em-
13 ployer or plan sponsor shall not be treated as en-
14 gaged in direct participation in a decision with re-
15 spect to any claim for benefits or denial thereof in
16 the case of any particular participant or beneficiary
17 solely by reason of—

18 “(I) any efforts that may have been made
19 by the employer or plan sponsor to advocate for
20 authorization of coverage for that or any other
21 participant or beneficiary (or any group of par-
22 ticipants or beneficiaries), or

23 “(II) any provision that may have been
24 made by the employer or plan sponsor for bene-
25 fits which are not covered under the terms and
26 conditions of the plan for that or any other
27 participant or beneficiary (or any group of par-
28 ticipants or beneficiaries).

29 “(4) REQUIREMENT OF EXHAUSTION.—

30 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in sub-
31 paragraph (D), a cause of action may not be brought
32 under paragraph (1) in connection with any denial of
33 a claim for benefits of any individual until all adminis-
34 trative processes under sections 102, 103, and 104 of
35 the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act (if applicable)
36 have been exhausted.

37 “(B) LATE MANIFESTATION OF INJURY.—



1 “(i) IN GENERAL.—A participant or bene-
2 ficiary shall not be precluded from pursuing a re-
3 view under section 104 of the Bipartisan Patient
4 Protection Act regarding an injury that such par-
5 ticipant or beneficiary has experienced if the exter-
6 nal review entity first determines that the injury of
7 such participant or beneficiary is a late manifesta-
8 tion of an earlier injury.

9 “(ii) DEFINITION.—In this subparagraph, the
10 term ‘late manifestation of an earlier injury’ means
11 an injury sustained by the participant or bene-
12 ficiary which was not known, and should not have
13 been known, by such participant or beneficiary by
14 the latest date that the requirements of subpara-
15 graph (A) should have been met regarding the
16 claim for benefits which was denied.

17 “(C) EXCEPTION FOR NEEDED CARE.—A partici-
18 pant or beneficiary may seek relief exclusively in Fed-
19 eral court under subsection 502(a)(1)(B) prior to the
20 exhaustion of administrative remedies under sections
21 102, 103, or 104 of the Bipartisan Patient Protection
22 Act (as required under subparagraph (A)) if it is dem-
23 onstrated to the court that the exhaustion of such rem-
24 edies would cause irreparable harm to the health of the
25 participant or beneficiary. Notwithstanding the award-
26 ing of relief under subsection 502(a)(1)(B) pursuant to
27 this subparagraph, no relief shall be available as a re-
28 sult of, or arising under, paragraph (1)(A) unless the
29 requirements of subparagraph (A) are met.

30 “(D) FAILURE TO REVIEW.—

31 “(i) IN GENERAL.—If the external review enti-
32 ty fails to make a determination within the time re-
33 quired under section 104(e)(1)(A)(i), a participant
34 or beneficiary may bring an action under section
35 514(d) after 10 additional days after the date on
36 which such time period has expired and the filing
37 of such action shall not affect the duty of the inde-



pendent medical reviewer (or reviewers) to make a determination pursuant to section 104(e)(1)(A)(i).

“(ii) EXPEDITED DETERMINATION.—If the external review entity fails to make a determination within the time required under section 104(e)(1)(A)(ii), a participant or beneficiary may bring an action under this subsection and the filing of such an action shall not affect the duty of the independent medical reviewer (or reviewers) to make a determination pursuant to section 104(e)(1)(A)(ii).

“(E) RECEIPT OF BENEFITS DURING APPEALS PROCESS.—Receipt by the participant or beneficiary of the benefits involved in the claim for benefits during the pendency of any administrative processes referred to in subparagraph (A) or of any action commenced under this subsection—

“(i) shall not preclude continuation of all such administrative processes to their conclusion if so moved by any party, and

“(ii) shall not preclude any liability under subsection (a)(1)(C) and this subsection in connection with such claim.

“(F) ADMISSIBLE.—Any determination made by a reviewer in an administrative proceeding under section 104 of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act shall be admissible in any Federal or State court proceeding and shall be presented to the trier of fact.

“(5) TOLLING PROVISION.—The statute of limitations for any cause of action arising under section 502(n) relating to a denial of a claim for benefits that is the subject of an action brought in State court shall be tolled until such time as the State court makes a final disposition, including all appeals, of whether such claim should properly be within the jurisdiction of the State court. The tolling period shall be determined by the applicable Federal or State law, whichever period is greater.



1 “(6) EXCLUSION OF DIRECTED RECORDKEEPERS.—

2 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (C),
3 paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to a directed
4 recordkeeper in connection with a group health plan.

5 “(B) DIRECTED RECORDKEEPER.—For purposes
6 of this paragraph, the term ‘directed recordkeeper’
7 means, in connection with a group health plan, a per-
8 son engaged in directed recordkeeping activities pursu-
9 ant to the specific instructions of the plan or the em-
10 ployer or other plan sponsor, including the distribution
11 of enrollment information and distribution of disclosure
12 materials under this Act or title I of the Bipartisan Pa-
13 tient Protection Act and whose duties do not include
14 making decisions on claims for benefits.

15 “(C) LIMITATION.—Subparagraph (A) does not
16 apply in connection with any directed recordkeeper to
17 the extent that the directed recordkeeper fails to follow
18 the specific instruction of the plan or the employer or
19 other plan sponsor.

20 “(7) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection
21 shall be construed as—

22 “(A) saving from preemption a cause of action
23 under State law for the failure to provide a benefit for
24 an item or service which is specifically excluded under
25 the group health plan involved, except to the extent
26 that—

27 “(i) the application or interpretation of the ex-
28 clusion involves a determination described in sec-
29 tion 104(d)(2) of the Bipartisan Patient Protection
30 Act, or

31 “(ii) the provision of the benefit for the item
32 or service is required under Federal law or under
33 applicable State law consistent with subsection
34 (b)(2)(B);

35 “(B) preempting a State law which requires an af-
36 fidavit or certificate of merit in a civil action;



“(C) affecting a cause of action or remedy under State law in connection with the provision or arrangement of excepted benefits (as defined in section 733(c)), other than those described in section 733(c)(2)(A); or

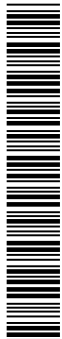
“(D) affecting a cause of action under State law other than a cause of action described in paragraph (1)(A).

“(8) PURCHASE OF INSURANCE TO COVER LIABILITY.—Nothing in section 410 shall be construed to preclude the purchase by a group health plan of insurance to cover any liability or losses arising under a cause of action described in paragraph (1)(A).

“(9) RELIEF FROM LIABILITY FOR EMPLOYER OR OTHER PLAN SPONSOR BY MEANS OF DESIGNATED DECISIONMAKER.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to any cause of action described in paragraph (1)(A) under State law insofar as such cause of action provides for liability with respect to a participant or beneficiary of an employer or plan sponsor (or an employee of such employer or sponsor acting within the scope of employment), if with respect to the employer or plan sponsor there is (or is deemed under subparagraph (B) to be) a designated decisionmaker that meets the requirements of section 502(o)(1) with respect to such participant or beneficiary. Such paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to any cause of action described in paragraph (1)(A) under State law against the designated decisionmaker of such employer or other plan sponsor with respect to the participant or beneficiary.

“(B) AUTOMATIC DESIGNATION.—A health insurance issuer shall be deemed to be a designated decisionmaker for purposes of subparagraph (A) with respect to the participants and beneficiaries of an employer or plan sponsor, whether or not the employer or plan



1 sponsor makes such a designation, and shall be deemed
2 to have assumed unconditionally all liability of the em-
3 ployer or plan sponsor under such designation in ac-
4 cordance with subsection (o), unless the employer or
5 plan sponsor affirmatively enters into a contract to pre-
6 vent the service of the designated decisionmaker.

7 “(C) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN TRUST FUNDS.—
8 For purposes of this paragraph, the terms ‘employer’
9 and ‘plan sponsor’, in connection with the assumption
10 by a designated decisionmaker of the liability of em-
11 ployer or other plan sponsor pursuant to this para-
12 graph, shall be construed to include a trust fund main-
13 tained pursuant to section 302 of the Labor Manage-
14 ment Relations Act, 1947 (29 U.S.C. 186) or the Rail-
15 way Labor Act (45 U.S.C. 151 et seq.).

16 “(10) PREVIOUSLY PROVIDED SERVICES.—

17 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in this
18 paragraph, a cause of action shall not arise under para-
19 graph (1) where the denial involved relates to an item
20 or service that has already been fully provided to the
21 participant or beneficiary under the plan or coverage
22 and the claim relates solely to the subsequent denial of
23 payment for the provision of such item or service.

24 “(B) EXCEPTION.—Nothing in subparagraph (A)
25 shall be construed to—

26 “(i) prohibit a cause of action under para-
27 graph (1) where the nonpayment involved results in
28 the participant or beneficiary being unable to re-
29 ceive further items or services that are directly re-
30 lated to the item or service involved in the denial
31 referred to in subparagraph (A) or that are part of
32 a continuing treatment or series of procedures;

33 “(ii) prohibit a cause of action under para-
34 graph (1) relating to quality of care; or

35 “(iii) limit liability that otherwise would arise
36 from the provision of the item or services or the
37 performance of a medical procedure.



1 “(11) EXEMPTION FROM PERSONAL LIABILITY FOR IN-
2 DIVIDUAL MEMBERS OF BOARDS OF DIRECTORS, JOINT
3 BOARDS OF TRUSTEES, ETC.—Any individual who is—

4 “(A) a member of a board of directors of an em-
5 ployer or plan sponsor; or

6 “(B) a member of an association, committee, em-
7 ployee organization, joint board of trustees, or other
8 similar group of representatives of the entities that are
9 the plan sponsor of plan maintained by two or more
10 employers and one or more employee organizations;
11 shall not be personally liable under this subsection for con-
12 duct that is within the scope of employment or of plan-re-
13 lated duties of the individuals unless the individual acts in
14 a fraudulent manner for personal enrichment.

15 “(12) CHOICE OF LAW.—A cause of action brought
16 under paragraph (1) shall be governed by the law (includ-
17 ing choice of law rules) of the State in which the plaintiff
18 resides.

19 “(13) LIMITATION ON ATTORNEYS’ FEES.—

20 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
21 provision of law, or any arrangement, agreement, or
22 contract regarding an attorney’s fee, the amount of an
23 attorney’s contingency fee allowable for a cause of ac-
24 tion brought under paragraph (1) shall not exceed $\frac{1}{3}$
25 of the total amount of the plaintiff’s recovery (not in-
26 cluding the reimbursement of actual out-of-pocket ex-
27 penses of the attorney).

28 “(B) DETERMINATION BY COURT.—The last court
29 in which the action was pending upon the final disposi-
30 tion, including all appeals, of the action may review the
31 attorney’s fee to ensure that the fee is a reasonable
32 one.

33 “(C) NO PREEMPTION OF STATE LAW.—Subpara-
34 graph (A) shall not apply with respect to a cause of ac-
35 tion under paragraph (1) that is brought in a State
36 that has a law or framework of laws with respect to the
37 amount of an attorney’s contingency fee that may be



1 incurred for the representation of a participant or ben-
2 eficiary (or the estate of such participant or bene-
3 ficiary) who brings such a cause of action.

4 “(e) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION RELATING TO HEALTH
5 CARE.—Nothing in this title shall be construed as—

6 “(1) affecting any State law relating to the practice of
7 medicine or the provision of, or the failure to provide, med-
8 ical care, or affecting any action (whether the liability is di-
9 rect or vicarious) based upon such a State law,

10 “(2) superseding any State law permitted under sec-
11 tion 152(b)(1)(A) of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act,
12 or

13 “(3) affecting any applicable State law with respect to
14 limitations on monetary damages.

15 “(f) NO RIGHT OF ACTION FOR RECOVERY, INDEMNITY,
16 OR CONTRIBUTION BY ISSUERS AGAINST TREATING HEALTH
17 CARE PROFESSIONALS AND TREATING HOSPITALS.—In the
18 case of any care provided, or any treatment decision made, by
19 the treating health care professional or the treating hospital of
20 a participant or beneficiary under a group health plan which
21 consists of medical care provided under such plan, any cause
22 of action under State law against the treating health care pro-
23 fessional or the treating hospital by the plan or a health insur-
24 ance issuer providing health insurance coverage in connection
25 with the plan for recovery, indemnity, or contribution in con-
26 nection with such care (or any medically reviewable decision
27 made in connection with such care) or such treatment decision
28 is superseded.”.

29 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this
30 section shall apply to acts and omissions (from which a cause
31 of action arises) occurring on or after the applicable effective
32 under section 601.

33 **SEC. 403. LIMITATION ON CERTAIN CLASS ACTION LITI-**
34 **GATION.**

35 Section 502 of the Employee Retirement Income Security
36 Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1132), as amended by section 402, is
37 further amended by adding at the end the following:



1 “(p) LIMITATION ON CLASS ACTION LITIGATION.—

2 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Any claim or cause of action that
3 is maintained under this section in connection with a group
4 health plan, or health insurance coverage issued in connec-
5 tion with a group health plan, as a class action, derivative
6 action, or as an action on behalf of any group of 2 or more
7 claimants, may be maintained only if the class, the deriva-
8 tive claimant, or the group of claimants is limited to the
9 participants or beneficiaries of a group health plan estab-
10 lished by only 1 plan sponsor. No action maintained by
11 such class, such derivative claimant, or such group of
12 claimants may be joined in the same proceeding with any
13 action maintained by another class, derivative claimant, or
14 group of claimants or consolidated for any purpose with
15 any other proceeding. In this paragraph, the terms ‘group
16 health plan’ and ‘health insurance coverage’ have the mean-
17 ings given such terms in section 733.

18 “(2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This subsection shall apply
19 to all civil actions that are filed on or after January 1,
20 2002.”.

21 **SEC. 404. LIMITATIONS ON ACTIONS.**

22 Section 502 of the Employee Retirement Income Security
23 Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1132) (as amended by section 402(a))
24 is amended further by adding at the end the following new sub-
25 section:

26 “(q) LIMITATIONS ON ACTIONS RELATING TO GROUP
27 HEALTH PLANS.—

28 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph
29 (2), no action may be brought under subsection (a)(1)(B),
30 (a)(2), or (a)(3) by a participant or beneficiary seeking re-
31 lief based on the application of any provision in section
32 101, subtitle B, or subtitle D of title I of the Bipartisan
33 Patient Protection Act (as incorporated under section 714).

34 “(2) CERTAIN ACTIONS ALLOWABLE.—An action may
35 be brought under subsection (a)(1)(B), (a)(2), or (a)(3) by
36 a participant or beneficiary seeking relief based on the ap-
37 plication of section 101, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117,



1 118(a)(3), 119, or 120 of the Bipartisan Patient Protection
2 Act (as incorporated under section 714) to the individual
3 circumstances of that participant or beneficiary, except
4 that—

5 “(A) such an action may not be brought or main-
6 tained as a class action; and

7 “(B) in such an action, relief may only provide for
8 the provision of (or payment of) benefits, items, or
9 services denied to the individual participant or bene-
10 ficiary involved (and for attorney’s fees and the costs
11 of the action, at the discretion of the court) and shall
12 not provide for any other relief to the participant or
13 beneficiary or for any relief to any other person.

14 “(3) OTHER PROVISIONS UNAFFECTED.—Nothing in
15 this subsection shall be construed as affecting subsections
16 (a)(1)(C) and (n) or section 514(d).

17 “(4) ENFORCEMENT BY SECRETARY UNAFFECTED.—
18 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as affecting
19 any action brought by the Secretary.”.

20 **SEC. 405. COOPERATION BETWEEN FEDERAL AND**
21 **STATE AUTHORITIES.**

22 Subpart C of part 7 of subtitle B of title I of the Em-
23 ployee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C.
24 1191 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following
25 new section:

26 **“SEC. 735. COOPERATION BETWEEN FEDERAL AND**
27 **STATE AUTHORITIES.**

28 “(a) AGREEMENT WITH STATES.—A State may enter into
29 an agreement with the Secretary for the delegation to the State
30 of some or all of the Secretary’s authority under this title to
31 enforce the requirements applicable under title I of the Bipar-
32 tisan Patient Protection Act with respect to health insurance
33 coverage offered by a health insurance issuer and with respect
34 to a group health plan that is a non-Federal governmental
35 plan.

36 “(b) DELEGATIONS.—Any department, agency, or instru-
37 mentality of a State to which authority is delegated pursuant



1 to an agreement entered into under this section may, if author-
2 ized under State law and to the extent consistent with such
3 agreement, exercise the powers of the Secretary under this title
4 which relate to such authority.”.

5 **SEC. 406. SENSE OF THE SENATE CONCERNING THE IM-**
6 **PORTANCE OF CERTAIN UNPAID SERVICES.**

7 It is the sense of the Senate that the court should consider
8 the loss of a nonwage earning spouse or parent as an economic
9 loss for the purposes of this section. Furthermore, the court
10 should define the compensation for the loss not as minimum
11 services, but, rather, in terms that fully compensate for the
12 true and whole replacement cost to the family.

13 **TITLE V—AMENDMENTS TO THE**
14 **INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986**
15 **Subtitle A—Application of Patient**
16 **Protection Provisions**

17 **SEC. 501. APPLICATION TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS**
18 **UNDER THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF**
19 **1986.**

20 Subchapter B of chapter 100 of the Internal Revenue
21 Code of 1986 is amended—

22 (1) in the table of sections, by inserting after the item
23 relating to section 9812 the following new item:

“Sec. 9813. Standard relating to patients’ bill of rights.”;

24 and

25 (2) by inserting after section 9812 the following:

26 **“SEC. 9813. STANDARD RELATING TO PATIENTS’ BILL OF**
27 **RIGHTS.**

28 “A group health plan shall comply with the requirements
29 of title I of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act (as in effect
30 as of the date of the enactment of such Act), and such require-
31 ments shall be deemed to be incorporated into this section.”.

32 **SEC. 502. CONFORMING ENFORCEMENT FOR WOMEN’S**
33 **HEALTH AND CANCER RIGHTS.**

34 Subchapter B of chapter 100 of the Internal Revenue
35 Code of 1986, as amended by section 501, is further
36 amended—



1 (1) in the table of sections, by inserting after the item
2 relating to section 9813 the following new item:

“Sec. 9814. Standard relating to women’s health and cancer
rights.”;

3 and

4 (2) by inserting after section 9813 the following:

5 **“SEC. 9814. STANDARD RELATING TO WOMEN’S HEALTH**
6 **AND CANCER RIGHTS.**

7 “The provisions of section 713 of the Employee Retirement
8 Income Security Act of 1974 (as in effect as of the date
9 of the enactment of this section) shall apply to group health
10 plans as if included in this subchapter.”.

11 **Subtitle B—Health Care Coverage**
12 **Access Tax Incentives**

13 **SEC. 511. EXPANDED AVAILABILITY OF ARCHER MSAS.**

14 (a) EXTENSION OF PROGRAM.—Paragraphs (2) and
15 (3)(B) of section 220(i) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
16 (defining cut-off year) are each amended by striking “2002”
17 each place it appears and inserting “2004”.

18 (b) INCREASE IN NUMBER OF PERMITTED ACCOUNT PAR-
19 TICIPANTS.—

20 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (j) of section 220 of
21 such Code is amended by redesignating paragraphs (3),
22 (4), and (5) as paragraphs (4), (5), and (6) and by insert-
23 ing after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:

24 “(3) DETERMINATION OF WHETHER LIMIT EXCEEDED
25 FOR YEARS AFTER 2001.—

26 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The numerical limitation for
27 any year after 2001 is exceeded if the sum of—

28 “(i) the number of Archer MSA returns filed
29 on or before April 15 of such calendar year for tax-
30 able years ending with or within the preceding cal-
31 endar year, plus

32 “(ii) the Secretary’s estimate (determined on
33 the basis of the returns described in clause (i)) of
34 the number of Archer MSA returns for such tax-
35 able years which will be filed after such date, ex-



ceeds 1,000,000. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term ‘Archer MSA return’ means any return on which any exclusion is claimed under section 106(b) or any deduction is claimed under this section.

“(B) ALTERNATIVE COMPUTATION OF LIMITATION.—The numerical limitation for any year after 2001 is also exceeded if the sum of—

“(i) 90 percent of the sum determined under subparagraph (A) for such calendar year, plus

“(ii) the product of 2.5 and the number of medical savings accounts established during the portion of such year preceding July 1 (based on the reports required under paragraph (5)) for taxable years beginning in such year, exceeds 1,000,000”.

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

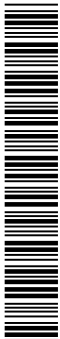
(A) Clause (ii) of section 220(j)(2)(B) of such Code is amended by striking “paragraph (4)” and inserting “paragraph (5)”.

(B) Subparagraph (A) of section 220(j)(4) of such Code is amended by striking “and 2001” and inserting “2001, 2002, and 2003”.

(c) INCREASE IN SIZE OF ELIGIBLE EMPLOYERS.—Subparagraph (A) of section 220(c)(4) of such Code is amended by striking “50 or fewer employees” and inserting “100 or fewer employees”.

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(e) GAO STUDY.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall prepare and submit a report to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate on the impact of Archer MSAs on the cost of conventional insurance (especially



1 in those areas where there are higher numbers of such ac-
2 counts) and on adverse selection and health care costs.

3 **SEC. 512. DEDUCTION FOR 100 PERCENT OF HEALTH IN-**
4 **SURANCE COSTS OF SELF-EMPLOYED INDIVIDUALS.**
5

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) of section 162(l) of the
7 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended to read as follows:

8 “(1) ALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTION.—In the case of an
9 individual who is an employee within the meaning of sec-
10 tion 401(c)(1), there shall be allowed as a deduction under
11 this section an amount equal to 100 percent of the amount
12 paid during the taxable year for insurance which con-
13 stitutes medical care for the taxpayer and the taxpayer’s
14 spouse and dependents.”.

15 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by this sec-
16 tion shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31,
17 2001.

18 **SEC. 513. CREDIT FOR HEALTH INSURANCE EXPENSES**
19 **OF SMALL BUSINESSES.**

20 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart D of part IV of subchapter A
21 of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating
22 to business-related credits) is amended by adding at the end
23 the following:

24 **“SEC. 45E. SMALL BUSINESS HEALTH INSURANCE EX-**
25 **PENSES.**

26 “(a) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of section 38, in the
27 case of a small employer, the health insurance credit deter-
28 mined under this section for the taxable year is an amount
29 equal to the applicable percentage of the expenses paid by the
30 taxpayer during the taxable year for health insurance coverage
31 for such year provided under a new health plan for employees
32 of such employer.

33 “(b) APPLICABLE PERCENTAGE.—For purposes of sub-
34 section (a), the applicable percentage is—

35 “(1) in the case of insurance purchased as a member
36 of a qualified health benefit purchasing coalition (as de-
37 fined in section 9841), 30 percent, and



1 “(2) in the case of insurance not described in para-
2 graph (1), 20 percent.

3 “(c) LIMITATIONS.—

4 “(1) PER EMPLOYEE DOLLAR LIMITATION.—The
5 amount of expenses taken into account under subsection
6 (a) with respect to any employee for any taxable year shall
7 not exceed—

8 “(A) \$2,000 in the case of self-only coverage, and

9 “(B) \$5,000 in the case of family coverage.

10 In the case of an employee who is covered by a new health
11 plan of the employer for only a portion of such taxable
12 year, the limitation under the preceding sentence shall be
13 an amount which bears the same ratio to such limitation
14 (determined without regard to this sentence) as such por-
15 tion bears to the entire taxable year.

16 “(2) PERIOD OF COVERAGE.—Expenses may be taken
17 into account under subsection (a) only with respect to cov-
18 erage for the 4-year period beginning on the date the em-
19 ployer establishes a new health plan.

20 “(d) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—

21 “(1) HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE.—The term
22 ‘health insurance coverage’ has the meaning given such
23 term by section 9832(b)(1).

24 “(2) NEW HEALTH PLAN.—

25 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘new health plan’
26 means any arrangement of the employer which provides
27 health insurance coverage to employees if—

28 “(i) such employer (and any predecessor em-
29 ployer) did not establish or maintain such arrange-
30 ment (or any similar arrangement) at any time
31 during the 2 taxable years ending prior to the tax-
32 able year in which the credit under this section is
33 first allowed, and

34 “(ii) such arrangement provides health insur-
35 ance coverage to at least 70 percent of the qualified
36 employees of such employer.

37 “(B) QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE.—



1 “(i) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘qualified em-
2 ployee’ means any employee of an employer if the
3 annual rate of such employee’s compensation (as
4 defined in section 414(s)) exceeds \$10,000.

5 “(ii) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN EMPLOYEES.—
6 The term ‘employee’ shall include a leased em-
7 ployee within the meaning of section 414(n).

8 “(3) SMALL EMPLOYER.—The term ‘small employer’
9 has the meaning given to such term by section
10 4980D(d)(2); except that only qualified employees shall be
11 taken into account.

12 “(e) SPECIAL RULES.—

13 “(1) CERTAIN RULES MADE APPLICABLE.—For pur-
14 poses of this section, rules similar to the rules of section
15 52 shall apply.

16 “(2) AMOUNTS PAID UNDER SALARY REDUCTION AR-
17 RANGEMENTS.—No amount paid or incurred pursuant to a
18 salary reduction arrangement shall be taken into account
19 under subsection (a).

20 “(f) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply to ex-
21 penses paid or incurred by an employer with respect to any ar-
22 rangement established on or after January 1, 2010.”.

23 (b) CREDIT TO BE PART OF GENERAL BUSINESS CRED-
24 IT.—Section 38(b) of such Code (relating to current year busi-
25 ness credit) is amended by striking “plus” at the end of para-
26 graph (12), by striking the period at the end of paragraph (13)
27 and inserting “, plus”, and by adding at the end the following:

28 “(14) in the case of a small employer (as defined in
29 section 45E(d)(3)), the health insurance credit determined
30 under section 45E(a).”.

31 (c) NO CARRYBACKS.—Subsection (d) of section 39 of
32 such Code (relating to carryback and carryforward of unused
33 credits) is amended by adding at the end the following:

34 “(10) NO CARRYBACK OF SECTION 45E CREDIT BE-
35 FORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the unused busi-
36 ness credit for any taxable year which is attributable to the
37 employee health insurance expenses credit determined



1 under section 45E may be carried back to a taxable year
2 ending before the date of the enactment of section 45E.”.

3 (d) DENIAL OF DOUBLE BENEFIT.—Section 280C of such
4 Code is amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
5 section:

6 “(d) CREDIT FOR SMALL BUSINESS HEALTH INSURANCE
7 EXPENSES.—

8 “(1) IN GENERAL.—No deduction shall be allowed for
9 that portion of the expenses (otherwise allowable as a de-
10 duction) taken into account in determining the credit under
11 section 45E for the taxable year which is equal to the
12 amount of the credit determined for such taxable year
13 under section 45E(a).

14 “(2) CONTROLLED GROUPS.—Persons treated as a
15 single employer under subsection (a) or (b) of section 52
16 shall be treated as 1 person for purposes of this section.”.

17 (e) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for
18 subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of such
19 Code is amended by adding at the end the following:

“Sec. 45E. Small business health insurance expenses.”.

20 (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this
21 section shall apply to amounts paid or incurred in taxable years
22 beginning after December 31, 2001, for arrangements estab-
23 lished after the date of the enactment of this Act.

24 **SEC. 514. CERTAIN GRANTS BY PRIVATE FOUNDATIONS**
25 **TO QUALIFIED HEALTH BENEFIT PUR-**
26 **CHASING COALITIONS.**

27 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 4942 of the Internal Revenue
28 Code of 1986 (relating to taxes on failure to distribute income)
29 is amended by adding at the end the following:

30 “(k) CERTAIN QUALIFIED HEALTH BENEFIT PUR-
31 CHASING COALITION DISTRIBUTIONS.—

32 “(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection (g),
33 sections 170, 501, 507, 509, and 2522, and this chapter,
34 a qualified health benefit purchasing coalition distribution



1 by a private foundation shall be considered to be a distribu-
2 tion for a charitable purpose.

3 “(2) QUALIFIED HEALTH BENEFIT PURCHASING COA-
4 LITION DISTRIBUTION.—For purposes of paragraph (1)—

5 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘qualified health
6 benefit purchasing coalition distribution’ means any
7 amount paid or incurred by a private foundation to or
8 on behalf of a qualified health benefit purchasing coali-
9 tion (as defined in section 9841) for purposes of pay-
10 ment or reimbursement of amounts paid or incurred in
11 connection with the establishment and maintenance of
12 such coalition.

13 “(B) EXCLUSIONS.—Such term shall not include
14 any amount used by a qualified health benefit pur-
15 chasing coalition (as so defined)—

16 “(i) for the purchase of real property,

17 “(ii) as payment to, or for the benefit of,
18 members (or employees or affiliates of such mem-
19 bers) of such coalition, or

20 “(iii) for any expense paid or incurred more
21 than 48 months after the date of establishment of
22 such coalition.

23 “(3) TERMINATION.—This subsection shall not
24 apply—

25 “(A) to qualified health benefit purchasing coali-
26 tion distributions paid or incurred after December 31,
27 2009, and

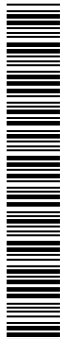
28 “(B) with respect to start-up costs of a coalition
29 which are paid or incurred after December 31, 2010.”.

30 (b) QUALIFIED HEALTH BENEFIT PURCHASING COALI-
31 TION.—

32 (1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 100 of such Code (relating
33 to group health plan requirements) is amended by adding
34 at the end the following new subchapter:

35 **“Subchapter D—Qualified Health Benefit**
36 **Purchasing Coalition**

“Sec. 9841. Qualified health benefit purchasing coalition.



1 **“SEC. 9841. QUALIFIED HEALTH BENEFIT PURCHASING**
2 **COALITION.**

3 “(a) IN GENERAL.—A qualified health benefit purchasing
4 coalition is a private not-for-profit corporation which—

5 “(1) sells health insurance through State licensed
6 health insurance issuers in the State in which the employ-
7 ers to which such coalition is providing insurance are lo-
8 cated, and

9 “(2) establishes to the Secretary, under State certifi-
10 cation procedures or other procedures as the Secretary may
11 provide by regulation, that such coalition meets the require-
12 ments of this section.

13 “(b) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—

14 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Each purchasing coalition under
15 this section shall be governed by a Board of Directors.

16 “(2) ELECTION.—The Secretary shall establish proce-
17 dures governing election of such Board.

18 “(3) MEMBERSHIP.—The Board of Directors shall—

19 “(A) be composed of representatives of the mem-
20 bers of the coalition, in equal number, including small
21 employers and employee representatives of such em-
22 ployers, but

23 “(B) not include other interested parties, such as
24 service providers, health insurers, or insurance agents
25 or brokers which may have a conflict of interest with
26 the purposes of the coalition.

27 “(c) MEMBERSHIP OF COALITION.—

28 “(1) IN GENERAL.—A purchasing coalition shall ac-
29 cept all small employers residing within the area served by
30 the coalition as members if such employers request such
31 membership.

32 “(2) OTHER MEMBERS.—The coalition, at the discre-
33 tion of its Board of Directors, may be open to individuals
34 and large employers.

35 “(3) VOTING.—Members of a purchasing coalition
36 shall have voting rights consistent with the rules estab-
37 lished by the State.



1 “(d) DUTIES OF PURCHASING COALITIONS.—Each pur-
2 chasing coalition shall—

3 “(1) enter into agreements with small employers (and,
4 at the discretion of its Board, with individuals and other
5 employers) to provide health insurance benefits to employ-
6 ees and retirees of such employers,

7 “(2) where feasible, enter into agreements with 3 or
8 more unaffiliated, qualified licensed health plans, to offer
9 benefits to members,

10 “(3) offer to members at least 1 open enrollment pe-
11 riod of at least 30 days per calendar year,

12 “(4) serve a significant geographical area and market
13 to all eligible members in that area, and

14 “(5) carry out other functions provided for under this
15 section.

16 “(e) LIMITATION ON ACTIVITIES.—A purchasing coalition
17 shall not—

18 “(1) perform any activity (including certification or
19 enforcement) relating to compliance or licensing of health
20 plans,

21 “(2) assume insurance or financial risk in relation to
22 any health plan, or

23 “(3) perform other activities identified by the State as
24 being inconsistent with the performance of its duties under
25 this section.

26 “(f) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PURCHASING COA-
27 LITIONS.—As provided by the Secretary in regulations, a pur-
28 chasing coalition shall be subject to requirements similar to the
29 requirements of a group health plan under this chapter.

30 “(g) RELATION TO OTHER LAWS.—

31 “(1) PREEMPTION OF STATE FICTITIOUS GROUP
32 LAWS.—Requirements (commonly referred to as fictitious
33 group laws) relating to grouping and similar requirements
34 for health insurance coverage are preempted to the extent
35 such requirements impede the establishment and operation
36 of qualified health benefit purchasing coalitions.



1 “(2) ALLOWING SAVINGS TO BE PASSED THROUGH.—
2 Any State law that prohibits health insurance issuers from
3 reducing premiums on health insurance coverage sold
4 through a qualified health benefit purchasing coalition to
5 reflect administrative savings is preempted. This paragraph
6 shall not be construed to preempt State laws that impose
7 restrictions on premiums based on health status, claims
8 history, industry, age, gender, or other underwriting fac-
9 tors.

10 “(3) NO WAIVER OF HIPAA REQUIREMENTS.—Nothing
11 in this section shall be construed to change the obligation
12 of health insurance issuers to comply with the requirements
13 of title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act with re-
14 spect to health insurance coverage offered to small employ-
15 ers in the small group market through a qualified health
16 benefit purchasing coalition.

17 “(h) DEFINITION OF SMALL EMPLOYER.—For purposes of
18 this section—

19 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘small employer’ means,
20 with respect to any calendar year, any employer if such em-
21 ployer employed an average of at least 2 and not more than
22 50 qualified employees on business days during either of
23 the 2 preceding calendar years. For purposes of the pre-
24 ceding sentence, a preceding calendar year may be taken
25 into account only if the employer was in existence through-
26 out such year.

27 “(2) EMPLOYERS NOT IN EXISTENCE IN PRECEDING
28 YEAR.—In the case of an employer which was not in exist-
29 ence throughout the 1st preceding calendar year, the deter-
30 mination under paragraph (1) shall be based on the aver-
31 age number of qualified employees that it is reasonably ex-
32 pected such employer will employ on business days in the
33 current calendar year.”.

34 “(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sub-
35 chapters for chapter 100 of such Code is amended by add-
36 ing at the end the following item:



“Subchapter D. Qualified health benefit purchasing coalition.”.

1 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by sub-
2 section (a) shall apply to taxable years beginning after Decem-
3 ber 31, 2001.

4 **SEC. 515. STATE GRANT PROGRAM FOR MARKET INNO-**
5 **VATION.**

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and Human
7 Services (in this section referred to as the “Secretary”) shall
8 establish a program (in this section referred to as the “pro-
9 gram”) to award demonstration grants under this section to
10 States to allow States to demonstrate the effectiveness of inno-
11 vative ways to increase access to health insurance through mar-
12 ket reforms and other innovative means. Such innovative means
13 may include (and are not limited to) any of the following:

14 (1) Alternative group purchasing or pooling arrange-
15 ments, such as a purchasing cooperatives for small busi-
16 nesses, reinsurance pools, or high risk pools.

17 (2) Individual or small group market reforms.

18 (3) Consumer education and outreach.

19 (4) Subsidies to individuals, employers, or both, in ob-
20 taining health insurance.

21 (b) SCOPE; DURATION.—The program shall be limited to
22 not more than 10 States and to a total period of 5 years, be-
23 ginning on the date the first demonstration grant is made.

24 (c) CONDITIONS FOR DEMONSTRATION GRANTS.—

25 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may not provide for
26 a demonstration grant to a State under the program unless
27 the Secretary finds that under the proposed demonstration
28 grant—

29 (A) the State will provide for demonstrated in-
30 crease of access for some portion of the existing unin-
31 sured population through a market innovation (other
32 than merely through a financial expansion of a pro-
33 gram initiated before the date of the enactment of this
34 Act);



1 (B) the State will comply with applicable Federal
2 laws;

3 (C) the State will not discriminate among partici-
4 pants on the basis of any health status-related factor
5 (as defined in section 2791(d)(9) of the Public Health
6 Service Act), except to the extent a State wishes to
7 focus on populations that otherwise would not obtain
8 health insurance because of such factors; and

9 (D) the State will provide for such evaluation, in
10 coordination with the evaluation required under sub-
11 section (d), as the Secretary may specify.

12 (2) APPLICATION.—The Secretary shall not provide a
13 demonstration grant under the program to a State
14 unless—

15 (A) the State submits to the Secretary such an ap-
16 plication, in such a form and manner, as the Secretary
17 specifies;

18 (B) the application includes information regarding
19 how the demonstration grant will address issues such
20 as governance, targeted population, expected cost, and
21 the continuation after the completion of the demonstra-
22 tion grant period; and

23 (C) the Secretary determines that the demonstra-
24 tion grant will be used consistent with this section.

25 (3) FOCUS.—A demonstration grant proposal under
26 section need not cover all uninsured individuals in a State
27 or all health care benefits with respect to such individuals.

28 (d) EVALUATION.—The Secretary shall enter into a con-
29 tract with an appropriate entity outside the Department of
30 Health and Human Services to conduct an overall evaluation
31 of the program at the end of the program period. Such evalua-
32 tion shall include an analysis of improvements in access, costs,
33 quality of care, or choice of coverage, under different dem-
34 onstration grants.

35 (e) OPTION TO PROVIDE FOR INITIAL PLANNING
36 GRANTS.—Notwithstanding the previous provisions of this sec-
37 tion, under the program the Secretary may provide for a por-



1 tion of the amounts appropriated under subsection (f) (not to
2 exceed \$5,000,000) to be made available to any State for initial
3 planning grants to permit States to develop demonstration
4 grant proposals under the previous provisions of this section.

5 (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are au-
6 thorized to be appropriated \$100,000,000 for each fiscal year
7 to carry out this section. Amounts appropriated under this sub-
8 section shall remain available until expended.

9 (g) STATE DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, the
10 term “State” has the meaning given such term for purposes of
11 title XIX of the Social Security Act.

12 **TITLE VI—EFFECTIVE DATES; CO-** 13 **ORDINATION IN IMPLEMENTA-** 14 **TION**

15 **SEC. 601. EFFECTIVE DATES.**

16 (a) GROUP HEALTH COVERAGE.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2) and sub-
18 section (d), the amendments made by sections 201(a), 401,
19 403, 501, and 502 (and title I insofar as it relates to such
20 sections) shall apply with respect to group health plans,
21 and health insurance coverage offered in connection with
22 group health plans, for plan years beginning on or after
23 October 1, 2002 (in this section referred to as the “general
24 effective date”).

25 (2) TREATMENT OF COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREE-
26 MENTS.—In the case of a group health plan maintained
27 pursuant to one or more collective bargaining agreements
28 between employee representatives and one or more employ-
29 ers ratified before the date of the enactment of this Act,
30 the amendments made by sections 201(a), 401, 403, 501,
31 and 502 (and title I insofar as it relates to such sections)
32 shall not apply to plan years beginning before the later
33 of—

34 (A) the date on which the last collective bar-
35 gaining agreements relating to the plan terminates (ex-



1 cluding any extension thereof agreed to after the date
2 of the enactment of this Act); or

3 (B) the general effective date;
4 but shall apply not later than 1 year after the general ef-
5 fective date. For purposes of subparagraph (A), any plan
6 amendment made pursuant to a collective bargaining agree-
7 ment relating to the plan which amends the plan solely to
8 conform to any requirement added by this Act shall not be
9 treated as a termination of such collective bargaining
10 agreement.

11 (b) INDIVIDUAL HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE.—Sub-
12 ject to subsection (d), the amendments made by section 202
13 shall apply with respect to individual health insurance coverage
14 offered, sold, issued, renewed, in effect, or operated in the indi-
15 vidual market on or after the general effective date.

16 (c) TREATMENT OF RELIGIOUS NONMEDICAL PRO-
17 VIDERS.—

18 (1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act (or the amend-
19 ments made thereby) shall be construed to—

20 (A) restrict or limit the right of group health
21 plans, and of health insurance issuers offering health
22 insurance coverage, to include as providers religious
23 nonmedical providers;

24 (B) require such plans or issuers to—

25 (i) utilize medically based eligibility standards
26 or criteria in deciding provider status of religious
27 nonmedical providers;

28 (ii) use medical professionals or criteria to de-
29 cide patient access to religious nonmedical pro-
30 viders;

31 (iii) utilize medical professionals or criteria in
32 making decisions in internal or external appeals re-
33 garding coverage for care by religious nonmedical
34 providers; or

35 (iv) compel a participant or beneficiary to un-
36 dergo a medical examination or test as a condition



1 of receiving health insurance coverage for treat-
2 ment by a religious nonmedical provider; or

3 (C) require such plans or issuers to exclude reli-
4 gious nonmedical providers because they do not provide
5 medical or other required data, if such data is incon-
6 sistent with the religious nonmedical treatment or nurs-
7 ing care provided by the provider.

8 (2) RELIGIOUS NONMEDICAL PROVIDER.—For pur-
9 poses of this subsection, the term “religious nonmedical
10 provider” means a provider who provides no medical care
11 but who provides only religious nonmedical treatment or re-
12 ligious nonmedical nursing care.

13 (d) TRANSITION FOR NOTICE REQUIREMENT.—The disclo-
14 sure of information required under section 121 of this Act shall
15 first be provided pursuant to—

16 (1) subsection (a) with respect to a group health plan
17 that is maintained as of the general effective date, not later
18 than 30 days before the beginning of the first plan year to
19 which title I applies in connection with the plan under such
20 subsection; or

21 (2) subsection (b) with respect to a individual health
22 insurance coverage that is in effect as of the general effec-
23 tive date, not later than 30 days before the first date as
24 of which title I applies to the coverage under such sub-
25 section.

26 **SEC. 602. COORDINATION IN IMPLEMENTATION.**

27 The Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Health and
28 Human Services shall ensure, through the execution of an
29 interagency memorandum of understanding among such Secre-
30 taries, that—

31 (1) regulations, rulings, and interpretations issued by
32 such Secretaries relating to the same matter over which
33 such Secretaries have responsibility under the provisions of
34 this Act (and the amendments made thereby) are adminis-
35 tered so as to have the same effect at all times; and

36 (2) coordination of policies relating to enforcing the
37 same requirements through such Secretaries in order to



1 have a coordinated enforcement strategy that avoids dupli-
2 cation of enforcement efforts and assigns priorities in en-
3 forcement.

4 **SEC. 603. SEVERABILITY.**

5 If any provision of this Act, an amendment made by this
6 Act, or the application of such provision or amendment to any
7 person or circumstance is held to be unconstitutional, the re-
8 mainder of this Act, the amendments made by this Act, and
9 the application of the provisions of such to any person or cir-
10 cumstance shall not be affected thereby.

11 **TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS**
12 **PROVISIONS**

13 **SEC. 701. NO IMPACT ON SOCIAL SECURITY TRUST**
14 **FUND.**

15 (a) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act (or an amendment
16 made by this Act) shall be construed to alter or amend the So-
17 cial Security Act (or any regulation promulgated under that
18 Act).

19 (b) TRANSFERS.—

20 (1) ESTIMATE OF SECRETARY.—The Secretary of the
21 Treasury shall annually estimate the impact that the enact-
22 ment of this Act has on the income and balances of the
23 trust funds established under section 201 of the Social Se-
24 curity Act (42 U.S.C. 401).

25 (2) TRANSFER OF FUNDS.—If, under paragraph (1),
26 the Secretary of the Treasury estimates that the enactment
27 of this Act has a negative impact on the income and bal-
28 ances of the trust funds established under section 201 of
29 the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401), the Secretary
30 shall transfer, not less frequently than quarterly, from the
31 general revenues of the Federal Government an amount
32 sufficient so as to ensure that the income and balances of
33 such trust funds are not reduced as a result of the enact-
34 ment of such Act.

35 **SEC. 702. CUSTOMS USER FEES.**

36 Section 13031(j)(3) of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget
37 Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c(j)(3)) is amended by



1 striking “2003” and inserting “2011, except that fees may not
2 be charged under paragraphs (9) and (10) of such subsection
3 after March 31, 2006”.

4 **SEC. 703. FISCAL YEAR 2002 MEDICARE PAYMENTS.**

5 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any letter of
6 credit under part B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act
7 (42 U.S.C. 1395j et seq.) that would otherwise be sent to the
8 Treasury or the Federal Reserve Board on September 30,
9 2002, by a carrier with a contract under section 1842 of that
10 Act (42 U.S.C. 1395u) shall be sent on October 1, 2002.

11 **SEC. 704. SENSE OF SENATE WITH RESPECT TO PARTICI-**
12 **PATION IN CLINICAL TRIALS AND ACCESS TO**
13 **SPECIALTY CARE.**

14 (a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds the following:

15 (1) Breast cancer is the most common form of cancer
16 among women, excluding skin cancers.

17 (2) During 2001, 182,800 new cases of female
18 invasive breast cancer will be diagnosed, and 40,800 women
19 will die from the disease.

20 (3) In addition, 1,400 male breast cancer cases are
21 projected to be diagnosed, and 400 men will die from the
22 disease.

23 (4) Breast cancer is the second leading cause of cancer
24 death among all women and the leading cause of cancer
25 death among women between ages 40 and 55.

26 (5) This year 8,600 children are expected to be diag-
27 nosed with cancer.

28 (6) 1,500 children are expected to die from cancer this
29 year.

30 (7) There are approximately 333,000 people diagnosed
31 with multiple sclerosis in the United States and 200 more
32 cases are diagnosed each week.

33 (8) Parkinson’s disease is a progressive disorder of the
34 central nervous system affecting 1,000,000 in the United
35 States.

36 (9) An estimated 198,100 men will be diagnosed with
37 prostate cancer this year.



1 (10) 31,500 men will die from prostate cancer this
2 year. It is the second leading cause of cancer in men.

3 (11) While information obtained from clinical trials is
4 essential to finding cures for diseases, it is still research
5 which carries the risk of fatal results. Future efforts should
6 be taken to protect the health and safety of adults and chil-
7 dren who enroll in clinical trials.

8 (12) While employers and health plans should be re-
9 sponsible for covering the routine costs associated with fed-
10 erally approved or funded clinical trials, such employers
11 and health plans should not be held legally responsible for
12 the design, implementation, or outcome of such clinical
13 trials, consistent with any applicable State or Federal li-
14 ability statutes.

15 (b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate
16 that—

17 (1) men and women battling life-threatening, deadly
18 diseases, including advanced breast or ovarian cancer,
19 should have the opportunity to participate in a federally ap-
20 proved or funded clinical trial recommended by their physi-
21 cian;

22 (2) an individual should have the opportunity to par-
23 ticipate in a federally approved or funded clinical trial rec-
24 ommended by their physician if—

25 (A) that individual—

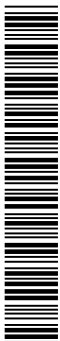
26 (i) has a life-threatening or serious illness for
27 which no standard treatment is effective;

28 (ii) is eligible to participate in a federally ap-
29 proved or funded clinical trial according to the trial
30 protocol with respect to treatment of the illness;

31 (B) that individual's participation in the trial of-
32 fers meaningful potential for significant clinical benefit
33 for the individual; and

34 (C) either—

35 (i) the referring physician is a participating
36 health care professional and has concluded that the
37 individual's participation in the trial would be ap-



1 appropriate, based upon the individual meeting the
2 conditions described in subparagraph (A); or

3 (ii) the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee
4 provides medical and scientific information estab-
5 lishing that the individual's participation in the
6 trial would be appropriate, based upon the indi-
7 vidual meeting the conditions described in subpara-
8 graph (A);

9 (3) a child with a life-threatening illness, including
10 cancer, should be allowed to participate in a federally ap-
11 proved or funded clinical trial if that participation meets
12 the requirements of paragraph (2);

13 (4) a child with a rare cancer should be allowed to go
14 to a cancer center capable of providing high quality care for
15 that disease; and

16 (5) a health maintenance organization's decision that
17 an in-network physician without the necessary expertise can
18 provide care for a seriously ill patient, including a woman
19 battling cancer, should be appealable to an independent,
20 impartial body, and that this same right should be available
21 to all Americans in need of access to high quality specialty
22 care.

23 **SEC. 705. SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING FAIR RE-**
24 **VIEW PROCESS.**

25 (a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds the following:

26 (1) A fair, timely, impartial independent external ap-
27 peals process is essential to any meaningful program of pa-
28 tient protection.

29 (2) The independence and objectivity of the review or-
30 ganization and review process must be ensured.

31 (3) It is incompatible with a fair and independent ap-
32 peals process to allow a health maintenance organization to
33 select the review organization that is entrusted with pro-
34 viding a neutral and unbiased medical review.

35 (4) The American Arbitration Association and arbitra-
36 tion standards adopted under chapter 44 of title 28, United
37 States Code (28 U.S.C. 651 et seq.) both prohibit, as in-



1 herently unfair, the right of one party to a dispute to
2 choose the judge in that dispute.

3 (b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate
4 that—

5 (1) every patient who is denied care by a health main-
6 tenance organization or other health insurance company
7 should be entitled to a fair, speedy, impartial appeal to a
8 review organization that has not been selected by the health
9 plan;

10 (2) the States should be empowered to maintain and
11 develop the appropriate process for selection of the inde-
12 pendent external review entity;

13 (3) a child battling a rare cancer whose health mainte-
14 nance organization has denied a covered treatment rec-
15 ommended by its physician should be entitled to a fair and
16 impartial external appeal to a review organization that has
17 not been chosen by the organization or plan that has de-
18 nied the care; and

19 (4) patient protection legislation should not pre-empt
20 existing State laws in States where there already are strong
21 laws in place regarding the selection of independent review
22 organizations.

23 **SEC. 706. ANNUAL REVIEW.**

24 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 24 months after the
25 general effective date referred to in section 601(a)(1), and an-
26 nually thereafter for each of the succeeding 4 calendar years
27 (or until a repeal is effective under subsection (b)), the Sec-
28 retary of Health and Human Services shall request that the In-
29 stitute of Medicine of the National Academy of Sciences pre-
30 pare and submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a
31 report concerning the impact of this Act, and the amendments
32 made by this Act, on the number of individuals in the United
33 States with health insurance coverage.

34 (b) LIMITATION WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN PLANS.—If
35 the Secretary, in any report submitted under subsection (a),
36 determines that more than 1,000,000 individuals in the United
37 States have lost their health insurance coverage as a result of



1 the enactment of this Act, as compared to the number of indi-
2 viduals with health insurance coverage in the 12-month period
3 preceding the date of enactment of this Act, section 402 of this
4 Act shall be repealed effective on the date that is 12 month
5 after the date on which the report is submitted, and the sub-
6 mission of any further reports under subsection (a) shall not
7 be required.

8 (c) FUNDING.—From funds appropriated to the Depart-
9 ment of Health and Human Services for fiscal years 2003 and
10 2004, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall pro-
11 vide for such funding as the Secretary determines necessary for
12 the conduct of the study of the National Academy of Sciences
13 under this section.

14 **SEC. 707. DEFINITION OF BORN-ALIVE INFANT.**

15 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 1 of title 1, United States
16 Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

17 **“§ 8. ‘Person’, ‘human being’, ‘child’, and ‘indi-
18 vidual’ as including born-alive infant**

19 “(a) In determining the meaning of any Act of Congress,
20 or of any ruling, regulation, or interpretation of the various ad-
21 ministrative bureaus and agencies of the United States, the
22 words ‘person’, ‘human being’, ‘child’, and ‘individual’, shall in-
23 clude every infant member of the species homo sapiens who is
24 born alive at any stage of development.

25 “(b) As used in this section, the term ‘born alive’, with re-
26 spect to a member of the species homo sapiens, means the com-
27 plete expulsion or extraction from his or her mother of that
28 member, at any stage of development, who after such expulsion
29 or extraction breathes or has a beating heart, pulsation of the
30 umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles, re-
31 gardless of whether the umbilical cord has been cut, and re-
32 gardless of whether the expulsion or extraction occurs as a re-
33 sult of natural or induced labor, caesarean section, or induced
34 abortion.

35 “(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affirm,
36 deny, expand, or contract any legal status or legal right appli-



1 cable to any member of the species homo sapiens at any point
2 prior to being born alive as defined in this section.”.

3 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the
4 beginning of chapter 1 of title 1, United States Code, is amend-
5 ed by adding at the end the following new item:

“8. ‘Person’, ‘human being’, ‘child’, and ‘individual’ as including born-alive
infant.”.

